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# Annual Report and Accounts 2015

## Group Consolidated and Company Financial Statements 2015

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## Statement of Directors' Responsibilities for the year ended 31 July 2015

Company law requires the directors prepare Group consolidated and Company financial statements for each financial year. The directors are required to prepare the Group consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ('IFRS') and the requirements of Swiss law and to prepare the Company financial statements in accordance with Swiss law and the Company's Articles of Association.

This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining an internal control system relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the Group consolidated and Company financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing each of the Group consolidated and Company financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis, unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group and the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper books of account that present, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the Group and Company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with IFRS, the requirements of Swiss law and the Company's Articles of Association.

They are also responsible for taking such steps as are reasonably available to them to safeguard the assets of the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Group's website.

On behalf of the Board



**Denis Lucey**  
Chairman, Board of Directors



**Owen Killian**  
CEO, Member of the Board  
of Directors

23 September 2015

## Group Consolidated Income Statement for the year ended 31 July 2015

in EUR '000	Notes	2015	Represented 2014
<b>Continuing Operations</b>			
Revenue	1	3,820,231	3,393,783
Cost of sales		(2,709,763)	(2,368,378)
Distribution expenses		(407,658)	(377,856)
<b>Gross profit</b>		<b>702,810</b>	647,549
Selling expenses		(167,646)	(143,147)
Administration expenses		(469,171)	(312,581)
<b>Operating profit</b>		<b>65,993</b>	191,821
Share of loss after tax of joint ventures	15	(1,520)	–
<b>Profit before financing income, financing costs and income tax expense</b>	1	<b>64,473</b>	191,821
Financing income	4	2,137	2,762
Financing costs	4	(85,527)	(65,366)
<b>(Loss)/profit before income tax</b>		<b>(18,917)</b>	129,217
Income tax credit/(expense)	9	18,950	(33,165)
<b>Profit for the year from continuing operations</b>		<b>33</b>	96,052
<b>Discontinued operations</b>			
Profit for the year from discontinued operations	2	532,246	63,487
<b>Profit for the year</b>		<b>532,279</b>	159,539
Attributable as follows:			
Equity shareholders – continuing operations		(4,636)	92,252
Equity shareholders – discontinued operations		529,396	43,261
Equity shareholders – total		524,760	135,513
Non-controlling interests – continuing operations		4,669	3,800
Non-controlling interests – discontinued operations		2,850	20,226
Non-controlling interests – total	27	7,519	24,026
<b>Profit for the year</b>		<b>532,279</b>	159,539
<b>Basic earnings per share</b>			
	Notes	2015 euro cent	2014 euro cent
From continuing operations	11	(39.8)	71.1
From discontinued operations	11	597.1	49.1
		557.3	120.2
<b>Diluted earnings per share</b>			
	Notes	2015 euro cent	2014 euro cent
From continuing operations	11	(39.8)	70.1
From discontinued operations	11	597.1	48.2
		557.3	118.3

In accordance with IFRS 5, the figures for the year ended 31 July 2014 have been represented to reflect the impacts of discontinued operations together as a single amount, separate from the impacts of continuing operations. For further information see note 2 and the Group Statement of Accounting Policies.

The notes on pages 74 to 145 are an integral part of these Group consolidated financial statements.

## Group Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31 July 2015

in EUR '000	Notes	2015	Represented 2014
<b>Profit for the year</b>		<b>532,279</b>	159,539
<b>Other comprehensive income</b>			
<b>Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:</b>			
Foreign exchange translation effects			
– Foreign currency net investments		370,741	(5,037)
– Foreign currency borrowings	21	(359,872)	(19,241)
– Recycle of foreign exchange gain on settlement of quasi-equity loans	4	–	(1,488)
– Taxation effect of foreign exchange translation movements	9	5,265	(916)
– Foreign exchange translation effects related to discontinued operations		9,286	8,030
Cash flow hedges			
– Effective portion of changes in fair value of cash flow hedges		(12,391)	(3,160)
– Fair value of cash flow hedges transferred to income statement		4,936	(1,554)
– Deferred tax effect of cash flow hedges	9	599	466
– Cash flow hedges gain related to discontinued operations, net of tax		3,352	1,064
<b>Total of items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss</b>		<b>21,916</b>	(21,836)
<b>Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:</b>			
Defined benefit plans			
– Actuarial (loss)/gain on Group defined benefit pension plans	25	(6,882)	193
– Deferred tax effect of actuarial loss/(gain)	9	1,216	(2)
– Discontinued operations (loss)/gain on defined benefit plans, net of tax		(17,789)	137
Deferred tax effect of change in tax rates	9	–	(1,415)
<b>Total of items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss</b>		<b>(23,455)</b>	(1,087)
<b>Total other comprehensive loss</b>		<b>(1,539)</b>	(22,923)
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>		<b>530,740</b>	136,616
Attributable as follows:			
Equity shareholders of the Company		522,888	109,440
Non-controlling interests	27	7,852	27,176
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>		<b>530,740</b>	136,616

In accordance with IFRS 5, the figures for the year ended 31 July 2014 have been represented to reflect the impacts of discontinued operations together as a single amount, separate from the impacts of continuing operations. For further information see note 2 and the Group Statement of Accounting Policies.

The notes on pages 74 to 145 are an integral part of these Group consolidated financial statements.

## Group Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 July 2015

in EUR '000	Notes	2015	2014
<b>Assets</b>			
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Property, plant and equipment	12	1,543,263	1,374,010
Investment properties	13	25,916	30,716
Goodwill and intangible assets	14	3,797,269	3,690,597
Investments in associates and joint ventures	15	32,067	54,911
Other receivables	17	28,644	42,586
Deferred income tax assets	24	105,579	72,748
Derivative financial instruments	22	–	342
<b>Total non-current assets</b>		<b>5,532,738</b>	<b>5,265,910</b>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Inventory	16	259,855	362,469
Trade and other receivables	17	264,036	614,326
Derivative financial instruments	22	653	1,077
Cash and cash equivalents	20	316,867	694,838
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b>841,411</b>	<b>1,672,710</b>
Associate held-for-sale	2	270,870	–
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>6,645,019</b>	<b>6,938,620</b>

The notes on pages 74 to 145 are an integral part of these Group consolidated financial statements.

## Group Consolidated Balance Sheet (continued) as at 31 July 2015

in EUR '000	Notes	2015	2014
<b>Equity</b>			
Called up share capital	26	1,172	1,172
Share premium		774,040	773,735
Retained earnings and other reserves		2,428,295	1,928,798
<b>Total equity attributable to equity shareholders</b>		<b>3,203,507</b>	<b>2,703,705</b>
Non-controlling interests	27	18,436	87,752
<b>Total equity</b>		<b>3,221,943</b>	<b>2,791,457</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>			
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>			
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	21	1,937,176	1,898,435
Employee benefits	25	15,274	12,451
Deferred income from government grants	23	16,998	21,261
Other payables	18	51,917	73,742
Deferred income tax liabilities	24	447,118	434,186
Derivative financial instruments	22	5,401	3,445
Contingent consideration	19	–	7,100
<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>		<b>2,473,884</b>	<b>2,450,620</b>
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	21	104,794	450,394
Trade and other payables	18	742,560	1,174,189
Income tax payable		45,813	60,152
Derivative financial instruments	22	7,365	3,654
Contingent consideration	19	48,660	8,154
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<b>949,192</b>	<b>1,696,543</b>
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<b>3,423,076</b>	<b>4,147,163</b>
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>		<b>6,645,019</b>	<b>6,938,620</b>

The notes on pages 74 to 145 are an integral part of these Group consolidated financial statements.

## Group Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

for the year ended 31 July 2015

31 July 2015 in EUR '000	Share capital	Share premium	Treasury shares	Other equity reserve	Cash flow hedge reserve	Revalua- tion reserve	Share- based payment reserve	Foreign currency trans- lation reserve	Retained earnings	Total share- holders equity	Non controlling interests	Total
<b>At 1 August 2014</b>	1,172	773,735	(55)	604,446	(3,616)	13,322	19,454	(29,045)	1,324,292	2,703,705	87,752	2,791,457
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	524,760	524,760	7,519	532,279
Other comprehensive (loss)/income	-	-	-	-	(4,571)	-	-	20,487	(17,788)	(1,872)	333	(1,539)
<b>Total comprehensive (loss)/income</b>	-	-	-	-	(4,571)	-	-	20,487	506,972	522,888	7,852	530,740
Issue of perpetual callable subordinated instruments	-	-	-	401,014	-	-	-	-	-	401,014	-	401,014
Redemption of perpetual callable subordinated instrument	-	-	-	(285,004)	-	-	-	-	(46,676)	(331,680)	-	(331,680)
Release of treasury shares due to exercise of LTIP	-	305	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	313	-	313
Share-based payments	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,705	-	-	1,705	-	1,705
Transfer of share-based payment reserve to retained earnings	-	-	-	-	-	-	(19,919)	-	19,919	-	-	-
Equity dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(65,034)	(65,034)	-	(65,034)
Dividends to non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(12,307)	(12,307)
Dividend accrued on perpetual callable subordinated instrument	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(30,673)	(30,673)	-	(30,673)
<b>Total contributions by and distributions to owners</b>	-	305	8	116,010	-	-	(18,214)	-	(122,464)	(24,355)	(12,307)	(36,662)
Disposal of Origin	-	-	-	-	(2,077)	(13,322)	(1,240)	3,405	14,562	1,328	(64,727)	(63,399)
Acquisition of non- controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(59)	(59)	(134)	(193)
<b>Total transactions with owners recognised directly in equity</b>	-	305	8	116,010	(2,077)	(13,322)	(19,454)	3,405	(107,961)	(23,086)	(77,168)	(100,254)
<b>At 31 July 2015</b>	1,172	774,040	(47)	720,456	(10,264)	-	-	(5,153)	1,723,303	3,203,507	18,436	3,221,943

The notes on pages 74 to 145 are an integral part of these Group consolidated financial statements.

## Group Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity (continued) for the year ended 31 July 2015

31 July 2014 in EUR '000	Share capital	Share premium	Treasury shares	Other equity reserve	Cash flow hedge reserve	Revalua- tion reserve	Share- based payment reserve	Foreign currency trans- lation reserve	Retained earnings	Total share- holders equity	Non controlling interests	Total
<b>At 1 August 2013</b>	1,172	773,735	(56)	604,446	(106)	13,380	8,862	(7,726)	1,269,312	2,663,019	97,610	2,760,629
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	135,513	135,513	24,026	159,539
Other comprehensive (loss)/income	-	-	-	-	(3,523)	-	-	(21,419)	(1,131)	(26,073)	3,150	(22,923)
<b>Total comprehensive (loss)/income</b>	-	-	-	-	(3,523)	-	-	(21,419)	134,382	109,440	27,176	136,616
Release of treasury shares due to exercise of LTIP	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Share-based payments	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,597	-	-	10,597	243	10,840
Equity dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(47,898)	(47,898)	-	(47,898)
Dividends to non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(10,751)	(10,751)
Dividend accrued on perpetual callable subordinated instrument	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(29,548)	(29,548)	-	(29,548)
<b>Total contributions by and distributions to owners</b>	-	-	1	-	-	-	10,597	-	(77,446)	(66,848)	(10,508)	(77,356)
Origin tender offer share buyback and dilution	-	-	-	-	13	(58)	(5)	100	(1,956)	(1,906)	(26,526)	(28,432)
<b>Total transactions with owners recognised directly in equity</b>	-	-	1	-	13	(58)	10,592	100	(79,402)	(68,754)	(37,034)	(105,788)
<b>At 31 July 2014</b>	1,172	773,735	(55)	604,446	(3,616)	13,322	19,454	(29,045)	1,324,292	2,703,705	87,752	2,791,457

The notes on pages 74 to 145 are an integral part of these Group consolidated financial statements.



## Group Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 July 2015

in EUR '000	Notes	2015	Represented 2014
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>			
Profit for the year from continuing operations		33	96,052
Income tax (credit)/expense	9	(18,950)	33,165
Financing income	4	(2,137)	(2,762)
Financing costs	4	85,527	65,366
Share of loss after tax of joint ventures	15	1,520	–
Net loss on disposal of businesses	3	45,685	–
Asset write-downs	3	146,289	87,357
Other restructuring-related payments in excess of current-year costs		(14,650)	(23,456)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	1	114,519	94,216
Amortisation of intangible assets	1	177,809	132,425
Recognition of deferred income from government grants	23	(4,107)	(4,249)
Share-based payments	8	1,705	8,253
Other		(2,437)	(5,695)
<b>Cash flows from operating activities before changes in working capital</b>		<b>530,806</b>	<b>480,672</b>
Increase in inventory		(25,627)	(38,105)
Decrease in trade and other receivables		67,594	29,765
(Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables		(1,209)	54,936
<b>Cash generated from operating activities</b>		<b>571,564</b>	<b>527,268</b>
Interest paid		(88,831)	(61,392)
Interest received		1,666	1,274
Income tax paid		(30,782)	(43,257)
<b>Net cash flows from operating activities – continuing operations</b>		<b>453,617</b>	<b>423,893</b>
Net cash flows from operating activities – discontinued operations	2	(171,068)	75,336
<b>Net cash flows from operating activities</b>		<b>282,549</b>	<b>499,229</b>

In accordance with IFRS 5, the figures for the year ended 31 July 2014 have been represented to reflect the impacts of discontinued operations together as a single amount, separate from the impacts of continuing operations. For further information see note 2 and the Group Statement of Accounting Policies.

The notes on pages 74 to 145 are an integral part of these Group consolidated financial statements.

## Group Consolidated Cash Flow Statement (continued) for the year ended 31 July 2015

in EUR '000	Notes	2015	Represented 2014
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		1,120	4,522
Purchase of property, plant and equipment			
– maintenance capital expenditure		(80,725)	(59,970)
– investment capital expenditure		(269,290)	(174,271)
Grants received	23	193	214
Acquisitions of subsidiaries and businesses, net of cash acquired	29	(148,530)	(862,792)
Proceeds from disposal of Origin, net of cash disposed	2	372,975	–
Disposal of subsidiaries and business, net of cash disposed		22,642	–
Purchase of intangible assets		(60,122)	(102,572)
Contingent consideration paid	19	(9,240)	(4,190)
Investing cash flows from discontinued operations	2	(4,224)	68,165
<b>Net cash flows from investing activities</b>		<b>(175,201)</b>	<b>(1,130,894)</b>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>			
Issue of perpetual callable subordinated instrument	26	401,014	–
Repayment of perpetual callable subordinated instrument	26	(331,680)	–
Gross drawdown of loan capital	21	–	915,004
Gross repayment of loan capital	21	(337,668)	(110,636)
Capital element of finance lease liabilities	21	(60)	(680)
Dividends paid on perpetual callable subordinated instruments		(39,107)	(29,388)
Repurchase of non-controlling interests		(193)	–
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	27	(4,330)	(3,248)
Dividends paid to equity shareholders		(65,034)	(47,898)
Financing cash flows from discontinued operations	2	79,485	(50,216)
<b>Net cash flows from financing activities</b>		<b>(297,573)</b>	<b>672,938</b>
<b>Net increase in cash and cash equivalents</b>		<b>(190,225)</b>	<b>41,273</b>
Translation adjustment		(549)	5,058
Net cash and cash equivalents at start of year		438,807	392,476
<b>Net cash and cash equivalents at end of year</b>	20	<b>248,033</b>	<b>438,807</b>

In accordance with IFRS 5, the figures for the year ended 31 July 2014 have been represented to reflect the impacts of discontinued operations together as a single amount, separate from the impacts of continuing operations. For further information see note 2 and the Group Statement of Accounting Policies.

The notes on pages 74 to 145 are an integral part of these Group consolidated financial statements.

## Group Statement of Accounting Policies for the year ended 31 July 2015

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### Organisation

ARYZTA AG (the 'Company') is domiciled and incorporated in Zurich, Switzerland. The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2015 consolidate the individual financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the 'Group'), and show the Group's interest in associates and joint ventures using the equity method of accounting, except where those investments are held-for-sale.

The Group consolidated financial statements and the ARYZTA AG Company financial statements were preliminarily authorised for issue by the directors on 23 September 2015. Final approval of these financial statements was granted by the directors on 2 October 2015, subject to approval by the shareholders at the General Meeting on 8 December 2015.

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### Statement of compliance

The Group consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ('IFRS') and the requirements of Swiss law. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated.

In the preparation of these Group consolidated financial statements, the Group has applied all standards that were required for accounting periods beginning on or before 1 August 2014. The following standards and interpretations, issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ('IASB') and the IFRS Interpretations Committee, are effective for the first time in the current financial year and have been adopted by the Group:

- Amendment to IAS 19 – Employee Benefits – Defined benefit plans
- Amendment to IAS 32 – Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities
- Amendment to IAS 39 – Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting
- IFRIC 21 – Levies
- Improvements to IFRSs (2010–2013)

While the above standards and interpretations adopted by the Group modify certain presentation and disclosure requirements, these requirements are not significantly different than information presented as part of the 31 July 2014 year-end financial statements and have no material impact on the consolidated results or financial position of the Group.

## Group Statement of Accounting Policies (continued) for the year ended 31 July 2015

The following new standards and interpretations, issued by the IASB or the IFRS Interpretations Committee, have not yet become effective. The Group has not applied early adoption in relation to them.

<b>Standard / Interpretation</b>	<b>Effective date</b>	<b>Planned implementation by ARYZTA (reporting year to 31 July)</b>
IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments	1 January 2018	2019
IFRS 15 – Revenue from contracts with customers	1 January 2017	2018
Amendments to IFRS 11 – Accounting for acquisitions of interests in joint operations	1 January 2016	2017
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 – Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture	1 January 2016	2017
Amendments to IAS 1 – Disclosure initiative	1 January 2016	2017
Improvements to IFRSs (2012-2014)	1 January 2016	2017

The Group has undertaken an initial assessment of the potential impact of these new standards, amendments and improvements listed above, which become effective during the year ending 31 July 2016. Based on this initial assessment, the Group does not currently believe that the adoption of these standards, amendments and interpretations will have a significant impact on the consolidated results or financial position of the Group.

### Basis of preparation

The Group consolidated financial statements are prepared on a historical cost basis, except that assets held-for-sale, investment properties, derivative financial instruments and certain financial liabilities are stated at fair value through profit or loss or other comprehensive income.

The Group consolidated financial statements are presented in euro, rounded to the nearest thousand, unless otherwise stated.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions in the application of the Group's accounting policies. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised, if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. Further information on areas involving a higher degree of judgement and accounting estimates are set out in note 34.

## Group Statement of Accounting Policies (continued) for the year ended 31 July 2015

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### Income statement presentation

In accordance with IAS 1, the Group Consolidated Income Statement is presented by function of expense.

Management has also identified certain acquisition, disposal and restructuring-related costs and fair value adjustments within each functional area that do not relate to the underlying business of the Group. Due to the relative size or nature of these items, in order to enable comparability of the Group's underlying results from period to period, these items have been presented as separate components of operating profit within note 3 and have been excluded from the calculation of underlying fully diluted net profit in note 11.

Additionally, to enable a more comprehensive understanding of the Group's financial performance, the Group Consolidated Income Statement by nature of cost, through operating profit, is set out in note 5.

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### Reclassifications and adjustments

Following the reduction in the Group's ownership interest in Origin Enterprises plc ('Origin') from 68.1% to 29.0% in March 2015, and the classification of the remaining investment in Origin as an associate held-for-sale, the corresponding amounts included in the 31 July 2014 Group Consolidated Income Statement, Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income and Consolidated Cash Flow Statement related to Origin have been represented, in accordance with IFRS 5 "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations", and presented as a single Discontinued Operations amount within each of these respective statements and the related notes. Consistent with the guidance included in IFRS 5, no similar reclassifications or adjustments were made within the 31 July 2014 Group Consolidated Balance Sheet or Group Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity.

Certain other amounts in the 31 July 2014 Group consolidated financial statement notes have been reclassified or adjusted to conform to the 31 July 2015 presentation. These other reclassifications or adjustments were made for presentation purposes and have no effect on total revenues, expenses, profit for the year, total assets, total liabilities, equity or cash flow classifications as previously reported.

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### Basis of consolidation

The Group consolidated financial statements reflect the consolidation of the results, the assets and the liabilities of the parent undertaking, and all of its subsidiaries, together with the Group's share of the profits/losses of associates and joint ventures.

### Subsidiary undertakings

Subsidiary undertakings are those entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases. Where necessary, the accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

## Group Statement of Accounting Policies (continued) for the year ended 31 July 2015

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### Disposal of subsidiaries

When the group ceases to have control, any retained interest in the entity is re-measured to its fair value at the date when control is lost, with the change in carrying amount, plus proceeds received, recognised in profit or loss. The fair value of the retained interest is then utilised as the initial carrying amount for purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. Any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

### Associates

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence, but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting, with the Group's investment in associates including goodwill identified on acquisition.

Under the equity method, the investment in an associate is initially recognised at cost, and the carrying amount is increased or decreased thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the associate's profits or losses and movements in other comprehensive income after the date of acquisition.

The Group's share of post-acquisition profit or loss is recognised in the income statement, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income, with a corresponding adjustment to the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, which includes any interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred a legal or constructive obligation to do so.

Profits and losses resulting from upstream and downstream transactions between the Group and its associates are recognised in the Group's financial statements, only to the extent of the unrelated investor's interests in the associate. Unrealised losses are eliminated, unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred.

If the ownership interest in an associate is reduced, but significant influence is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss, where appropriate. Dilution gains and losses arising on investments in associates are recognised in the income statement.

The Group determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired. If this is the case, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying value and recognises the amount adjacent to share of profit after tax of associates in the income statement.

## Group Statement of Accounting Policies (continued) for the year ended 31 July 2015

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### Joint arrangements

The Group has applied IFRS 11 to all joint arrangements. Under IFRS 11, investments in joint arrangements are classified as either joint operations or joint ventures, depending on the contractual rights and obligations of each investor. The Group has assessed the nature of its joint arrangements and determined them all to be joint ventures. Joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method.

Under the equity method, interests in joint ventures are initially recognised at cost, and the carrying amount is increased or decreased thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the joint venture's profits or losses and movements in other comprehensive income after the date of acquisition. The Group's share of post-acquisition profit or loss is recognised in the income statement and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in a joint venture equals or exceeds its interest in the joint venture, which includes any interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred a legal or constructive obligation to do so.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interests in the joint ventures. Unrealised losses are also eliminated, unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred.

Where necessary, accounting policies of associates and joint ventures have been changed to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

### Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets are classified as assets held for sale or related to discontinuing operations when their carrying amount is to be recovered principally through a sale transaction and a sale is considered highly probable. They are stated at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

### Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and any unrealised gains and losses or income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated in preparing the Group consolidated financial statements. Unrealised gains and income and expenses arising from transactions with associates and joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the entity. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that they do not provide evidence of impairment.

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### Revenue recognition

Revenue represents the fair value of the sale of goods and services supplied to third parties, after deducting trade discounts and volume rebates, and is exclusive of value-added tax. Revenue is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer, when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. Financing income is recognised on an accruals basis, taking into consideration the sums lent and the actual interest rate applied.

## Group Statement of Accounting Policies (continued) for the year ended 31 July 2015

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### Segmental reporting

Management has determined the operating segments based on the reports regularly reviewed by the Group's Chief Operating Decision Maker (CEO) in making strategic decisions, allocating resources and assessing performance.

As reflected in those reports, the continuing operations of the Group are primarily organised into three operating segments, Food Europe, Food North America, Food Rest of World. The Group's principal geographies are Europe, North America and Rest of World.

Origin was consolidated up until the placing of 49 million shares in March 2015, which reduced ARYZTA's holding from 68.1% to 29.0%. Thereafter, Origin has been accounted for as an associate held-for-sale.

Food Europe has leading market positions in the European speciality bakery market. In Europe, ARYZTA has a mixture of business-to-business and consumer brands and a diversified customer base within the foodservice, large retail and convenience or independent retail channels.

Food North America has leading positions in the speciality bakery market in the United States and Canada. It has a mixture of business-to-business and consumer brands and a diversified customer base within the QSR, large retail and other foodservice channels.

Food Rest of World consists of businesses in Australia, Asia, New Zealand and South America, primarily partnering with international QSR and other foodservice customers.

Segment assets and liabilities consist of property, plant and equipment, goodwill and intangible assets and other assets and liabilities that can be reasonably allocated to the reported segment. Unallocated assets and liabilities principally include current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities, together with financial assets and liabilities and associate held-for-sale. Net finance costs and income tax are managed on a centralised basis. Therefore, these items are not allocated between operating segments for the purpose of presenting information to the Chief Operating Decision Maker.

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### Employee benefits

#### Pension obligations

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution pension plans are recognised as an expense in the income statement as the related employee service is received. The Group's net obligation in respect of defined benefit pension plans is calculated, separately for each plan, by estimating the amount of future benefit employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods. The future benefit is discounted to determine the present value of the obligation and the fair value of any plan assets is deducted. The discount rate is the yield at the balance sheet date on high-quality corporate bonds that have maturity dates approximating the terms of the Group's obligations.

The defined benefit calculations are performed by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method on an annual basis. Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the period in which they occur, directly in the Group Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, net of related taxes. Current and past service costs are



## Group Statement of Accounting Policies (continued) for the year ended 31 July 2015

recognised as employment costs in the income statement. The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets, and is recognised in financing costs/income in the income statement.

### Share-based compensation

As defined in IFRS 2, Share-based Payment, the cost of equity instruments granted is recognised at fair value, with a corresponding increase in equity. The fair value is measured at grant date and recognised over the period during which the employees become unconditionally entitled to the equity instrument. The fair value of the equity instruments granted is measured using an approved model, taking into account the terms and conditions under which the equity instruments were granted. The Group's equity-settled share-based compensation plans are subject to a non-market vesting condition; therefore, the amount recognised is adjusted annually to reflect the current estimate of achieving these conditions and the number of equity instruments expected to eventually vest.

### Termination benefits

The Group recognises termination benefits when it has a formal plan to terminate the employment of current employees, which has been approved at the appropriate levels of the organisation and when the entity is demonstrably committed to a termination through announcement of the plan to those affected. In the case of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy, the termination benefits are measured based on the number of employees expected to accept the offer.

### Income tax expense

Income tax expense on the profit or loss for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognised in the income statement except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income, in which case the related tax is also recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income, respectively. Current income tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the period, using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the balance sheet date, in the respective countries where the Group and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income.

Deferred income tax is recognised using the balance sheet method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The amount of deferred income tax provided is based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantially enacted at the balance sheet date. If the deferred income tax arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that, at the time of the transaction, does not affect accounting or taxable profit or loss, it is not recognised. Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

## Group Statement of Accounting Policies (continued) for the year ended 31 July 2015

A deferred income tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be recovered. Deferred income tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

### Foreign currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which each entity operates (the 'functional currency'). The consolidated financial statements are presented in euro, the Group's presentation currency, rounded to the nearest thousand, unless otherwise stated.

Transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of each respective entity are converted to the relevant functional currency using the foreign exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are converted to the relevant functional currency using the foreign exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Foreign exchange differences arising on conversion into the local functional currency are recognised in the income statement, except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges and qualifying net investment hedges.

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on consolidation, are translated to euro at the foreign exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Income and expenses of foreign operations are translated to euro at the average exchange rates for the year, unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation of the net assets of a foreign operation are recognised in other comprehensive income, as a change in the foreign currency translation reserve.

Exchange gains or losses on long-term intra-group loans and on foreign currency borrowings used to finance or provide a hedge against Group equity investments in non-euro denominated operations are included in other comprehensive income, as a change in the foreign currency translation reserve, to the extent that they are neither planned nor expected to be repaid in the foreseeable future, or are expected to provide an effective hedge of the net investment. Any differences that have arisen since transition to IFRS are recognised in the foreign currency translation reserve and are recycled through the Group Consolidated Income Statement on the repayment of the intra-group loan, or on disposal of the related business.

## Group Statement of Accounting Policies (continued) for the year ended 31 July 2015

The principal euro foreign exchange currency rates used by the Group for the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are as follows:

Currency	Average 2015	Average 2014	% Change	Closing 2015	Closing 2014	% Change
CHF	1.1191	1.2250	8.6%	1.0635	1.2169	12.6%
USD	1.1799	1.3601	13.2%	1.1109	1.3430	17.3%
CAD	1.4009	1.4590	4.0%	1.4446	1.4611	1.1%
GBP	0.7547	0.8291	9.0%	0.7091	0.7933	10.6%

### Dividends

Dividends are recognised in the period in which they are approved by the Company's shareholders.

### Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at historical cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Other subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the item of property, plant and equipment. All other expenditures, including repairs and maintenance costs, are recognised in the income statement as an expense as incurred.

Interest on specific and general borrowings used to finance construction costs of property, plant and equipment is capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use. All other borrowing costs are expensed.

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of property, plant and equipment, other than freehold land and assets under construction, on a straight-line basis, by reference to the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	25 to 50 years
Plant and machinery	3 to 15 years
Motor vehicles	3 to 7.5 years

The residual value of assets, if significant, and the useful life of assets is reassessed annually. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals of property, plant and equipment are recognised on the completion of sale. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds received, net of related selling costs, with the carrying amount of the asset and are included in operating profit.

## Group Statement of Accounting Policies (continued) for the year ended 31 July 2015

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### Investment properties

Investment property, principally comprised of land and buildings, is held for capital appreciation. Investment property is stated at fair value. The fair value is based on market value, being the estimated amount for which a property could be exchanged in an arm's length transaction. Any gain or loss arising from a change in fair value is recognised in the Group Consolidated Income Statement. When property is transferred to investment property following a change in use, any difference arising at the date of transfer between the carrying amount of the property immediately prior to transfer and its fair value is recognised in equity if it is a gain. Upon disposal of the property, the gain would be transferred to retained earnings. Any loss arising in this manner, unless it represents the reversal of a previously recognised gain, would be recognised immediately in the Group Consolidated Income Statement.

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### Leased assets

Leases of property, plant and equipment, where the Group has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership, are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised at the inception of the lease at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the useful life of the asset or the lease term.

The corresponding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in interest-bearing loans and borrowings. The interest element of the payments is charged to the income statement over the lease period, so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. For disclosure purposes, the fair value of finance leases is based on the present value of future cash flows, discounted at appropriate current market rates.

Leases where a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

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### Business combinations and goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for by applying the acquisition method. The cost of each acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration transferred, as at the acquisition date, and the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree.

The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any assets or liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. Where any part of the consideration for a business combination is contingent, the fair value of that component is determined by discounting the estimated amounts payable to their present value at the acquisition date. The discount is unwound as a finance charge in the Group Consolidated Income Statement over the life of the obligation. Subsequent changes to the estimated amounts payable for contingent consideration are recognised as a gain or loss in the Group Consolidated Income Statement.

## Group Statement of Accounting Policies (continued) for the year ended 31 July 2015

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Where a business combination is achieved in stages, the Group's previously held interest in the acquiree is re-measured to fair value at the acquisition date and included within the consideration, with any gain or loss recognised in the Group Consolidated Income Statement.

Goodwill is initially recognised at cost, being the difference between the cost of the acquisition over the fair value of the net identifiable assets and liabilities assumed. Following initial recognition, goodwill is stated at cost, less any accumulated impairment losses.

When the initial accounting for a business combination is only provisionally determined at the end of the financial year in which the combination occurs, any adjustments to the provisional values allocated to the identifiable assets and liabilities are made within a period of no more than one year from the acquisition date.

Acquisition costs arising in connection with a business combination are expensed as incurred.

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### Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired as part of a business combination are initially recognised at fair value being their deemed cost as at the date of acquisition. These generally include brand and customer-related intangible assets.

Computer software that is not an integral part of an item of computer hardware is also classified as an intangible asset. Where intangible assets are separately acquired, they are capitalised at cost. Cost comprises purchase price and other applicable directly attributable costs. Directly attributable costs that are capitalised as part of the ERP and computer-related intangibles include the employee costs and an appropriate portion of relevant overheads. Other development expenditures that do not meet these criteria are recognised as an expense as incurred.

Expenditure on research activities, undertaken with the prospect of gaining new scientific or technical knowledge and understanding, is recognised in the income statement as an expense as incurred. Expenditure on development activities, whereby research findings are applied to a plan or design for the production of new or substantially improved products or processes, is capitalised, if the product or process is technically and commercially feasible, the attributable expenditure can be reliably measured, and the Group has sufficient resources to complete development. The expenditure capitalised includes the cost of materials, direct labour or an appropriate proportion of overheads. Capitalised development expenditure is stated at cost, less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Other development expenditure is recognised in the income statement as an expense as incurred.

## Group Statement of Accounting Policies (continued) for the year ended 31 July 2015

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over the period of their expected useful lives in equal annual instalments, generally as follows:

Customer relationships	5 to 25 years
Brands	10 to 25 years
Computer-related intangibles	3 to 5 years
ERP-related intangibles	12 years
Patents and other	3 to 15 years

Subsequent to initial recognition, the expected useful lives and related amortisation of finite lived intangible assets are reviewed at least at each financial year-end and if the expected economic benefits of the asset are different from previous estimates, amortisation is adjusted accordingly. Intangible assets are stated at cost, less accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses incurred. There are no intangible assets with an indefinite useful life.

### Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's assets, other than inventories (which are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value), deferred tax assets (which are recognised based on recoverability), and those financial instruments carried at fair value, are reviewed to determine whether there is an indication of impairment when an event or transaction indicates that there may be, and at least at each reporting date. If any such indication exists, an impairment test is carried out and, if necessary, the asset is written down to its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and an asset's value-in-use. The Group tests goodwill and intangible assets not yet available for use for impairment annually, during the last quarter of the financial year, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate a potential impairment.

An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset, or its cash-generating unit, exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in the income statement as an expense. Goodwill is allocated to the various cash-generating units for the purposes of impairment testing. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the cash-generating unit, and then to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit on a pro-rata basis. An impairment loss for goodwill is not subsequently reversed. An impairment loss for other assets may be reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

### Inventory

Inventory is stated at the lower of cost, on a first-in, first-out basis, and net realisable value. Cost includes all expenditure incurred in the normal course of business in bringing the products to their present location and condition. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price of inventory on hand, less all further costs to completion and all costs expected to be incurred in marketing, distribution and selling.

## Group Statement of Accounting Policies (continued) for the year ended 31 July 2015

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### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at bank and on hand, call deposits and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the Group Consolidated Cash Flow Statement.

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### Share capital

Shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity, net of tax, as a deduction from the proceeds.

If any Group company purchases ARYZTA AG's equity share capital, those shares are accounted for as treasury shares in the consolidated financial statements of the Group. Consideration paid for treasury shares, including any directly attributable incremental cost, net of tax, is deducted from equity attributable to the shareholders of the Company, until the shares are cancelled or reissued. Where such shares are subsequently reissued, any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects, is included in equity attributable to the Company's shareholders.

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### Financial assets and liabilities

#### Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables (excluding prepayments) are initially measured at fair value and are thereafter measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method, less any provision for impairment. A provision for impairment is recognised in administration expenses when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due, according to the original terms of the receivables. If collection is expected in one year or less they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets. Where risks associated with trade receivables are transferred out of the Group under receivables purchase arrangements, such receivables are derecognised from the balance sheet, except to the extent of the Group's continued involvement or exposure.

#### Short-term bank deposits

Short-term bank deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which do not meet the definition of cash and cash equivalents, are classified as other receivables within current assets and are stated at amortised cost in the balance sheet.

#### Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method. Trade and other payables are classified as current liabilities, if payment is due within one year or less, otherwise, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

## Group Statement of Accounting Policies (continued) for the year ended 31 July 2015

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### Derivatives

Derivatives, including forward currency contracts, interest rate swaps and commodity futures contracts are used to manage the Group's exposure to foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and commodity price risk. These derivatives are generally designated as cash flow hedges in accordance with IAS 39, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.

Derivative financial instruments are initially recorded at fair value on the date the contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured to fair value, as of each reporting date, using quoted market values. The gain or loss arising on re-measurement is recognised in the income statement, except where the instrument is a designated hedging instrument.

### Cash flow hedges

Subject to the satisfaction of certain criteria relating to the documentation of the risk, objectives and strategy for the hedging transaction and the ongoing measurement of its effectiveness, cash flow hedges are accounted for under hedge accounting rules. In such cases, any unrealised gain or loss arising on the effective portion of the derivative instrument is recognised in other comprehensive income, as part of the cash flow hedge reserve. Unrealised gains or losses on any ineffective portion are recognised in the income statement. When the hedged transaction occurs the related gains or losses in the cash flow hedge reserve are transferred to the income statement.

### Net investment hedge

Hedges of net investments in foreign operations are accounted for similarly to cash flow hedges. Any gain or loss on the hedging instrument relating to the effective portion of the hedge is recognised in other comprehensive income. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised in the income statement. Gains and losses accumulated in equity are included in the income statement when the foreign operation is disposed of or sold.

### Interest-bearing loans and borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are capitalised as transaction costs of the loan, to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, and are amortised over the period of the facility to which the fees relate.

For interest-bearing loans and borrowings with a contractual re-pricing date of less than six months, the nominal amount is considered to approximate fair value for disclosure purposes. For loans with a re-pricing date of greater than six months, the fair value is calculated based on the expected future principal and interest cash flows, discounted at appropriate current market interest rates.



## Group Statement of Accounting Policies (continued) for the year ended 31 July 2015

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### Other equity reserve

Perpetual callable subordinated instruments are recognised within other equity reserves, net of attributable transaction costs. These amounts are maintained within other equity reserves at historical cost, until such time that management and the Board of Directors have approved the settlement of such amounts. Any difference between the amount paid upon settlement of instruments without a maturity date and the historical cost is recognised directly within retained earnings. Dividends associated with these instruments are recognised directly within retained earnings.

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### Government grants

Grants that compensate the Group for the cost of an asset are shown as deferred income in the balance sheet and are recognised in the income statement in instalments on a basis consistent with the depreciation policy of the relevant assets. Other grants are credited to the income statement to offset the matching expenditure.

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### Provisions

A provision is recognised in the balance sheet when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and the outflow can be reliably measured. If the effect is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

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### Transactions with non-controlling interests

The Group treats transactions with non-controlling interests, which do not result in a loss of control, as transactions with equity owners of the Group. For purchases from non-controlling interests, the difference between any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

When the Group ceases to have control or significant influence, any retained interest in the entity is re-measured to its fair value, with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

# Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements

## for the year ended 31 July 2015

### 1 Segment information

#### 1.1 Analysis by business segment

l) Segment revenue and result in EUR '000	Food Europe		Food North America		Food Rest of World		Total Continuing Operations	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
<b>Segment revenue<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>1,646,635</b>	1,586,275	<b>1,942,342</b>	1,586,560	<b>231,254</b>	220,948	<b>3,820,231</b>	3,393,783
<b>Operating (loss)/profit<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>(40,881)</b>	74,626	<b>96,077</b>	100,701	<b>10,797</b>	16,494	<b>65,993</b>	191,821
Share of loss after tax of joint venture	<b>(1,520)</b>	–	–	–	–	–	<b>(1,520)</b>	–
<b>Operating (loss)/profit after share of joint venture</b>	<b>(42,401)</b>	74,626	<b>96,077</b>	100,701	<b>10,797</b>	16,494	<b>64,473</b>	191,821
Financing income <sup>3</sup>							<b>2,137</b>	2,762
Financing costs <sup>3</sup>							<b>(85,527)</b>	(65,366)
<b>(Loss) / profit before income tax expense as reported in Group Consolidated Income Statement</b>							<b>(18,917)</b>	129,217

1 There were no significant intercompany revenues between business segments.

2 Certain central executive and support costs have been allocated against the operating profits of each business segment.

3 Finance income/(costs) and income tax expense are managed on a centralised basis. Therefore, these items are not allocated between business segments for the purposes of presenting information to the Chief Operating Decision Maker.

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

II) Segment assets	Food Europe		Food North America		Food Rest of World		Total Continuing Operations	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
in EUR '000								
Segment assets excluding investments in joint ventures	2,513,401	2,315,520	3,107,704	2,770,263	269,234	310,814	5,890,339	5,396,597
Investments in joint ventures and related financial assets	60,711	–	–	–	–	–	60,711	–
<b>Segment assets</b>	<b>2,574,112</b>	<b>2,315,520</b>	<b>3,107,704</b>	<b>2,770,263</b>	<b>269,234</b>	<b>310,814</b>	<b>5,951,050</b>	<b>5,396,597</b>

#### Reconciliation to total assets as reported in the Group Consolidated Balance Sheet

Associate held-for-sale		270,870	–
Derivative financial instruments		653	847
Cash and cash equivalents		316,867	555,262
Deferred income tax assets		105,579	68,938
Discontinued operations		–	916,976
<b>Total assets as reported in Group Consolidated Balance Sheet</b>		<b>6,645,019</b>	<b>6,938,620</b>

III) Segment liabilities	Food Europe		Food North America		Food Rest of World		Total Continuing Operations	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
in EUR '000								
<b>Segment liabilities</b>	<b>550,965</b>	<b>504,389</b>	<b>505,284</b>	<b>467,559</b>	<b>65,276</b>	<b>68,174</b>	<b>1,121,525</b>	<b>1,040,122</b>

#### Reconciliation to total liabilities as reported in the Group Consolidated Balance Sheet

Interest-bearing loans and borrowings		2,041,970	2,197,341
Derivative financial instruments		12,766	5,312
Current and deferred income tax liabilities		246,815	212,059
Discontinued operations		–	692,329
<b>Total liabilities as reported in Group Consolidated Balance Sheet</b>		<b>3,423,076</b>	<b>4,147,163</b>

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

IV) Other segment information	Food Europe		Food North America		Food Rest of World		Total Continuing Operations	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
in EUR '000								
Depreciation	<b>57,368</b>	49,254	<b>47,547</b>	35,710	<b>9,604</b>	9,252	<b>114,519</b>	94,216
ERP amortisation	<b>5,330</b>	4,515	<b>4,457</b>	4,148	–	–	<b>9,787</b>	8,663
Amortisation of other intangible assets	<b>82,550</b>	63,267	<b>79,101</b>	54,282	<b>6,371</b>	6,213	<b>168,022</b>	123,762
Capital expenditure								
– Property, plant and equipment	<b>180,113</b>	145,909	<b>153,204</b>	83,965	<b>10,963</b>	21,060	<b>344,280</b>	250,934
– Intangibles	<b>39,577</b>	71,176	<b>21,328</b>	27,579	<b>316</b>	433	<b>61,221</b>	99,188
<b>Total capital expenditure</b>	<b>219,690</b>	217,085	<b>174,532</b>	111,544	<b>11,279</b>	21,493	<b>405,501</b>	350,122

## 1.2 Analysis by geography – continuing operations

in EUR '000	Europe		North America		Rest of World		Total	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Revenue by geography <sup>1</sup>	<b>1,646,635</b>	1,586,275	<b>1,942,342</b>	1,586,560	<b>231,254</b>	220,948	<b>3,820,231</b>	3,393,783
Assets by geography	<b>2,574,112</b>	2,315,520	<b>3,107,704</b>	2,770,263	<b>269,234</b>	310,814	<b>5,951,050</b>	5,396,597
IFRS 8 non-current assets <sup>2</sup>	<b>2,343,064</b>	2,048,356	<b>2,837,326</b>	2,530,613	<b>246,769</b>	266,981	<b>5,427,159</b>	4,845,950

1 Revenues from external customers attributed to the Group's country of domicile, Switzerland, are 6.8% (2014: 7.1%) of total Group revenues from continuing operations. Revenues from external customers attributed to material foreign countries are United States 40.2% (2014: 37.9%), Germany 15.1% (2014: 17.3%) and Canada 10.6% (2014: 8.8%). For the purposes of this analysis, customer revenues are allocated based on geographic location of vendor. As is common in this industry, the Group has a large number of customers, and there is no single customer with a share of revenue greater than 10% of total Group revenue.

2 Non-current assets as reported under IFRS 8, Operating Segments, include all non-current assets as presented in the Group Consolidated Balance Sheet, with the exception of deferred taxes and derivative financial instruments. Non-current assets attributed to the Group's country of domicile, Switzerland, are 6.6% of total Group non-current assets (2014: 7.4%). Non-current assets attributed to material foreign countries are: United States 39.3% (2014: 33.8%), Germany 14.1% (2014: 13.6%) and Canada 12.9% (2014: 13.7%).

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

## 2 Discontinued operations

During March 2015, ARYZTA announced the completion of its offering of 49 million ordinary shares of Origin for €8.25 per share, which raised net proceeds for ARYZTA of €398.1m. The divestment simplifies ARYZTA's reporting structure and transforms ARYZTA into a business that is fully focused on speciality food.

Following the placing, the Group's investment in Origin was reduced from 68.1% to 29.0% and Origin has been accounted for as an associate held-for-sale, rather than as a fully-consolidated subsidiary.

In accordance with IFRS 5, as Origin previously represented a significant component and separately reported segment of the Group, Origin's results have been separately presented in the Group Financial Statements as Discontinued Operations, in both the current and prior years.

A calculation of the gain on disposal is shown below:

in EUR '000	Origin
<b>Net assets of discontinued operation disposed</b>	
Property, plant and equipment (note 12)	96,394
Investment properties (note 13)	7,575
Goodwill and intangible assets (note 14)	160,495
Investments in associates and joint venture (note 15)	62,370
Inventory	220,157
Trade and other receivables	396,520
Trade and other payables	(458,284)
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings (note 21)	(248,774)
Derivative financial liabilities, net	(748)
Employee benefits (note 25)	(24,240)
Deferred income tax liabilities, net (note 24)	(10,355)
Income tax payable	(17,166)
<b>Total net assets disposed</b>	<b>183,944</b>
Other comprehensive income recycled on disposal of discontinued operations	1,328
Non-controlling interests disposed as part of discontinued operations (note 27)	(64,727)
<b>ARYZTA's share of Origin net assets disposed</b>	<b>120,545</b>
<b>Consideration</b>	
– Cash received, net of transaction costs	398,108
– Net cash disposed (note 21)	(25,133)
– Cash received, net of cash disposed	372,975
– Fair value of retained 29% interest	299,329
<b>Total consideration</b>	<b>672,304</b>
Gain on disposal of discontinued operations	551,759
Fair value adjustment to associate held-for-sale	(28,459)
<b>Net gain on disposal of discontinued operations</b>	<b>523,300</b>

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

Following the placing, the Group's remaining 29.0% interest in Origin has been determined to be an associate held-for-sale, recorded at fair value, less costs to sell. Based on the unadjusted quoted price of €7.62 as of 31 July 2015 less estimated costs to sell, a fair value adjustment of €28,459,000 was recorded during the period to reduce the carrying value to €270,870,000 as of 31 July 2015, resulting in a total net gain in relation to the disposal of Origin of €523,300,000.

Analysis of the result of discontinued operations in both years, including the fair value adjustment recognised on the re-measurement of the associate held-for-sale, is as follows:

in EUR '000	2015	2014
Revenue	<b>829,518</b>	1,415,239
Cost of sales	<b>(719,381)</b>	(1,196,262)
Distribution expenses	<b>(18,196)</b>	(22,973)
<b>Gross profit</b>	<b>91,941</b>	196,004
Selling expenses	<b>(32,124)</b>	(47,477)
Administration expenses	<b>(52,572)</b>	(78,707)
<b>Operating profit</b>	<b>7,245</b>	69,820
Share of profit after tax of associates and joint ventures	<b>6,026</b>	9,611
<b>Profit before financing income, financing costs and income tax expense</b>	<b>13,271</b>	79,431
Financing income	<b>1,951</b>	2,471
Financing costs	<b>(5,542)</b>	(8,005)
<b>Profit before income tax</b>	<b>9,680</b>	73,897
Income tax expense	<b>(734)</b>	(10,410)
<b>Profit after tax from discontinued operations</b>	<b>8,946</b>	63,487
Gain on disposal of discontinued operations	<b>551,759</b>	–
Fair value adjustment to associate held-for-sale	<b>(28,459)</b>	–
<b>Profit for the year from discontinued operations</b>	<b>532,246</b>	63,487
Attributable as follows:		
Equity shareholders – discontinued operations	<b>529,396</b>	43,261
Non-controlling interests – discontinued operations	<b>2,850</b>	20,226
<b>Profit for the year from discontinued operations</b>	<b>532,246</b>	63,487

Cash flows from discontinued operations were as follows:

in EUR '000	2015	2014
Operating cash flows	<b>(171,068)</b>	75,336
Investing cash flows	<b>(4,224)</b>	68,165
Financing cash flows	<b>79,485</b>	(50,216)
<b>Total cash flows</b>	<b>(95,807)</b>	93,285

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

### 3 Net acquisition, disposal and restructuring-related costs and fair value adjustments

In accordance with IAS 1, the Group Consolidated Income Statement is presented by function of expense.

Management has also identified certain acquisition, disposal and restructuring-related costs and fair value adjustments within each functional area that do not relate to the underlying business of the Group. Due to the relative size or nature of these items, they have been presented as separate components of operating profit below, in order to enable comparability of the Group's underlying results from period to period, and have been excluded from the calculation of underlying fully diluted net profit in note 11.

in EUR '000	2015				2014			
	IFRS Income Statement	Net acquisition, disposal, restructuring- related costs	Intangible amortisation	Financial Business Review	IFRS Income Statement	Net acquisition, disposal, restructuring- related costs	Intangible amortisation	Financial Business Review
Revenue	3,820,231	–	–	3,820,231	3,393,783	–	–	3,393,783
Cost of sales	(2,709,763)	129,974	–	(2,579,789)	(2,368,378)	92,618	–	(2,275,760)
Distribution expenses	(407,658)	7,706	–	(399,952)	(377,856)	15,774	–	(362,082)
Gross profit	702,810	137,680	–	840,490	647,549	108,392	–	755,941
Selling expenses	(167,646)	5,545	–	(162,101)	(143,147)	2,412	–	(140,735)
Administration expenses	(469,171)	136,725	168,022	(164,424)	(312,581)	59,907	123,762	(128,912)
<b>Operating profit of continuing operations</b>	<b>65,993</b>	<b>279,950</b>	<b>168,022</b>	<b>513,965</b>	<b>191,821</b>	<b>170,711</b>	<b>123,762</b>	<b>486,294</b>
Share of loss after tax of joint ventures	(1,520)	–	310	(1,210)	–	–	–	–
<b>Profit of continuing operations before financing income, financing costs and income tax expense</b>	<b>64,473</b>	<b>279,950</b>	<b>168,332</b>	<b>512,755</b>	<b>191,821</b>	<b>170,711</b>	<b>123,762</b>	<b>486,294</b>

in EUR '000	Notes	Food Europe		Food North America		Food Rest of World		Total Continuing Operations	
		2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Net loss on disposal of businesses	3.1	(45,685)	–	–	–	–	–	(45,685)	–
Asset write-downs / disposals	3.2	(72,395)	(51,751)	(68,544)	(32,666)	(5,350)	(2,940)	(146,289)	(87,357)
<b>Total net loss on disposal of businesses and asset write-downs</b>		<b>(118,080)</b>	<b>(51,751)</b>	<b>(68,544)</b>	<b>(32,666)</b>	<b>(5,350)</b>	<b>(2,940)</b>	<b>(191,974)</b>	<b>(87,357)</b>
Acquisition-related costs		(9,467)	(2,566)	(515)	(4,668)	–	–	(9,982)	(7,234)
Severance and other staff-related costs		(28,367)	(24,369)	(18,916)	(22,801)	(1,359)	–	(48,642)	(47,170)
Contractual obligations		(586)	(316)	(1,285)	(1,229)	(216)	–	(2,087)	(1,545)
Advisory and other costs		(13,862)	(13,439)	(10,670)	(13,966)	(2,733)	–	(27,265)	(27,405)
<b>Total acquisition and restructuring-related costs</b>	3.3	<b>(52,282)</b>	<b>(40,690)</b>	<b>(31,386)</b>	<b>(42,664)</b>	<b>(4,308)</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>(87,976)</b>	<b>(83,354)</b>
<b>Total acquisition, disposal and restructuring-related costs</b>		<b>(170,362)</b>	<b>(92,441)</b>	<b>(99,930)</b>	<b>(75,330)</b>	<b>(9,658)</b>	<b>(2,940)</b>	<b>(279,950)</b>	<b>(170,711)</b>

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

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#### 3.1 Net loss on disposal of businesses

During January 2015, the Group agreed to exchange certain assets, which historically generated approximately €100,000,000 in annual revenues, for a 50% interest in Signature Flatbreads (UK) Ltd. As the €53,106,000 total fair value of the Group's 50% interest and the Vendor Loan Note receivable from the Joint Venture, were less than the €66,659,000 carrying value of the net assets exchanged and related costs incurred, the transaction resulted in a loss on disposal in the amount of €13,789,000 including foreign exchange losses of €236,000.

During April 2015, the Group agreed to sell its 100% interest in Carroll Cuisine, which historically generated approximately €45,000,000 in annual revenues, for cash consideration of €37,276,000. As the proceeds received exceeded the €12,970,000 carrying value of the net assets disposed and associated costs incurred, the transaction resulted in a gain on disposal of €24,306,000.

As a result of the two disposals above, the Group also wrote-off a proportionate amount of goodwill within the UK and Ireland Cash Generating Unit in the amount of €56,202,000. The total of the above transactions and the associated write-down of Goodwill resulted in a net loss on disposal of businesses within continuing operations of €45,685,000 during the year ended 31 July 2015.

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#### 3.2 Asset write-downs / disposals

The Group incurred €146,289,000 of asset write-downs during the year, primarily related to the write-down of various manufacturing, distribution and administration assets within the Food Europe and Food North America segments, following the closure of and/or reduction in activities expected to be generated from those assets. These reductions are the direct result of the Group's recent integration and rationalisation programme investments, which have replaced obsolete assets, optimised the distribution network and streamlined administrative functions.

As these non-cash gains and losses included above are added back when calculating ROIC for management compensation purposes, they had no impact on management compensation.

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#### 3.3 Acquisition and restructuring-related costs

During the year ended 2015, progress has continued on integrating recent acquisitions and aligning the operational processes of those businesses to the Group's existing network. As a result of these programmes, the Group has recognised costs, including providing for amounts as required by IAS 37, 'Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets', in the Group Consolidated Income Statement as follows:

##### Acquisition-related costs

During the year ended 31 July 2015 the Group incurred acquisition-related costs of €9,982,000. These costs primarily related to activities associated with the Group's various acquisitions completed during the year, or subsequent to year end, as well as the Group's planned investment in Picard (see note 32), and include share purchase tax, due diligence and other professional services fees.



## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

#### Severance and other staff-related costs

The Group incurred and provided for €48,642,000 in severance and other staff-related costs during the year. These primarily related to costs associated with employees whose service was discontinued following certain rationalisation decisions and to the continued evaluation and optimisation of the manufacturing and distribution footprint across the various business locations of the Group.

#### Contractual obligations

The operational decisions made as a result of the Group's integration and rationalisation projects triggered early termination penalties or resulted in certain long-term operational contracts becoming onerous. The Group incurred total costs of €2,087,000 during the year to either exit or provide for such onerous contractual obligations.

#### Advisory costs and other costs

During the year ended 31 July 2015, the Group incurred €27,265,000 in advisory and other costs related directly to the integration and rationalisation programmes. These costs relate to the integration of the supply chain and distribution functions of recently acquired businesses into the Group's network, as well as costs associated with centralisation of certain administrative functions.

## 4 Financing income and costs

in EUR '000	2015	2014
<b>Financing income – continuing operations</b>		
Interest income	2,137	1,274
Foreign exchange gain realised on settlement of quasi-equity intercompany loans	–	1,488
<b>Total financing income recognised in Group Consolidated Income Statement</b>	<b>2,137</b>	<b>2,762</b>
<b>Financing costs – continuing operations</b>		
Interest cost on bank loans and overdrafts	(85,433)	(65,285)
Interest cost under finance leases	(13)	(22)
Defined benefit plan: net interest cost on plan liabilities (note 25)	(81)	(59)
<b>Total financing costs recognised in Group Consolidated Income Statement</b>	<b>(85,527)</b>	<b>(65,366)</b>
<b>Recognised directly in other comprehensive income – continuing operations</b>		
Effective portion of changes in fair value of interest rate swaps <sup>1</sup>	(6,042)	(1,053)
<b>Total financing loss recognised directly in other comprehensive income</b>	<b>(6,042)</b>	<b>(1,053)</b>

<sup>1</sup> No unrealised gains or losses on any ineffective portion of derivatives have been recognised in the income statement.

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

## 5 Other information

### Group Consolidated Income statement by nature of cost through to operating profit – continuing operations

in EUR '000	2015	2014
Revenue (note 1)	<b>3,820,231</b>	3,393,783
Raw materials and consumables used	<b>(1,782,313)</b>	(1,581,648)
Employment costs (note 7)	<b>(704,176)</b>	(625,749)
Amortisation of intangible assets (note 1)	<b>(177,809)</b>	(132,425)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (note 1)	<b>(114,519)</b>	(94,216)
Operating lease rentals	<b>(61,557)</b>	(56,957)
Recognition of deferred income from government grants (note 23)	<b>4,107</b>	4,249
Net loss on disposal of businesses (note 3)	<b>(45,685)</b>	–
Asset write-downs (note 3)	<b>(146,289)</b>	(87,357)
Acquisition-related costs (note 3)	<b>(9,982)</b>	(7,234)
Other restructuring-related costs (note 3)	<b>(77,994)</b>	(76,120)
Other direct and indirect costs	<b>(638,021)</b>	(544,505)
<b>Operating profit from continuing operations</b>	<b>65,993</b>	191,821

### Group revenue categories

Group revenue relates primarily to sale of products.

## 6 Directors' compensation

Directors' compensation is disclosed in note 10 of the ARYZTA AG Company Financial Statements (pages 154 to 158).

## 7 Employment

### Average number of persons employed by the Group – continuing operations

	2015	2014
Sales and distribution	<b>3,317</b>	3,156
Production	<b>13,926</b>	12,685
Management and administration	<b>1,557</b>	1,386
<b>Average number of persons employed – continuing operations</b>	<b>18,800</b>	17,227

### Aggregate employment costs of the Group – continuing operations

in EUR '000	2015	2014
Wages and salaries	<b>616,347</b>	545,344
Social welfare costs	<b>68,585</b>	60,218
Defined contribution plans (note 25)	<b>14,557</b>	10,142
Defined benefit plans – current service cost (note 25)	<b>3,618</b>	3,216
Defined benefit plans – past service gain (note 25)	–	(1,424)
Defined benefit plans – settlement gain (note 25)	<b>(636)</b>	–
Share-based payments (note 8)	<b>1,705</b>	8,253
<b>Employment costs – continuing operations</b>	<b>704,176</b>	625,749

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

#### 8 Share-based payments

The Group has outstanding grants of equity-based incentives under the ARYZTA Option Equivalent Plan LTIP. During the year, all grants under the ARYZTA Matching Plan LTIP outstanding at 31 July 2014 were exercised or forfeited.

The total cost reported in the Group consolidated financial statements in relation to equity settled share-based payments is €1,705,000 (2014: €10,840,000), of which €1,705,000 (2014: €8,253,000) was reported in the Group Consolidated Income Statement.

Analysis of movements within the LTIP plans during the period are as follows:

##### 8.1 ARYZTA Matching Plan LTIP

Matching Plan awards	Weighted conversion price 2015 in CHF	Number of equity entitlements 2015	Weighted conversion price 2014 in CHF	Number of equity entitlements 2014
Outstanding at beginning of the year	0.02	723,000	0.02	726,000
Exercised during the year	0.02	(327,052)	0.02	–
Forfeited during the year	0.02	(395,948)	0.02	(3,000)
<b>Outstanding at the end of the year</b>	–	–	0.02	723,000
Vested at end of the year	–	–	–	–

The performance conditions associated with 327,052 Matching Plan awards (173,359 of which were held by Executive Management) were fulfilled during the year ended 31 July 2014 and these awards were exercised during the year ended 31 July 2015. As the performance criteria for the remaining awards outstanding under the Matching Plan were not met, they were forfeited, as they are no longer capable of vesting.

No new equity entitlements were awarded under the Matching Plan during the year.

##### 8.2 ARYZTA Option Equivalent Plan LTIP

Option Equivalent Plan awards	Weighted conversion price 2015 in CHF	Number of equity entitlements 2015	Weighted conversion price 2014 in CHF	Number of equity entitlements 2014
Outstanding at beginning of the year	39.59	2,095,500	39.56	2,239,500
Granted during the year	81.00	980,000	–	–
Exercised during the year	40.57	(501,000)	37.23	(115,000)
Forfeited during the year	–	–	46.00	(29,000)
<b>Outstanding at the end of the year</b>	<b>55.21</b>	<b>2,574,500</b>	39.59	2,095,500
<b>Vested at end of the year</b>	<b>39.36</b>	<b>1,594,500</b>	37.23	650,000

Option Equivalent Plan awards outstanding by conversion price	Conversion price in CHF	Number of equity entitlements	Actual remaining life (years)
Issued during financial year 2010	37.23	550,000	4.1
Issued during financial year 2012	39.95	962,500	6.2
Issued during financial year 2013	46.70	82,000	7.3
Issued during financial year 2015	81.00	980,000	9.2
<b>As of 31 July 2015</b>	<b>55.21</b>	<b>2,574,500</b>	<b>6.9</b>

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

The equity instruments granted under the ARYZTA Option Equivalent Plan LTIP are equity-settled share-based payments as defined in IFRS 2, 'Share-based Payment'. The Group has no legal or constructive obligation to repurchase or settle the Option Equivalent awards in cash.

Vesting of the awards under the Option Equivalent Plan is conditional on compound annual growth in underlying fully diluted EPS (including the associated cost of any awards expected to vest) in three consecutive accounting periods exceeding the compound growth in the Euro-zone Core Consumer Price Index, plus 5%, on an annualised basis.

Awards under the Option Equivalent Plan are subject to additional conditions, including notably:

- (a) the requirement to remain in service throughout the performance period;
- (b) the requirement that the ARYZTA Food Group's reported ROIC over the expected performance period is not less than its weighted average cost of capital; and
- (c) the requirement that annual dividends to shareholders are at least 15% of the underlying EPS during the performance period.

The Option Equivalent Plan awards granted in the years before financial year 2015 can be exercised as of the time the performance conditions described above have been met, but no longer than ten years after grant date. Awards granted during financial year 2015, which meet the conditions for vesting after the initial three year performance period, are subject to additional conditions, including notably an additional two year holding period before they can be exercised.

The Group's compound annual growth in underlying fully diluted EPS for the three consecutive accounting periods ended 31 July 2014 was 10.8%, which exceeded the growth in the Eurozone Core Consumer Price Index over the same period of 1.2%, plus 5%. Accordingly, the performance conditions associated with the Option Equivalent Plan awards outstanding as of 31 July 2014 were met. As a result, 1,445,500 Option Equivalent Plan awards (970,000 of which were held by Executive Management) vested during September 2014. Of these, 1,044,500 remain outstanding as at 31 July 2015.

550,000 additional Option Equivalent Plan awards, held by Executive Management, remain outstanding as of 31 July 2015 and were already fully vested and eligible to be exercised as of the beginning of the year.

During the year ended 31 July 2015, 501,000 vested Option Equivalent awards were exercised, in exchange for 256,703 shares. The weighted average share price at the time of these exercises was CHF 79.98 per share. The shares issued as part of these exercises were issued out of shares previously held in treasury.

The weighted average fair value assigned to share option equivalents granted under the ARYZTA Option Equivalent Plan LTIP during the year ended 31 July 2015 was CHF 11.93, which was determined using the Black-Scholes valuation model. The significant inputs into the model were the price of the shares at the grant date, an expected option life of 5.5 years, expected share price volatility of 20.30%, the exercise price of CHF 81.00 or €67.11, the expected dividend yield of 1.5% and the risk-free rate of 0.16%.

The weighted average exercise price of all Option Equivalent Plan awards that remain outstanding and for which the vesting conditions have been met is CHF 39.36.

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

#### 9 Income tax expense

##### Income tax (credit)/expense

in EUR '000	2015	2014
Current tax charge	32,111	46,934
Deferred tax credit (note 24)	(51,061)	(13,769)
<b>Income tax (credit)/expense – continuing operations</b>	<b>(18,950)</b>	<b>33,165</b>

##### Reconciliation of average effective tax rate to applicable tax rate

in EUR '000	2015	2014
(Loss)/profit before tax	(18,917)	129,217
Less share of loss after tax of joint ventures	1,520	–
<b>(Loss)/profit before tax and before share of loss of joint ventures</b>	<b>(17,397)</b>	<b>129,217</b>

Income tax on (loss)/profit for the year at 21.2% (2014: 21.2%) <sup>1</sup>	(3,688)	27,394
Expenses/(income) not deductible/(taxable) for tax purposes	3,596	5,734
Impact of difference in local tax rates	(17,734)	(1,149)
Recognition of previously unrecognised deferred taxes	(2,691)	4,408
Change in estimates and other prior year adjustments:		
– Current tax	1,517	(2,406)
– Deferred tax	50	(816)
<b>Income tax (credit)/expense – continuing operations</b>	<b>(18,950)</b>	<b>33,165</b>

##### Current and deferred tax movements recognised directly in other comprehensive income – continuing operations

in EUR '000	2015	2014
Relating to foreign exchange translation effects	(5,265)	916
Relating to cash flow hedges	(599)	(466)
Relating to Group employee benefit plans actuarial (losses)/gains	(1,216)	2
Relating to tax rate changes	–	1,415
<b>Tax recognised directly in other comprehensive income</b>	<b>(7,080)</b>	<b>1,867</b>

<sup>1</sup> 21.2% is the standard rate of income tax applicable to trading profits in Zurich, Switzerland.

#### 10 Proposed dividend

At the Annual General Meeting on 8 December 2015, shareholders will be invited to approve a proposed dividend of CHF 0.6555 (€0.6033) per share. If approved, the dividend will be paid to shareholders on 1 February 2016. A dividend of CHF 0.7646 per share was paid during the year, as approved by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting on 2 December 2014.

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

#### 11 Earnings per share

	2015	2014
	in EUR '000	in EUR '000
<b>Basic earnings per share</b>		
(Loss)/profit attributable to equity shareholders – continuing operations	<b>(4,636)</b>	92,252
Profit attributable to equity shareholders – discontinued operations	<b>529,396</b>	43,261
Profit attributable to equity shareholders – total	<b>524,760</b>	135,513
(Loss)/profit attributable to equity shareholders – continuing operations	<b>(4,636)</b>	92,252
Perpetual callable subordinated instrument accrued dividend (note 26)	<b>(30,673)</b>	(29,548)
(Loss)/profit used to determine basic EPS – continuing operations	<b>(35,309)</b>	62,704
Profit used to determine basic EPS – discontinued operations	<b>529,396</b>	43,261
Profit used to determine basic EPS – total	<b>494,087</b>	105,965
<b>Weighted average number of ordinary shares</b>	'000	'000
Ordinary shares outstanding at 1 August <sup>1</sup>	<b>88,175</b>	88,120
Effect of exercise of equity instruments during the year	<b>481</b>	24
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used to determine basic earnings per share	<b>88,656</b>	88,144
Basic (loss)/earnings per share from continuing operations	<b>(39.8) cent</b>	71.1 cent
Basic earnings per share from discontinued operations	<b>597.1 cent</b>	49.1 cent
<b>Basic earnings per share</b>	<b>557.3 cent</b>	120.2 cent
	2015	2014
	in EUR '000	in EUR '000
<b>Diluted earnings per share</b>		
(Loss)/profit used to determine diluted EPS – continuing operations	<b>(35,309)</b>	62,704
Profit used to determine basic EPS – discontinued operations	<b>529,396</b>	43,261
Effect on non-controlling interests share of reported profits, due to dilutive impact of Origin management equity entitlements <sup>2</sup>	<b>(27)</b>	(186)
Profit used to determine diluted EPS – discontinued operations	<b>529,369</b>	43,075
Profit used to determine diluted EPS – total	<b>494,060</b>	105,779
<b>Weighted average number of ordinary shares (diluted)</b>	'000	'000
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used to determine basic earnings per share	<b>88,656</b>	88,144
Effect of equity-based incentives with a dilutive impact <sup>3</sup>	–	1,263
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used to determine diluted earnings per share	<b>88,656</b>	89,407
Diluted (loss)/earnings per share from continuing operations	<b>(39.8) cent</b>	70.1 cent
Diluted earnings per share from discontinued operations	<b>597.1 cent</b>	48.2 cent
<b>Diluted earnings per share</b>	<b>557.3 cent</b>	118.3 cent

1 Issued share capital excludes treasury shares.

2 Reflects the dilutive impact of equity entitlements granted to Origin senior management under the Origin LTIP. These equity entitlements dilute the Group's share of Origin profits available as part of its diluted earnings per share calculation.

3 In accordance with IAS 33, potential ordinary shares are treated as dilutive only when their conversion would decrease profit per share or increase loss per share from continuing operations. As the impact related to the conversion of equity-based incentives would decrease the loss per share for the year ended 31 July 2015, no dilutive effect is given to outstanding equity based incentives during that period.

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

In addition to the basic and diluted earnings per share measures required by IAS 33, 'Earnings Per Share', as calculated above, the Group also presents an underlying fully diluted earnings per share measure, in accordance with IAS 33 paragraph 73. This additional measure enables comparability of the Group's underlying results from period to period, without the impact of transactions that do not relate to the underlying business. It is also the Group's policy to declare dividends based on underlying fully diluted earnings per share, as this provides a more consistent basis for returning dividends to shareholders.

As shown below, for purposes of calculating this measure, the Group adjusts reported net profit by the following items and their related tax impacts:

- includes the perpetual callable subordinated instrument accrued dividend as a finance cost, as already included in the calculation of basic and diluted EPS;
- excludes intangible amortisation, except ERP intangible amortisation;
- excludes net acquisition, disposal and restructuring-related costs and fair value adjustments; and
- adjusts for the impact of dilutive instruments on non-controlling interests share of adjusted profits.

	2015	2014
	in EUR '000	in EUR '000
<b>Underlying fully diluted earnings per share</b>		
(Loss)/profit used to determine basic EPS – continuing operations	<b>(35,309)</b>	62,704
Amortisation of non-ERP intangible assets (note 1)	<b>168,022</b>	123,762
Tax on amortisation of non-ERP intangible assets (note 24)	<b>(35,104)</b>	(28,710)
Share of associate intangible amortisation, net of tax (note 15)	<b>310</b>	–
Net acquisition, disposal and restructuring-related costs and fair value adjustments (note 3)	<b>279,950</b>	170,711
Tax on net acquisition, disposal and restructuring-related costs and fair value adjustments	<b>(47,881)</b>	(3,879)
<b>Underlying net profit – continuing operations</b>	<b>329,988</b>	324,588
Profit used to determine basic EPS – discontinued operations	<b>529,396</b>	43,261
Underlying contribution as associate – discontinuing operations	<b>17,296</b>	–
Amortisation, non-recurring and other – discontinued operations	<b>6,343</b>	9,629
Gain on disposal of discontinued operations	<b>(551,759)</b>	–
Fair value adjustment – discontinuing operations	<b>28,459</b>	–
<b>Underlying fully diluted net profit – discontinued operations</b>	<b>29,735</b>	52,890
<b>Underlying fully diluted net profit – total</b>	<b>359,723</b>	377,478
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used to determine basic earnings per share	<b>88,656</b>	88,144
Underlying basic earnings per share – continuing operations	<b>372.2 cent</b>	368.2 cent
Underlying basic earnings per share – discontinued operations	<b>33.6 cent</b>	60.1 cent
<b>Underlying basic earnings per share – total</b>	<b>405.8 cent</b>	428.3 cent
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used to determine basic earnings per share	<b>88,656</b>	88,144
Effect of equity-based incentives with a dilutive impact	<b>785</b>	1,263
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used to determine fully diluted earnings per share	<b>89,441</b>	89,407
Underlying fully diluted earnings per share – continuing operations	<b>368.9 cent</b>	363.0 cent
Underlying fully diluted earnings per share – discontinued operations	<b>33.3 cent</b>	59.2 cent
<b>Underlying fully diluted earnings per share – total</b>	<b>402.2 cent</b>	422.2 cent

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

## 12 Property, plant and equipment

<b>31 July 2015</b> in EUR '000	<b>Land and buildings</b>	<b>Plant and Machinery</b>	<b>Motor Vehicles</b>	<b>Assets under construction</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Net Book Value At 1 August 2014</b>	<b>534,286</b>	<b>688,544</b>	<b>3,097</b>	<b>148,083</b>	<b>1,374,010</b>
Additions	10,398	52,347	532	286,978	350,255
Transfer from assets under construction	31,632	228,310	62	(260,004)	–
Arising on business combination (note 29)	32,960	42,585	1,113	816	77,474
Arising on business disposals (note 3)	(680)	(43,054)	(1)	(12,448)	(56,183)
Disposals as part of discontinued operations (note 2)	(70,755)	(23,806)	(1,833)	–	(96,394)
Asset write-downs/disposals, net (note 3)	(26,248)	(29,473)	(181)	(20,181)	(76,083)
Transfer to investment properties (note 13)	(826)	–	–	–	(826)
Depreciation charge for year	(21,460)	(96,137)	(932)	–	(118,529)
Translation adjustments	17,014	54,419	(89)	18,195	89,539
<b>Net Book Value At 31 July 2015</b>	<b>506,321</b>	<b>873,735</b>	<b>1,768</b>	<b>161,439</b>	<b>1,543,263</b>

### At 31 July 2015

Cost	589,756	1,385,065	7,204	161,439	2,143,464
Accumulated depreciation	(83,435)	(511,330)	(5,436)	–	(600,201)
<b>Net Book Value At 31 July 2015</b>	<b>506,321</b>	<b>873,735</b>	<b>1,768</b>	<b>161,439</b>	<b>1,543,263</b>

### 31 July 2014

in EUR '000	<b>Land and buildings</b>	<b>Plant and Machinery</b>	<b>Motor Vehicles</b>	<b>Assets under construction</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Net Book Value At 1 August 2013</b>	<b>499,551</b>	<b>553,474</b>	<b>3,243</b>	<b>85,579</b>	<b>1,141,847</b>
Additions	52,198	173,202	1,074	36,148	262,622
Arising on business combination (note 29)	32,351	83,360	402	24,577	140,690
Reclassification from inventory upon adoption of IAS 16.8	–	19,345	–	–	19,345
Asset write-downs/disposals (note 3)	(24,622)	(60,896)	(195)	–	(85,713)
Transfer to investment properties (note 13)	(7,297)	–	–	–	(7,297)
Depreciation charge for year	(18,263)	(80,001)	(1,331)	–	(99,595)
Translation adjustments	368	60	(96)	1,779	2,111
<b>Net Book Value At 31 July 2014</b>	<b>534,286</b>	<b>688,544</b>	<b>3,097</b>	<b>148,083</b>	<b>1,374,010</b>

### At 31 July 2014

Cost	610,097	1,185,343	3,182	148,083	1,946,705
Accumulated depreciation	(75,811)	(496,799)	(85)	–	(572,695)
<b>Net Book Value At 31 July 2014</b>	<b>534,286</b>	<b>688,544</b>	<b>3,097</b>	<b>148,083</b>	<b>1,374,010</b>

### Assets held under finance leases

The net book value in respect of assets held under finance leases and accordingly capitalised in property, plant and equipment is as follows:

in EUR '000	<b>Land and buildings</b>	<b>Plant and Machinery</b>	<b>Motor Vehicles</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>At 31 July 2015</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>264</b>	<b>688</b>	<b>952</b>
At 31 July 2014	543	432	177	1,152



## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

#### 13 Investment properties

in EUR '000	2015	2014
Balance at 1 August	30,716	22,984
Transfer from property, plant and equipment (note 12)	826	7,297
Disposals as part of discontinued operations (note 2)	(7,575)	–
Translation adjustment	1,949	435
<b>Balance at 31 July</b>	<b>25,916</b>	<b>30,716</b>

Investment property is principally comprised of properties previously used in operations, which were transferred to investment property upon the determination that the properties would no longer be used in operations, but instead would be held as an investment for capital appreciation. Rental income and operating expenses recognised related to these properties is not significant.

No material fair value adjustments were incurred during the years ended 31 July 2015 and 31 July 2014.

#### 14 Goodwill and intangible assets

31 July 2015 in EUR '000	Goodwill	Customer Relation- ships	Brands	Computer- related	ERP-related intangibles	Patents and other	Total
<b>Net Book Value At 1 August 2014</b>	<b>2,273,382</b>	<b>971,897</b>	<b>177,116</b>	<b>16,042</b>	<b>185,792</b>	<b>66,368</b>	<b>3,690,597</b>
Additions	–	532	–	5,267	52,514	4,010	62,323
Arising on business combination (note 29)	87,112	47,198	2,878	67	–	5,528	142,783
Arising on business disposals (note 3)	(56,202)	–	–	–	(9,439)	(63)	(65,704)
Disposals as part of discontinued operations (note 2)	(96,124)	(41,769)	(10,056)	(611)	(11,935)	–	(160,495)
Asset write-downs / disposals (note 3)	–	–	–	(3,316)	(36,337)	–	(39,653)
Amortisation charge for the year	–	(116,187)	(19,497)	(4,180)	(9,787)	(34,695)	(184,346)
Translation adjustments	227,760	91,229	21,549	1,273	6,692	3,261	351,764
<b>Net Book Value At 31 July 2015</b>	<b>2,435,928</b>	<b>952,900</b>	<b>171,990</b>	<b>14,542</b>	<b>177,500</b>	<b>44,409</b>	<b>3,797,269</b>
<b>At 31 July 2015</b>							
Cost	2,435,928	1,498,014	324,043	49,661	191,670	93,239	4,592,555
Accumulated amortisation	–	(545,114)	(152,053)	(35,119)	(14,170)	(48,830)	(795,286)
<b>Net Book Value At 31 July 2015</b>	<b>2,435,928</b>	<b>952,900</b>	<b>171,990</b>	<b>14,542</b>	<b>177,500</b>	<b>44,409</b>	<b>3,797,269</b>

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

31 July 2014 in EUR '000	Goodwill	Customer Relation- ships	Brands	Computer- related	ERP-related intangibles	Patents and other	Total
<b>Net Book Value At 1 August 2013</b>	<b>1,820,223</b>	<b>738,788</b>	<b>177,626</b>	<b>7,744</b>	<b>131,382</b>	<b>29,479</b>	<b>2,905,242</b>
Additions	–	797	235	10,840	68,452	21,882	102,206
Arising on business combination (note 29)	450,492	335,798	19,777	37	–	15,906	822,010
Asset write-downs / disposals (note 3)	–	–	–	(4)	(4,283)	–	(4,287)
Amortisation charge for the year	–	(104,107)	(21,701)	(1,720)	(11,071)	(2,511)	(141,110)
Translation adjustments	2,667	621	1,179	(855)	1,312	1,612	6,536
<b>Net Book Value At 31 July 2014</b>	<b>2,273,382</b>	<b>971,897</b>	<b>177,116</b>	<b>16,042</b>	<b>185,792</b>	<b>66,368</b>	<b>3,690,597</b>
<b>At 31 July 2014</b>							
Cost	2,273,382	1,391,615	305,997	47,499	215,305	76,116	4,309,914
Accumulated amortisation	–	(419,718)	(128,881)	(31,457)	(29,513)	(9,748)	(619,317)
<b>Net Book Value At 31 July 2014</b>	<b>2,273,382</b>	<b>971,897</b>	<b>177,116</b>	<b>16,042</b>	<b>185,792</b>	<b>66,368</b>	<b>3,690,597</b>

#### Impairment testing on goodwill

Goodwill acquired through business combinations is allocated at acquisition to the cash-generating units, or groups of cash generating-units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the business combination.

The business units shown in the following table represent the lowest level at which goodwill is now monitored for internal management purposes. Accordingly, this is also the level at which the 2015 goodwill impairment testing was performed. The carrying amount of goodwill allocated to the relevant cash-generating units, as well as the key assumptions used in the 2015 impairment testing, are summarised as follows:

in EUR '000	Pre-tax discount rate 2015	Projection period	Terminal growth rate	Carrying Value 2015	Carrying Value 2014
Food UK and Ireland	6.8%	3 years	2%	106,642	155,772
Food Germany and other <sup>1</sup>	7.1%	3 years	2%	474,525	387,053
Food Switzerland	6.4%	3 years	2%	249,581	218,125
Food France	7.6%	3 years	2%	105,927	105,927
<b>Total Food Europe</b>				<b>936,675</b>	<b>866,877</b>
Food North America	7.8%	3 years	2%	1,443,858	1,258,700
Food Rest of World	11.2%	3 years	3%	55,395	59,965
Origin - Discontinued operations				–	87,840
				<b>2,435,928</b>	<b>2,273,382</b>

<sup>1</sup> Other comprise goodwill in a number of cash-generating units which are individually insignificant.

The Group tests goodwill for impairment annually, during the last quarter of the financial year, or more frequently if changes in circumstances indicate a potential impairment. Except for the goodwill impairment of €56,202,000 recorded in the Food Europe operating segment as a result of business disposals (note 3), no impairment losses have been recognised related to the Group's goodwill during the years ended 31 July 2015 and 31 July 2014.

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

The recoverable amounts of cash-generating units are based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations use pre-tax cash flow projections based on expected future operating results and related cash flows at the time the impairment test is performed. These projections are based on current operating results of the individual cash-generating units and an assumption regarding future organic growth. For the purposes of the calculation of value-in-use, the cash flows are projected based on financial budgets approved by management, with additional cash flows in subsequent years calculated using a terminal value methodology and discounted using the relevant rate, as disclosed in the table above.

A significant adverse change in the expected future operational results and cash flows may result in the value-in-use being less than the carrying amount of a cash-generating unit and would require that the carrying amount of the cash-generating unit be impaired and stated at the recoverable amount of the business unit. However, based on the results of the impairment testing undertaken, sufficient headroom exists such that any reasonable movement in any of the underlying assumptions would not give rise to an impairment charge. Key assumptions include management's estimates of future profitability, specifically the terminal growth rate, as well as the discount rate.

The terminal growth rate within the discounted cash flow model is a significant factor in determining the value-in-use of the cash-generating units. A terminal growth rate is included to take into account the Group's strong financial position, its established history of earnings growth, ongoing cash flow generation and its proven ability to pursue and integrate value-enhancing acquisitions. The terminal growth rates utilised approximated relevant long-term inflation rates within each of the cash-generating units. While the terminal growth rate is a significant factor in the goodwill impairment testing, reducing the terminal growth rate to 0% would not give rise to a material impairment.

The discount rate used is also a significant factor in determining the value-in-use of the cash-generating units. These rates are based on the relevant risk-free rate, adjusted to reflect the risk associated with the respective future cash flows of that cash-generating unit. While the discount rate is a significant factor in the goodwill impairment testing, increasing the discount rate by 1% would not give rise to an impairment.

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

#### 15 Investments in associates and joint ventures

<b>31 July 2015</b> in EUR '000	<b>Share of associates net assets</b>	<b>Share of joint ventures net assets</b>	<b>Total</b>
At 1 August 2014	41,323	13,588	54,911
Share of losses, after tax and before intangible amortisation	–	(1,210)	(1,210)
Group share of intangible amortisation	–	(310)	(310)
Investment in joint ventures	–	30,577	30,577
Movements in investment in associates and JV in discontinued operations	4,326	3,133	7,459
Disposals as part of discontinued operations (note 2)	(45,649)	(16,721)	(62,370)
Translation adjustments	–	3,010	3,010
<b>At 31 July 2015</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>32,067</b>	<b>32,067</b>
<b>31 July 2014</b> in EUR '000			
At 1 August 2013	33,890	11,345	45,235
Share of profits, after tax and before intangible amortisation, acquisition and restructuring-related costs	9,565	3,827	13,392
Group share of intangible amortisation	(1,548)	–	(1,548)
Group share of acquisition and restructuring-related costs	(2,233)	–	(2,233)
Gains through other comprehensive income	2,423	101	2,524
Dividends	(2,278)	–	(2,278)
Translation adjustments	1,504	(1,685)	(181)
<b>At 31 July 2014</b>	<b>41,323</b>	<b>13,588</b>	<b>54,911</b>

During January 2015, the Group agreed to exchange certain assets for a 50% interest in Signature Flatbreads (UK) Ltd. The deemed fair value of the Group's initial 50% interest in the Joint Venture was agreed to be GBP 24,000,000 (€30,577,000). The Group also received a Vendor Loan Note receivable from the Joint Venture, with an initial balance of GBP 17,683,000 (€22,529,000).

The amounts included in these Group consolidated financial statements in respect of the current year post-acquisition profits or losses of joint ventures are taken from their latest financial statements prepared up to their respective year-ends, together with management accounts for the intervening periods to the Group's year-end. All joint ventures of the Group have a 31 July year-end, with the exception of Signature International Foods India, which has a year-end of 31 March.

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

The investment in associates and joint ventures is analysed as follows:

<b>31 July 2015</b> in EUR '000	<b>Associates</b>	<b>Joint ventures</b>	<b>Total</b>
Non-current assets	–	45,510	45,510
Current assets	–	15,576	15,576
Non-current liabilities	–	(14,743)	(14,743)
Current liabilities	–	(14,276)	(14,276)
<b>At 31 July 2015</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>32,067</b>	<b>32,067</b>

<b>31 July 2014</b> in EUR '000	<b>Associates</b>	<b>Joint ventures</b>	<b>Total</b>
Non-current assets	104,278	6,688	110,966
Current assets	75,680	34,905	110,585
Non-current liabilities	(109,026)	(7,747)	(116,773)
Current liabilities	(29,609)	(20,258)	(49,867)
<b>At 31 July 2014</b>	<b>41,323</b>	<b>13,588</b>	<b>54,911</b>

The share of revenues and results of associates and joint ventures is as follows:

<b>31 July 2015</b> in EUR '000	<b>Share of results of associates</b>	<b>Share of results of joint ventures</b>	<b>Total</b>
Group share of:			
<b>Revenue</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>27,751</b>	<b>27,751</b>
Loss after tax and before intangible amortisation	–	(1,210)	(1,210)
Intangible amortisation	–	(310)	(310)
<b>Loss after tax</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>(1,520)</b>	<b>(1,520)</b>

<b>Acquisition and restructuring-related costs</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>
<b>Gains through other comprehensive income</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>

<b>31 July 2014</b> in EUR '000			
Group share of:			
<b>Revenue</b>	<b>236,307</b>	<b>179,782</b>	<b>416,089</b>
Profits after tax and before intangible amortisation, acquisition and restructuring-related costs	9,565	3,827	13,392
Intangible amortisation	(1,548)	–	(1,548)
<b>Profit after tax, before acquisition and restructuring-related costs</b>	<b>8,017</b>	<b>3,827</b>	<b>11,844</b>
<b>Acquisition and restructuring-related costs</b>	<b>(2,233)</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>(2,233)</b>
<b>Gains through other comprehensive income</b>	<b>2,423</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>2,524</b>

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

#### 16 Inventory

in EUR '000	2015	2014
Raw materials	56,380	85,816
Finished goods	196,040	259,919
Consumable stores	7,435	16,734
<b>Balance at 31 July</b>	<b>259,855</b>	<b>362,469</b>

A total expense of €15,169,000 (2014: €8,430,000) was recognised in the Group Consolidated Income Statement arising from write-down of inventory.

#### 17 Trade and other receivables

in EUR '000	2015	2014
<b>Non-current</b>		
Loan notes due from associates – discontinued operations (note 31)	–	42,586
Loan notes due from joint venture – continuing operations (note 31)	28,644	–
<b>Balance at 31 July</b>	<b>28,644</b>	<b>42,586</b>
<b>Current</b>		
Trade receivables, net	185,777	524,896
Amounts due from related parties (note 31)	789	16,347
VAT recoverable	22,123	22,463
Prepayments and accrued income	25,947	30,381
Other receivables	29,400	20,239
<b>Balance at 31 July</b>	<b>264,036</b>	<b>614,326</b>

#### 18 Trade and other payables

in EUR '000	2015	2014
<b>Non-current</b>		
Other payables	36,732	44,111
Put option liability (note 22)	–	16,360
Forward purchase obligation (note 22)	15,185	13,271
<b>Balance at 31 July</b>	<b>51,917</b>	<b>73,742</b>
<b>Current</b>		
Trade payables	372,135	734,719
Amounts due to related parties (note 31)	191	10,091
Accruals and other payables <sup>1</sup>	352,159	409,521
Employee-related tax and social welfare	9,128	11,958
VAT payable	8,947	7,900
<b>Balance at 31 July</b>	<b>742,560</b>	<b>1,174,189</b>

<sup>1</sup> Accruals and other payables consist primarily of balances due for goods and services received not yet invoiced and for staff compensation.

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

#### 19 Contingent consideration

Contingent consideration comprises the net present value of amounts expected to be payable arising on business combinations. Residual deferred and contingent consideration is due entirely within five years of the related acquisition and is payable subject to the passage of time or achievement of earnings or revenue-based targets, respectively.

in EUR '000	2015	2014
Balance at 1 August	15,254	12,780
Arising on business combination (note 29)	42,366	6,354
Payments of contingent consideration	(9,240)	(4,190)
Translation adjustment	280	310
<b>Balance at 31 July</b>	<b>48,660</b>	<b>15,254</b>

#### Classified as:

Current – due within one year	48,660	8,154
Non-current – due after more than one year	–	7,100
<b>Balance at 31 July</b>	<b>48,660</b>	<b>15,254</b>

#### 20 Cash and cash equivalents

In accordance with IAS 7, 'Statement of Cash Flows', cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances held for the purposes of meeting short-term cash commitments and investments, which are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Bank overdrafts are included within current interest-bearing loans and borrowings in the Group Consolidated Balance Sheet.

The cash and cash equivalents included in the Group Consolidated Cash Flow Statement are analysed as follows:

in EUR '000	2015	2014
Food Group cash at bank and on hand	316,867	555,262
Origin cash at bank and on hand – discontinued operations	–	139,576
<b>Total cash at bank and on hand (note 21)</b>	<b>316,867</b>	<b>694,838</b>
Food Group bank overdraft	(68,834)	(251,091)
Origin bank overdraft – discontinued operations	–	(4,940)
<b>Bank overdrafts (note 21)</b>	<b>(68,834)</b>	<b>(256,031)</b>
<b>Included in the Group Consolidated Cash Flow Statement</b>	<b>248,033</b>	<b>438,807</b>

Cash at bank and on hand earns interest at floating rates based on daily deposit bank rates. Short-term deposits are made for varying periods of between one day and three months, depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective short-term deposit rates.

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

#### 21 Interest-bearing loans and borrowings

Details of the Group's interest bearing loans and borrowings are outlined below.

The bank and private placement borrowings of the Group share security via a security assignment agreement.

in EUR '000	2015	2014
<b>Included in non-current liabilities</b>		
Food Group loans	1,935,828	1,781,895
Origin loans – discontinued operations	–	116,282
Total bank loans	1,935,828	1,898,177
Finance leases	1,348	258
Non-current interest-bearing loans and borrowings	1,937,176	1,898,435
<b>Included in current liabilities</b>		
Food Group loans	35,883	164,087
Origin loans – discontinued operations	–	30,000
Bank overdrafts (note 20)	68,834	256,031
Total bank loans and overdrafts	104,717	450,118
Finance leases	77	276
Current interest-bearing loans and borrowings	104,794	450,394
<b>Total bank loans and overdrafts</b>	<b>2,040,545</b>	<b>2,348,295</b>
<b>Total finance leases</b>	<b>1,425</b>	<b>534</b>
<b>Total interest-bearing loans and borrowings</b>	<b>2,041,970</b>	<b>2,348,829</b>

Analysis of net debt of continuing operations in EUR '000	1 August 2014	Arising on business		Non-cash movements	Translation adjustment	31 July 2015
		Cash flows	combination / disposal			
Cash	555,262	(123,229)	(125,888)	–	10,722	316,867
Overdrafts	(251,091)	196,888	–	–	(14,631)	(68,834)
<b>Cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>304,171</b>	<b>73,659</b>	<b>(125,888)</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>(3,909)</b>	<b>248,033</b>
Loans	(1,945,982)	337,668	–	(3,525)	(359,872)	(1,971,711)
Finance leases	(268)	60	(1,206)	–	(11)	(1,425)
<b>Net debt of continuing operations</b>	<b>(1,642,079)</b>	<b>411,387</b>	<b>(127,094)</b>	<b>(3,525)</b>	<b>(363,792)</b>	<b>(1,725,103)</b>

Split of net debt in EUR '000	1 August 2014	Arising on business		Non-cash movements	Translation adjustment	31 July 2015
		Cash flows	combination / disposal			
Continuing operations net debt	(1,642,079)	411,387	(127,094)	(3,525)	(363,792)	(1,725,103)
Discontinued operations net debt	(11,912)	(200,325)	223,641	(242)	(11,162)	–
<b>Net debt</b>	<b>(1,653,991)</b>	<b>211,062</b>	<b>96,547</b>	<b>(3,767)</b>	<b>(374,954)</b>	<b>(1,725,103)</b>



## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

The terms of outstanding loans are as follows:

<b>2015</b>	<b>Currency</b>	<b>Calendar year of maturity</b>	<b>Nominal Value</b> in EUR '000	<b>Carrying amount</b> in EUR '000
<b>Food Group loans</b>				
Senior secured revolving working capital facility	Various	2019	730,493	720,865
Private placement 2014				
Series A	USD	2020	90,017	89,377
Series B	USD	2022	225,043	223,442
Series C	USD	2024	126,024	125,127
Series D	EUR	2024	25,000	24,822
Private placement 2010				
Series B	USD	2016	36,007	35,883
Series C	USD	2018	54,010	53,825
Series D	USD	2021	135,026	134,563
Series E	USD	2022	90,017	89,709
Series F	EUR	2020	25,000	24,914
Private placement 2009				
Series A	USD	2021	72,014	71,653
Series B	USD	2024	36,007	35,826
Series C	USD	2029	72,013	71,653
Private placement 2007				
Series B	USD	2017	225,042	225,043
Series C	USD	2019	45,009	45,009
			<b>1,986,722</b>	<b>1,971,711</b>

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

<b>2014</b>	<b>Currency</b>	<b>Calendar year of maturity</b>	<b>Nominal Value</b> in EUR '000	<b>Carrying amount</b> in EUR '000
<b>Food Group loans</b>				
Senior secured revolving working capital facility	Various	2019	748,932	738,114
Swiss Bond	CHF	2015	164,356	164,087
Private placement 2014				
Series A	USD	2020	74,460	74,104
Series B	USD	2022	186,150	185,261
Series C	USD	2024	104,244	103,746
Series D	EUR	2024	25,000	24,881
Private placement 2010				
Series B	USD	2016	29,784	29,650
Series C	USD	2018	44,676	44,475
Series D	USD	2021	111,690	111,188
Series E	USD	2022	74,460	74,125
Series F	EUR	2020	25,000	24,888
Private placement 2009				
Series A	USD	2021	59,568	59,233
Series B	USD	2024	29,784	29,617
Series C	USD	2029	59,568	59,233
Private placement 2007				
Series B	USD	2017	186,150	186,150
Series C	USD	2019	37,230	37,230
<b>Origin loan facilities</b>				
Unsecured revolving credit facility	GBP	2016	12,606	12,580
Unsecured revolving credit facility	EUR	2016	10,000	9,980
Unsecured term loan facility	GBP	2016	93,914	93,722
Unsecured term loan facility	EUR	2015	30,000	30,000
			<b>2,107,572</b>	<b>2,092,264</b>

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

The weighted average effective interest rate in respect of the Group's interest-bearing loans was as follows:

	2015	2014
Food Group loans	3.8%	3.6%
Origin Loans – discontinued operations	–	2.9%
Total bank loans	3.8%	3.6%

The pre-tax weighted average cost of capital associated with the Group's financing structures was 7.4% (2014: 7.0%).

#### Repayment schedule – loans and overdrafts (nominal values)

in EUR '000	2015	2014
Less than one year	104,841	450,387
Between one and five years	1,169,571	1,163,292
After five years	781,144	749,924
	<b>2,055,556</b>	<b>2,363,603</b>

Repayment schedule – finance leases in EUR '000	Minimum lease payments	Interest	Present value of payments	Minimum lease payments	Interest	Present value of payments
	2015	2015	2015	2014	2014	2014
Less than one year	134	57	77	292	16	276
Between one and five years	1,358	10	1,348	274	16	258
After five years	–	–	–	–	–	–
	<b>1,492</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>1,425</b>	<b>566</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>534</b>

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

## 22 Financial instruments and financial risk

The fair values of financial assets, liabilities, investment property and assets held-for-sale, together with the carrying amounts shown in the balance sheet, are as follows:

in EUR '000	Fair value hierarchy	Fair Value through income statement 2015	Hedge instruments 2015	Loans and receivables 2015	Liabilities at amortised cost 2015	Total carrying amount 2015	Fair value 2015
Trade and other receivables (excluding prepayments)		–	–	244,610	–	244,610	244,610
Cash and cash equivalents		–	–	316,867	–	316,867	316,867
Derivative financial assets	Level 2	–	653	–	–	653	653
Investment properties	Level 3	25,916	–	–	–	25,916	25,916
Associate held-for-sale	Level 1	270,870	–	–	–	270,870	270,870
<b>Total financial assets</b>		<b>296,786</b>	<b>653</b>	<b>561,477</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>858,916</b>	<b>858,916</b>
Trade and other payables (excluding non-financial liabilities)		–	–	–	(761,217)	(761,217)	(761,217)
Bank overdrafts		–	–	–	(68,834)	(68,834)	(68,834)
Bank borrowings		–	–	–	(1,971,711)	(1,971,711)	(2,096,779)
Finance lease liabilities		–	–	–	(1,425)	(1,425)	(1,425)
Derivative financial liabilities	Level 2	–	(12,766)	–	–	(12,766)	(12,766)
Forward purchase obligation	Level 3	(15,185)	–	–	–	(15,185)	(15,185)
Contingent consideration	Level 3	(48,660)	–	–	–	(48,660)	(48,660)
<b>Total financial liabilities</b>		<b>(63,845)</b>	<b>(12,766)</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>(2,803,187)</b>	<b>(2,879,798)</b>	<b>(3,004,866)</b>

in EUR '000	Fair value hierarchy	Fair Value through income statement 2014	Hedge instruments 2014	Loans and receivables 2014	Liabilities at amortised cost 2014	Total carrying amount 2014	Fair value 2014
Trade and other receivables (excluding prepayments)		–	–	604,068	–	604,068	604,068
Cash and cash equivalents		–	–	694,838	–	694,838	694,838
Derivative financial assets	Level 2	–	1,419	–	–	1,419	1,419
Investment properties	Level 3	30,716	–	–	–	30,716	30,716
<b>Total financial assets</b>		<b>30,716</b>	<b>1,419</b>	<b>1,298,906</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>1,331,041</b>	<b>1,331,041</b>
Trade and other payables (excluding non-financial liabilities)		–	–	–	(1,198,442)	(1,198,442)	(1,198,442)
Bank overdrafts		–	–	–	(256,031)	(256,031)	(256,031)
Bank borrowings		–	–	–	(2,092,264)	(2,092,264)	(2,212,344)
Finance lease liabilities		–	–	–	(534)	(534)	(534)
Derivative financial liabilities	Level 2	–	(7,099)	–	–	(7,099)	(7,099)
Forward purchase obligation	Level 3	(13,271)	–	–	–	(13,271)	(13,271)
Put option liability	Level 3	(16,360)	–	–	–	(16,360)	(16,360)
Contingent consideration	Level 3	(15,254)	–	–	–	(15,254)	(15,254)
<b>Total financial liabilities</b>		<b>(44,885)</b>	<b>(7,099)</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>(3,547,271)</b>	<b>(3,599,255)</b>	<b>(3,719,335)</b>

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

#### Estimation of fair values

Set out below are the major methods and assumptions used in estimating the fair values of the financial assets and liabilities disclosed in the preceding tables.

##### *Fair value hierarchy*

The tables at the beginning of this note summarise the financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method. Fair value classification levels have been assigned to the Group's financial instruments carried at fair value. The different levels assigned are defined as follows:

- Level 1: Prices quoted in active markets
- Level 2: Valuation techniques based on observable market data
- Level 3: Valuation techniques based on unobservable inputs

##### *Trade and other receivables/payables*

All trade and other receivables or payables, other than the forward purchase obligation and put option liability mentioned below, are carried at amortised cost, less any impairment provision. For any trade and other receivables or payables with a remaining life of less than six months or demand balances, the carrying value, less impairment provision where appropriate, is deemed to reflect fair value.

##### *Cash and cash equivalents, including short-term bank deposits*

For short-term bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents, all of which have an original and remaining maturity of less than three months, the nominal amount is deemed to reflect fair value.

##### *Derivatives (forward currency contracts and interest rate swaps)*

Forward currency contracts are marked to market using quoted forward exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The fair value of interest rate swaps is calculated as the present value of the estimated future cash flows based on observable yield curves.

##### *Investment property*

Investment property, principally comprised of land and buildings, is held for capital appreciation. Investment property is stated at fair value through the income statement. The fair value is based on market value, being the estimated amount for which a property could be exchanged in an arm's length transaction. As the fair value is based on inputs not observable within the market, it has been classified as a Level 3 asset.

##### *Associate held-for-sale*

The Group's 29% investment in Origin has been classified as an associate held-for-sale as its carrying amount is to be recovered principally through a sale transaction and a sale is considered highly probable. This is stated at fair value, less costs to sell. As the fair value is determined by reference to prices quoted in an active market, it has been classified as a Level 1 financial asset.

##### *Interest-bearing loans and borrowings*

For interest-bearing loans and borrowings with a contractual re-pricing date of less than six months, the nominal amount is considered to approximate fair value for disclosure purposes. For loans with a re-pricing date of greater than six months, the fair value is calculated based on the expected future principal and interest cash flows, discounted at appropriate current market interest rates.

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

#### *Finance lease liabilities*

Fair value is based on the present value of future cash flows discounted at implicit interest rates.

#### *Forward purchase obligation*

The other long-term liability related to the HiCoPain forward purchase contract (notes 18 and 26) is carried at fair value through profit and loss. In accordance with the terms of that agreement, the fair value of this financial instrument is based on the estimated net book value of HiCoPain AG upon the final exit of the non-controlling interest shareholder. As the fair value of this obligation is based on inputs not observable within the market, it has been classified as a Level 3 financial liability.

#### *Put option liability*

Origin, presented within discontinued operations, acquired a 60 percent interest in Agroscope International LLC ('Agroscope') for cash consideration on 30 January 2014. Origin also entered into an arrangement with the non-controlling interest shareholder of Agroscope, under which the non-controlling interest shareholder has the right at various dates to sell the remaining 40 percent interest to Origin based on an agreed formula. In the event that this is not exercised Origin has a similar right to acquire the 40 percent interest. Arising on the acquisition of Agroscope, Origin recognised an option liability of €15.8 million, which was the fair value of the future estimated amount payable to exercise the option. This has been determined based on an agreed earnings before interest and tax based formula that is not capped, which includes an expectation of future trading performance and timing of when the options are expected to be exercised, discounted to present day value using a cost of debt rate of three percent. As the fair value of this obligation is based on inputs not observable within the market, it has been classified as a Level 3 financial liability.

#### *Contingent consideration*

Where any part of the consideration for a business combination is deferred or contingent, the fair value of that component is determined by discounting the estimated amounts payable to their present value at the acquisition date. The discount is unwound as a finance charge in the Group Consolidated Income Statement over the life of the obligation. Subsequent changes to the estimated amounts payable for contingent consideration are recognised as a gain or loss in the Group Consolidated Income Statement. As the fair value of this obligation is based on inputs not observable within the market, it has been classified as a Level 3 financial liability.

#### **Movement in level 3 financial liabilities**

in EUR '000	2015	2014
Balance at 1 August	44,885	26,436
Arising on business combination (note 29)	42,366	22,138
Disposals as part of discontinued operations	(16,360)	–
Payments of contingent consideration (note 19)	(9,240)	(4,190)
Amounts recognised in profit and loss	–	(294)
Translation adjustments	2,194	795
<b>Balance at 31 July</b>	<b>63,845</b>	<b>44,885</b>

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

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#### Risk exposures

##### Group risk management

Risk management is a fundamental element of the Group's business practice at all levels and encompasses different types of risks. This overall Group risk management process includes the performance of a risk assessment that is described in more detail in note 33. Financial risk management specifically is described in further detail below.

##### Financial risk management

The Group's international operations expose it to different financial risks that include:

- credit risks;
- liquidity risks;
- foreign exchange rate risks;
- interest rate risks; and
- commodity price risks.

The Group has a risk management programme in place, which seeks to limit the impact of these risks on the financial performance of the Group. The Board has determined the policies for managing these risks. It is the policy of the Board to manage these risks in a non-speculative manner.

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#### Credit risk

##### Exposure to credit risk

Credit risk arises from credit issued to customers on outstanding receivables and outstanding transactions, as well as cash and cash equivalents, derivative financial instruments and deposits with banks and financial institutions.

##### Cash and short-term bank deposits

Cash and short-term bank deposits are invested with institutions with the highest short-term credit rating, with limits on amounts held with individual banks or institutions at any one time. Management does not expect any losses from non-performance by these counterparties.

##### Trade and other receivables

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. There is no concentration of credit risk by dependence on individual customers or geographies.

The Group has detailed procedures for monitoring and managing the credit risk related to its trade receivables based on experience, customer's track record and historic default rates. Individual risk limits are generally set by customer, and risk is only accepted above such limits in defined circumstances. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored. Impairment provisions are used to record impairment losses, unless the Group is satisfied that no recovery of the amount owed is possible. At that point the amount is considered irrecoverable and is written off directly against the trade receivable.

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

The Group establishes an allowance for impairment that represents its estimate of incurred losses in respect of trade and other receivables and investments. The main components of this allowance are a specific loss component that relates to individually significant exposures and a collective loss component established for groups of similar assets in respect of losses that have been incurred but not yet identified.

The Group also manages credit risk through the use of a receivables purchase arrangement with a financial institution. Under the terms of this non-recourse agreement, the Group has transferred credit risk and control of certain trade receivables, amounting to €176,574,000 (2014: €55,017,000). The Group has continued to recognise an asset of €17,948,000 (2014: €5,915,000), representing the maximum extent of its continuing involvement or exposure and an associated liability of a similar amount.

The carrying amount of financial assets, net of impairment provisions, represents the Group's maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at year-end was as follows:

in EUR '000	Carrying amount 2015	Carrying amount 2014
Cash and cash equivalents	<b>316,867</b>	694,838
Trade and other receivables	<b>244,610</b>	604,068
Derivative financial assets	<b>653</b>	1,419
	<b>562,130</b>	1,300,325

The maximum exposure to credit risk for trade receivables at the reporting date by geographic region was as follows:

in EUR '000	Carrying amount 2015	Carrying amount 2014
Europe	<b>127,813</b>	149,585
North America	<b>34,002</b>	90,318
Rest of World	<b>23,962</b>	23,524
Discontinued operations	–	261,469
	<b>185,777</b>	524,896



## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

The aging of trade receivables at the reporting date was as follows:

in EUR '000	Gross 2015	Impairment 2015	Gross 2014	Impairment 2014
Not past due	124,196	412	420,227	286
Past due 0–30 days	49,678	411	78,497	405
Past due 31–120 days	8,285	524	31,397	4,534
Past due more than 121 days	10,121	5,156	12,938	12,938
	<b>192,280</b>	<b>6,503</b>	543,059	18,163

The Group payment terms are typically 0–60 days. With the exception of the long-term vendor loan note due from a joint venture, all other receivables are due in less than six months. All other receivables are deemed to be fully recoverable.

The analysis of movement in impairment provisions in respect of trade receivables was as follows:

in EUR '000	2015	2014
Balance at 1 August	18,163	17,644
Arising on business combination	1,308	1,328
Arising on disposal of subsidiaries	(1,550)	–
Disposals as part of discontinued operations	(11,121)	–
Utilised during the year	(593)	(1,240)
Translation adjustment	296	431
<b>Balance at 31 July</b>	<b>6,503</b>	18,163

### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due.

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between flexibility and continuity of funding. The Group's policy is that not more than 40% of total bank borrowing facilities should mature in any twelve-month period. At 31 July 2015, 5% of the Group's total borrowings will mature within the next 12 months.

In February 2014, the Food Group agreed an amendment to its existing syndicated loan facility, which increased the amount available from CHF 970,000,000 (€912,083,000) to CHF 1,977,000,000 (€1,858,956,000) and extended the maturity of the facility to February 2019 with unchanged interest margins and financial covenants. The Food Group also has USD 1,340,000,000 (€1,206,229,000) and €50,000,000 private placements. Short term flexibility is achieved through the availability of overdrafts totalling €238,863,000.

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments:

2015 in EUR '000	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	6 mths or less	6 – 12 mths	1 – 2 years	2 – 5 years	More than 5 years
<b>Non-derivative financial liabilities</b>							
Fixed rate bank loans	(1,250,846)	(1,630,568)	(31,124)	(67,131)	(285,685)	(348,305)	(898,323)
Variable rate bank loans	(720,865)	(776,672)	(6,445)	(6,444)	(12,887)	(750,896)	–
Finance lease liabilities	(1,425)	(1,492)	(36)	(98)	(1,333)	(25)	–
Bank overdrafts	(68,834)	(68,834)	(68,834)	–	–	–	–
Trade and other payables	(761,217)	(761,217)	(696,374)	(28,111)	(4,821)	(7,093)	(24,818)
Forward purchase obligation	(15,185)	(15,185)	–	–	(15,185)	–	–
<b>Derivative financial instruments</b>							
Interest rate swaps used for hedging	(9,258)	(9,258)	(1,928)	(1,929)	(2,631)	(2,770)	–
Currency forward contracts used for hedging							
– Inflows		204,840	174,837	30,003	–	–	–
– Outflows	(3,508)	(208,348)	(178,147)	(30,201)	–	–	–
	<b>(2,831,138)</b>	<b>(3,266,734)</b>	<b>(808,051)</b>	<b>(103,911)</b>	<b>(322,542)</b>	<b>(1,109,089)</b>	<b>(923,141)</b>

2014 in EUR '000	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	6 mths or less	6 – 12 mths	1 – 2 years	2 – 5 years	More than 5 years
<b>Non-derivative financial liabilities</b>							
Fixed rate bank loans	(1,207,868)	(1,581,218)	(25,916)	(195,613)	(81,615)	(395,509)	(882,565)
Variable rate bank loans	(884,396)	(964,495)	(8,907)	(38,604)	(132,953)	(784,031)	–
Finance lease liabilities	(534)	(566)	(158)	(134)	(214)	(60)	–
Bank overdrafts	(256,031)	(256,031)	(256,031)	–	–	–	–
Trade and other payables	(1,198,442)	(1,198,442)	(1,126,582)	(27,749)	(13,160)	(6,145)	(24,806)
Forward purchase obligation	(13,271)	(13,271)	–	–	(13,271)	–	–
Put option liability	(16,360)	(16,360)	–	–	–	(16,360)	–
<b>Derivative financial instruments</b>							
Interest rate swaps used for hedging	(4,421)	(4,421)	(513)	(463)	(1,303)	(2,142)	–
Currency forward contracts used for hedging							
– Inflows	–	95,497	78,431	17,066	–	–	–
– Outflows	(2,678)	(98,175)	(80,839)	(17,336)	–	–	–
	<b>(3,584,001)</b>	<b>(4,037,482)</b>	<b>(1,420,515)</b>	<b>(262,833)</b>	<b>(242,516)</b>	<b>(1,204,247)</b>	<b>(907,371)</b>

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

#### Accounting for derivatives and hedging activities

The fair value of derivative financial assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date is set out in the following table:

in EUR '000	Assets 2015	Liabilities 2015	Assets 2014	Liabilities 2014
<b>Cash flow hedges</b>				
Currency forward contracts	653	(3,508)	1,077	(2,678)
Interest rate swaps	–	(9,258)	342	(4,421)
At 31 July	653	(12,766)	1,419	(7,099)

#### Cash flow hedges

Cash flow hedges are those of highly probable forecasted future income or expenses. In order to qualify for hedge accounting, the Group is required to document the relationship between the item being hedged and the hedging instrument and demonstrate, at inception, that the hedge relationship will be highly effective on an ongoing basis. The hedge relationship must be tested for effectiveness on subsequent reporting dates.

There is no significant difference between the timing of the cash flows and the income statement effect of cash flow hedges.

#### Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices and indices, such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates, will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments.

#### Foreign exchange risk

In addition to the Group's operations carried out in eurozone economies, it also has significant operations in the UK, Switzerland and North America. As a result, the Group Consolidated Balance Sheet is exposed to currency fluctuations including, in particular, Sterling, US dollar, Canadian dollar and Swiss franc movements. The Group manages its balance sheet having regard to the currency exposures arising from its assets being denominated in a wide range of currencies.

#### Net investment hedges

As part of its approach towards mitigating its exposure to foreign currency risk, the Group will, when required, fund foreign currency assets in the currency of the related assets.

These relationships are typically designated by the Group as net investment hedges of foreign currency exposures on net investments in foreign operations using the borrowings as the hedging instrument. These hedge designations allow the Group to mitigate the risk of foreign currency exposures on the carrying amount of net assets in foreign operations in its Group consolidated financial statements.

The borrowings designated in net investment hedge relationships are measured at fair value, with the effective portion of the change in value of the borrowings being recognised directly through other comprehensive income in the foreign currency translation reserve. Any ineffectiveness arising on such hedging relationships is recognised immediately in the income statement.

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

#### Currency swaps

The Group also hedges a portion of its transactional currency exposure through the use of currency swaps. Transactional exposures arise from sales or purchases by an operating unit in currencies other than the unit's functional currency. The Group requires its operating units to use forward currency contracts to eliminate the currency exposures on certain foreign currency purchases. The forward currency contracts must be in the same currency and match the settlement terms of the hedged item.

The following table details the Group's exposure to transactional foreign currency risk at 31 July 2015:

2015 in EUR '000	GBP	USD	CAD	CHF	EUR	Other	Total
Trade receivables	8,520	6,753	1,424	6,764	9,494	2,720	35,675
Other receivables	–	2	–	–	3,444	88	3,534
Cash and cash equivalents	306	4,601	45	1,849	9,940	594	17,335
Trade payables	(8,534)	(23,674)	(491)	(1,090)	(28,339)	(3,468)	(65,596)
Other payables	(623)	(165)	–	(339)	(1,017)	–	(2,144)
Derivative financial instruments	(264)	(8,322)	(88)	–	(2,295)	9	(10,960)
<b>At 31 July 2015</b>	<b>(595)</b>	<b>(20,805)</b>	<b>890</b>	<b>7,184</b>	<b>(8,773)</b>	<b>(57)</b>	<b>(22,156)</b>

The following table details the Group's exposure to transactional foreign currency risk at 31 July 2014:

2014 in EUR '000	GBP	USD	CAD	CHF	EUR	Other	Total
Trade receivables	20,000	5,008	–	295	4,497	2,626	32,426
Other receivables	230	74	–	–	516	42	862
Cash and cash equivalents	4,929	9,333	580	450	7,539	903	23,734
Trade payables	(12,502)	(15,242)	–	(8,302)	(47,117)	(2,352)	(85,515)
Other payables	(1,594)	(16,915)	–	(104)	(5,094)	(134)	(23,841)
Derivative financial instruments	–	(2,655)	–	–	(1,453)	–	(4,108)
<b>At 31 July 2014</b>	<b>11,063</b>	<b>(20,397)</b>	<b>580</b>	<b>(7,661)</b>	<b>(41,112)</b>	<b>1,085</b>	<b>(56,442)</b>

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

#### Currency sensitivity analysis

A 10% strengthening or weakening of the euro against the following currencies at 31 July would have increased/(decreased) equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis as in the prior year.

2015 in EUR '000	10% strengthening income statement	10% strengthening equity	10% weakening income statement	10% weakening equity
GBP	30	14,720	(37)	(17,991)
USD	1,135	35,375	(1,387)	(43,236)
CAD	(89)	11,473	109	(14,022)
CHF	(653)	–	798	–
<b>At 31 July 2015</b>	<b>423</b>	<b>61,568</b>	<b>(517)</b>	<b>(75,249)</b>

2014 in EUR '000	10% strengthening income statement	10% strengthening equity	10% weakening income statement	10% weakening equity
GBP	(1,006)	17,642	1,229	(21,563)
USD	1,613	44,400	(1,971)	(54,266)
CAD	(53)	16,074	64	(19,647)
CHF	696	–	(851)	–
<b>At 31 July 2014</b>	<b>1,250</b>	<b>78,116</b>	<b>(1,529)</b>	<b>(95,476)</b>

The impact on equity from changing exchange rates results principally from foreign currency loans designated as net investment hedges. This impact would be offset by the revaluation of the hedged net assets, which would also be recorded in equity.

#### Interest rate risk

The Group's debt bears both variable and fixed rates of interest as per the original contracts. Fixed rate debt is achieved through the issuance of fixed rate debt or the use of interest rate swaps. At 31 July, the interest rate profile of the Group's interest-bearing financial instruments was as follows:

in EUR '000	Carrying amount 2015	Carrying amount 2014
<b>Fixed rate instruments</b>		
Bank borrowings	<b>(1,250,846)</b>	(1,207,868)
Finance lease liabilities	<b>(1,425)</b>	(534)
	<b>(1,252,271)</b>	(1,208,402)
<b>Variable rate instruments</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	<b>316,867</b>	694,838
Bank overdrafts	<b>(68,834)</b>	(256,031)
Bank borrowings	<b>(720,865)</b>	(884,396)
<b>Total interest-bearing financial instruments</b>	<b>(1,725,103)</b>	(1,653,991)

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

#### Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate liabilities

A change of 50 bps in interest rates at the reporting date would have had the effect as shown below on the Group Consolidated Income Statement and equity. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest earned on cash and cash equivalents and foreign currency exchange rates, remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis as in the prior year.

2015 in EUR '000	Principal amount	Impact of 50 bp increase on income statement	Impact of 50 bp increase on equity
Bank overdrafts	(68,834)	(344)	–
Variable rate bank borrowings	(720,865)	(3,604)	–
Interest rate swaps	510,068	–	2,550
<b>Cash flow sensitivity, net</b>	<b>(279,631)</b>	<b>(3,948)</b>	<b>2,550</b>

2014 in EUR '000	Principal amount	Impact of 50 bp increase on income statement	Impact of 50 bp increase on equity
Bank overdrafts	(256,031)	(1,280)	–
Variable rate bank borrowings	(884,396)	(4,422)	–
Interest rate swaps	402,537	–	2,013
<b>Cash flow sensitivity, net</b>	<b>(737,890)</b>	<b>(5,702)</b>	<b>2,013</b>

#### Commodity price risk

The Group purchases and sells certain commodities for the purposes of receipt or delivery and uses derivative contracts to protect itself from movements in prices other than exchange differences. These contracts are classified as 'own use' contracts, as they were entered into and continue to be held for the purpose of the receipt or delivery of the non-financial item, in accordance with the business unit's expected purchase, sale or usage requirements. 'Own use' contracts are outside the scope of IAS 39, 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement', and are accounted for on an accruals basis. Where a commodity contract is not entered into, or does not continue to be held to meet the Group's own purchase, sale or usage requirements, it is treated as a derivative financial instrument, and the recognition and measurement requirements of IAS 39 are applied.

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

#### 23 Deferred income from government grants

in EUR '000	2015	2014
At 1 August	21,261	25,251
Received during the year	193	214
Arising on business disposals	(373)	–
Recognised in Group Consolidated Income Statement	(4,107)	(4,249)
Translation adjustment	24	45
<b>At 31 July</b>	<b>16,998</b>	<b>21,261</b>

#### 24 Deferred income tax

The deductible and taxable temporary differences at the balance sheet date, in respect of which deferred income tax has been recognised, are analysed as follows:

in EUR '000	2015	2014
<b>Deferred tax income assets (deductible temporary differences)</b>		
Property, plant and equipment	11,427	3,403
Employee compensation	4,725	4,092
Pension related	5,161	4,795
Financing related	1,165	201
Tax loss carry-forwards and tax credits	71,856	49,272
Other	11,245	10,985
	<b>105,579</b>	<b>72,748</b>
<b>Deferred tax income liabilities (taxable temporary differences)</b>		
Property, plant and equipment	(103,530)	(97,745)
Intangible assets	(246,116)	(255,639)
Pension related	(432)	(858)
Financing related	(11,269)	(11,139)
Unremitted earnings	(75,293)	(62,405)
Other	(10,478)	(6,400)
	<b>(447,118)</b>	<b>(434,186)</b>

#### Unrecognised deferred income taxes

The deductible temporary differences, as well as the unused tax losses and tax credits, for which no deferred tax assets are recognised expire as follows:

in EUR '000	2015	2014
Within one year	–	451
Between one and five years	676	1,042
After five years	19,974	16,389
<b>Total unrecognised tax losses</b>	<b>20,650</b>	<b>17,882</b>

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

Deferred income tax liabilities of €15,745,000 (2014: €13,604,000) have not been recognised for withholding tax and other taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings of certain subsidiaries, as the timing of the reversal of these temporary differences is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Movements in net deferred tax assets/(liabilities), during the year, were as follows:

2015 in EUR '000	Property, plant & equipment	Employee compen- sation	Pension related	Financing related	Tax losses, credits and unremitted earnings	Other	Sub-Total	Intangible assets	Total Continuing Operations	Dis- continued Operations	Total
At 1 August 2014	(88,853)	4,091	1,611	(11,132)	(13,133)	5,314	(102,102)	(246,717)	(348,819)	(12,619)	(361,438)
Recognised in Group Consolidated Income Statement	9,969	2	1,908	(310)	12,274	(7,886)	15,957	35,104	51,061	765	51,826
Recognised in Group Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income	-	-	1,216	2,914	-	2,950	7,080	-	7,080	2,694	9,774
Arising on business combination (note 29)	(4,642)	-	-	-	-	-	(4,642)	(12,869)	(17,511)	-	(17,511)
Disposal of discontinued operations (note 2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,355	10,355
Translation adjustments and other	(8,577)	632	(6)	(1,576)	(2,578)	389	(11,716)	(21,634)	(33,350)	(1,195)	(34,545)
<b>At 31 July 2015</b>	<b>(92,103)</b>	<b>4,725</b>	<b>4,729</b>	<b>(10,104)</b>	<b>(3,437)</b>	<b>767</b>	<b>(95,423)</b>	<b>(246,116)</b>	<b>(341,539)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(341,539)</b>

2014 in EUR '000	Property, plant & equipment	Employee compen- sation	Pension related	Financing related	Tax losses, credits and unremitted earnings	Other	Sub-Total	Intangible assets	Total Continuing Operations	Dis- continued Operations	Total
At 1 August 2013	(90,722)	5,570	2,485	(1,584)	(4,437)	9,106	(79,582)	(240,554)	(320,136)	(10,734)	(330,870)
Recognised in Group Consolidated Income Statement	6,790	(1,389)	467	(9,017)	(8,165)	(3,627)	(14,941)	28,710	13,769	260	14,029
Recognised in Group Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income	(312)	-	(2)	(450)	-	(1,103)	(1,867)	-	(1,867)	222	(1,645)
Arising on business combination (note 29)	(6,403)	-	-	-	-	-	(6,403)	(35,469)	(41,872)	(1,664)	(43,536)
Translation adjustments and other	1,794	(90)	(1,339)	(81)	(531)	938	691	596	1,287	(703)	584
<b>At 31 July 2014</b>	<b>(88,853)</b>	<b>4,091</b>	<b>1,611</b>	<b>(11,132)</b>	<b>(13,133)</b>	<b>5,314</b>	<b>(102,102)</b>	<b>(246,717)</b>	<b>(348,819)</b>	<b>(12,619)</b>	<b>(361,438)</b>



## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

#### 25 Employee benefits

The Group operates a number of defined benefit and defined contribution pension plans in various jurisdictions. The majority of plans are externally funded with plan assets held in corresponding separate trustee-administered funds, governed by local regulations and practice in each country.

The trustees of the various pension funds are required by law to act in the best interests of the plan participants and are responsible for investment strategy and plan administration. The level of benefits available to members depends on length of service and either their average salary over their period of employment, their salary in the final years leading up to retirement or in some cases historical salaries, depending on the rules of the individual plan.

Long-term employee benefits included in the Group Consolidated Balance Sheet comprises the following:

in EUR '000	2015	2014
Deficit in Food Group defined benefit plans	<b>13,487</b>	5,692
Deficit in defined benefit plans in discontinued operations	–	5,193
Total deficit in defined benefit plans	<b>13,487</b>	10,885
Other <sup>1</sup>	<b>1,787</b>	1,566
<b>Total</b>	<b>15,274</b>	12,451

<sup>1</sup> Other includes provisions to meet unfunded pension fund deficiencies in a variety of insignificant subsidiaries.

The valuations of the defined benefit schemes used for the purposes of the following disclosures are those of the most recent actuarial reviews carried out at 31 May 2015 by an independent, qualified actuary. The valuations have been performed using the projected unit method.

#### Employee benefit plan risks

The employee benefit plans expose the Group to a number of risks, the most significant of which are:

##### *Asset volatility*

The plan liabilities are calculated using a discount rate set with reference to corporate bond yields. If assets underperform this yield, this will create a deficit. The plans hold a significant proportion of equities which, though expected to outperform corporate bonds in the long-term, create volatility and risk. The allocation to equities is monitored to ensure it remains appropriate given the long-term objectives of the plans.

##### *Changes in bond yields*

An increase in corporate bond yields will decrease the value placed on liabilities of the plans, although this will be partially offset by a decrease in the value of the bond holdings within the plans.

##### *Inflation risk*

In certain plans the benefit obligations are linked to inflation, with the result that higher inflation will lead to higher liabilities (although caps on the level of inflationary increases are in place). The majority of the assets are either unaffected by or only loosely correlated with inflation, meaning that an increase in inflation will also increase the deficit.

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

#### *Life expectancy*

In the event that members live longer than assumed a further deficit will emerge.

The Group ensures that the investment positions are managed with an asset-liability matching ('ALM') framework that has been developed to achieve long-term investments that are in line with the obligations under the pension plans. Within this framework, the Group's ALM objective is to match assets to the pension obligations by investing in long-term fixed interest securities with maturities that match the benefit payments as they fall due and in the appropriate currency.

#### **Financial assumptions**

The main assumptions used were determined based on management experience and expectations in each country, as well as actuarial advice based on published statistics.

An average of these assumptions across all plans were as follows:

	<b>2015</b>	2014
Rate of increase in salaries	<b>1.78%</b>	2.09%
Rate of increases in pensions in payment and deferred benefits	<b>0.00%</b>	2.54%
Discount rate on plan liabilities	<b>1.04%</b>	3.25%

The mortality assumptions imply the following life expectancies, in years, of an active member on retiring at age 65, 20 years from now:

	<b>2015</b>	2014
Male	<b>23.2</b>	23.7
Female	<b>25.7</b>	26.0

The mortality assumptions imply the following life expectancies, in years, of an active member, aged 65, retiring now:

	<b>2015</b>	2014
Male	<b>21.5</b>	21.9
Female	<b>24.0</b>	24.2

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

The sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to changes in the principal financial actuarial assumptions is set out below. The present value of the defined benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method, which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation recognised in the Group Consolidated Balance Sheet. The impact on the defined benefit obligation as at 31 July 2015 is on the basis that only one principal financial actuarial assumption is changed, with all other assumptions remaining unchanged.

The methods and types of assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis did not change compared to the previous period.

Assumption	Change in Assumption	Impact on plan liabilities
Discount rate	Increase/decrease 0.5%	Decrease/increase by 7.9%
Salary inflation	Increase/decrease 0.5%	Increase/decrease by 1.0%

Net pension liability in EUR '000	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Fair value of plan assets:					
Equities	18,617	43,059	47,085	43,087	42,230
Bonds	26,979	61,671	65,389	73,718	57,675
Property	14,155	8,532	14,957	9,545	12,301
Other	7,075	18,112	17,375	21,355	20,988
Total fair value of assets	66,826	131,374	144,806	147,705	133,194
Present value of plan liabilities	(80,313)	(142,259)	(163,727)	(167,511)	(145,303)
Deficit in the plans	(13,487)	(10,885)	(18,921)	(19,806)	(12,109)
Related deferred tax asset (note 24)	4,729	3,937	5,255	4,842	5,302
<b>Net pension liability</b>	<b>(8,758)</b>	<b>(6,948)</b>	<b>(13,666)</b>	<b>(14,964)</b>	<b>(6,807)</b>

Movement in the fair value of Plan assets in EUR '000	2015	2014
Fair value of plan assets at 1 August	131,374	144,806
Interest income	1,004	5,140
Employer contributions	3,079	4,983
Special pension contribution on wind-up	–	6,500
Employee contributions	2,612	2,462
Benefit payments made	(417)	(4,368)
Plan settlements	(1,287)	(5,343)
Movements in discontinued operations	6,960	–
Disposals as part of discontinued operations	(87,310)	–
Transfer on scheme wind-up	–	(29,733)
Actuarial return on plan assets (excluding interest income)	2,982	1,325
Other	–	(155)
Translation adjustments	7,829	5,757
<b>Fair value of plan assets at 31 July</b>	<b>66,826</b>	<b>131,374</b>

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

<b>Movement in the present value of Plan obligations</b> in EUR '000	<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>
Present value of plan obligations at 1 August	(142,259)	(163,727)
Current service cost	(3,618)	(3,753)
Past service gain	–	1,424
Settlement gain	636	1,294
Interest expense on plan obligations	(1,085)	(5,574)
Employee contributions	(2,612)	(2,462)
Benefit payments made	417	4,368
Plan settlements	1,287	5,343
Movements in discontinued operations	(26,007)	–
Disposals as part of discontinued operations	111,550	–
Transfer on scheme wind-up	–	29,733
Actuarial changes in demographic and financial assumptions	(6,393)	(3,063)
Actuarial experience adjustments	(3,471)	(114)
Other	–	(22)
Translation adjustments	(8,758)	(5,706)
<b>Present value of plan obligations at 31 July</b>	<b>(80,313)</b>	<b>(142,259)</b>

#### **Movement in net liability recognised in the Group Consolidated**

<b>Balance Sheet</b> in EUR '000	<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>
Net liability in plans at 1 August	(10,885)	(18,921)
Current service cost	(3,618)	(3,753)
Past service gain	–	1,424
Settlement gain	636	1,294
Employer contributions	3,079	4,983
Movements in discontinued operations	(19,047)	–
Disposals as part of discontinued operations (note 2)	24,240	–
Special contribution on scheme wind up	–	6,500
Net interest expense	(81)	(434)
Actuarial loss on Group defined benefit pension plans	(6,882)	(1,852)
Other	–	(177)
Translation adjustments	(929)	51
<b>Net liability in plans at 31 July</b>	<b>(13,487)</b>	<b>(10,885)</b>

The estimated contributions expected to be paid during the year ending 31 July 2016 in respect of the Group's defined benefit plans is €4,959,000.

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

#### Analysis of defined benefit expense recognised in the Group Consolidated Income Statement

in EUR '000	2015	2014
Current service cost	<b>3,618</b>	3,753
Past service gain	–	(1,424)
Settlement gain	<b>(636)</b>	(1,294)
Administration expenses	–	155
Non-financing expense recognised in Group Consolidated Income Statement	<b>2,982</b>	1,190
Included in financing costs, net – continuing operations	<b>81</b>	59
Included in financing costs, net – discontinued operations	–	375
<b>Net charge to Group Consolidated Income Statement</b>	<b>3,063</b>	1,624

Additionally, a charge of €14,557,000 (2014: €10,142,000) was recorded in the Group Consolidated Income Statement in respect of the Group's defined contribution plans within continuing operations.

#### Defined benefit pension expense recognised in Group Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

in EUR '000	2015	2014
Return on plan assets (excluding interest income)	<b>2,982</b>	1,325
Experience losses on plan liabilities	<b>(3,471)</b>	(114)
Changes in demographic and financial assumptions	<b>(6,393)</b>	(3,063)
Actuarial loss	<b>(6,882)</b>	(1,852)
Deferred tax effect of actuarial loss	<b>1,216</b>	221
<b>Actuarial loss recognised in Group Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income</b>	<b>(5,666)</b>	(1,631)

History of experience gains and losses:	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
<b>Difference between expected and actual return on plan assets and losses:</b>					
– Amount (in €'000)	<b>2,982</b>	1,325	3,679	712	(63)
– % of Plan assets	<b>4.46%</b>	1.01%	2.54%	0.48%	(0.05)%
<b>Experience (losses)/gains on plan obligations:</b>					
– Amount (in €'000)	<b>(3,471)</b>	(114)	(1,055)	(880)	(343)
– % of Plan obligations	<b>(4.32)%</b>	(0.08)%	(0.64)%	(0.53)%	(0.24)%
<b>Total actuarial losses recognised in Group Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income:</b>					
– Amount (in €'000)	<b>(6,882)</b>	(1,852)	(3,840)	(10,710)	(1,881)
– % of Plan obligations	<b>(8.57)%</b>	(1.30)%	(2.35)%	(6.39)%	(1.29)%

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

## 26 Shareholders equity

Registered shares of CHF 0.02 each – authorised, issued and fully paid	2015 '000	2015 in EUR '000	2014 '000	2014 in EUR '000
At 1 August	91,811	1,172	91,811	1,172
Issue of registered shares (CHF 0.02)	–	–	–	–
<b>At 31 July</b>	<b>91,811</b>	<b>1,172</b>	<b>91,811</b>	<b>1,172</b>

At the Annual General Meeting on 10 December 2013, the shareholders approved the resolution to modify Article 5 of the Articles of Association (Authorised capital for general purposes). Pursuant to these modifications, the Board of Directors is now authorised to increase the share capital at any time until 10 December 2015, by an amount not exceeding CHF 183,621.06, through the issue of up to a maximum of 9,181,053 fully paid-up registered shares with a nominal value of CHF 0.02 each.

Furthermore, the Board of Directors was authorised to exclude the subscription rights of the shareholders and to allocate them to third parties if the shares are used for the following purposes:

- (1) acquisition of companies, parts of companies or equity holdings or for new investment projects or for financing of such transactions (maximum of 9,181,053 fully paid-up registered shares),
- (2) broadening the shareholder constituency (maximum of 4,590,526 fully paid-up registered shares), or
- (3) for the purpose of the participation of employees (maximum of 3,060,351 fully paid-up registered shares).

Treasury shares of CHF 0.02 each – authorised, called up and fully paid	2015 '000	2015 in EUR '000	2014 '000	2014 in EUR '000
At 1 August	3,636	55	3,691	56
Release of treasury shares upon vesting and exercise of equity entitlements	(584)	(8)	(55)	(1)
<b>At 31 July</b>	<b>3,052</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>3,636</b>	<b>55</b>

During the year ended 31 July 2015, 501,000 vested Option Equivalent Plan awards were exercised, in exchange for 256,703 shares. The weighted average share price at the time of these exercises was CHF 79.98 per share.

The performance conditions associated with 327,052 Matching Plan awards were fulfilled during the year ended 31 July 2014. Therefore, these awards were approved as vested by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and were subsequently exercised by management during the period ended 31 July 2015.

During the year ended 31 July 2014, 115,000 vested Option Equivalent Plan awards were exercised, in exchange for 55,182 shares. The weighted average share price at the time of these exercises was CHF 72.96 per share.

The shares issued as part of these exercises were issued out of shares previously held in treasury by ARY LTIP Trustee, a wholly-owned subsidiary within the ARYZTA AG Group.

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

#### Other equity reserve

In October 2010, the Group raised CHF 400,000,000 through the issuance of a perpetual Callable Subordinated Instrument ('Hybrid Instrument'), which was recognised at a carrying value of €285,004,000 within equity, net of transaction costs. This Hybrid Instrument offered a coupon of 5.0% and had no maturity date, with an initial call date by ARYZTA in October 2014. In October 2014, the Group repaid the CHF 400,000,000 (€331,680,000) Hybrid Instrument, in line with the initial call date.

In April 2013, the Group raised CHF 400,000,000 through the issuance of an additional Hybrid Instrument, which was recognised at a carrying value of €319,442,000 within equity, net of transaction costs of €4,865,000. This Hybrid Instrument offers a coupon of 4.0% and has no maturity date, with an initial call date by ARYZTA in April 2018. In the event that the call option is not exercised, the coupon would be 605 bps, plus the 3-month CHF LIBOR.

In October 2014, the Group raised CHF 190,000,000 through the issuance of an additional Hybrid Instrument. This Hybrid Instrument offers a coupon of 3.5% and has no maturity date, with an initial call date by ARYZTA in April 2020. In the event that the call option is not exercised, the coupon would be 421 bps, plus the 3-month CHF LIBOR.

In November 2014, the Group raised €250,000,000 through the issuance of an additional Hybrid Instrument. This Hybrid Instrument offers a coupon of 4.5% and has no maturity date, with an initial call date by ARYZTA in March 2019. In the event that the call option is not exercised, the coupon would be 677 bps, plus the 5 year swap rate.

The two Hybrid instruments issued during the year ended 31 July 2015 were recognised at a combined value of €401,014,000 within equity, net of related transaction costs of €6,534,000.

#### Other equity reserve

in EUR '000

	2015	2014
At 1 August	604,446	604,446
Redemption of perpetual callable subordinated instrument	(285,004)	–
Issuance of hybrid instruments, net of transaction costs	401,014	–
<b>At 31 July</b>	<b>720,456</b>	604,446

The total coupon recognised for these Hybrid instruments during the year ended 31 July 2015 was €30,673,000 (2014: €29,548,000).

#### Cash flow hedge reserve

The cash flow hedge reserve comprises of the effective portion of the cumulative net change in the fair value of cash flow hedging instruments related to hedged transactions that have not yet occurred.

#### Revaluation reserve

The revaluation reserve as of 31 July 2014 related to surpluses arising on revaluations of land and buildings previously held as investment property. During the year ended 31 July 2015, the revaluation reserve was transferred to retained earnings in connection with the disposal of Origin.

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

#### Share-based payment reserve

This reserve comprises amounts credited to reserves in connection with equity awards, less the amount related to any such awards that become vested.

#### Foreign currency translation reserve

The foreign currency translation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences since the date of the Group's transition to IFRS, arising from translation of the net assets of the Group's non-euro-denominated functional currency operations into euro, the Group's presentation currency.

#### Transaction with non-controlling interest

During March 2012, the Group entered into an agreement to acquire the remaining 40% interest in HiCoPain AG. Based on this agreement, the non-controlling interest shareholder continues to participate in the risk and rewards of the business until the final exit date, which is expected to occur during 2016. At that time, consideration based on the net book value of HiCoPain AG will be paid to the non-controlling interest shareholder.

Total estimated future consideration and related costs to be paid in connection with this transaction of CHF 17,349,000 (€14,412,000) were recorded as a reduction in retained earnings of the Group at the time of the agreement. As of 31 July 2015, the remaining estimated liability is €15,185,000 (2014: €13,271,000). Upon payment of the consideration and final exit of the minority shareholder, the carrying value of the related non-controlling interest will then be eliminated directly as an increase in retained earnings.

#### Capital management

The capital managed by the Group consists of the Group equity of €3,221,943,000 (2014: €2,791,457,000). The Group has set the following goals for the management of its capital:

- To maintain prudent net debt (as set out in note 21 of these Group consolidated financial statements) to EBITDA<sup>1</sup> and interest cover (EBITDA<sup>1</sup> to interest) ratios to support a prudent capital base and ensure a long-term sustainable business.
- To achieve a return for investors in excess of the Group's weighted average cost of capital.
- To apply a dividend policy which takes into account the Group's financial performance and position, the Group's future outlook and other relevant factors including tax and other legal considerations.

The net debt of continuing operations (Food Group) amounted to €1,725,103,000 at 31 July 2015 (2014: €1,642,079,000).

The Group employs four ratio targets to monitor equity and its financing covenants:

- The Food Group's net debt to EBITDA<sup>1</sup> ratio is below 3.5 times – the ratio was 2.54 times at 31 July 2015 (2014: 2.49 times).
- The Food Group's interest cover (EBITDA<sup>1</sup> to interest including hybrid) is above 4 times – the ratio was 5.76 times at 31 July 2015 (2014: 7.29 times).
- The Food Group's minimum equity shall not be below €1,000,000,000 at any time – the equity at 31 July 2015 was €3,221,943,000 (2014: €2,613,325,000).
- The Food Group's minimum equity ratio (equity / consolidated assets) shall amount to at least 35% at any time – the ratio was 48% at 31 July 2015 (2014: 43%).

<sup>1</sup> Calculated based on the terms of the Group Syndicated Bank Loan Revolving Credit Facility



## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

These ratios are reported to the Board of Directors at regular intervals through internal financial reporting.

The proposed pay-out ratio to shareholders for the Group's financial year to 31 July 2015 is 15% of fully diluted underlying earnings per share. The pay-out will be in the form of a dividend. The pay-out ratio and form of pay-out proposed by the Board will be reviewed on an annual basis and is subject to the decision of the Annual General Meeting of the shareholders.

## 27 Non-controlling interests

in EUR '000	2015	2014
Balance at 1 August	<b>87,752</b>	97,610
Share of profit for the year	<b>7,519</b>	24,026
Share of profit recognised in other comprehensive income	<b>333</b>	3,150
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests – continuing operations	<b>(4,330)</b>	(3,248)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests – discontinued operations	<b>(7,977)</b>	(7,503)
Acquisition of non-controlling interests	<b>(134)</b>	–
Disposal as part of discontinued operations (note 2)	<b>(64,727)</b>	–
Portion of share-based payment charge	–	243
Origin tender offer share buyback, net	–	(26,526)
<b>Balance at 31 July</b>	<b>18,436</b>	87,752

### Transactions with non-controlling interests

The Group completed an offering of 49 million ordinary shares in Origin on 25 March 2015, thereby reducing the Group's holding from 68.1% to 29.0%. Thereafter, Origin is presented as an associate asset held-for-sale, and the related non-controlling interests balance of €64,727,000 has been de-recognised, in accordance with IFRS 5 'Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations'.

Following approval from shareholders at Origin's extraordinary general meeting on 18 November 2013, Origin completed a Tender Offer in December 2013. Pursuant to this offer, Origin repurchased 13.3 million shares at €7.50 per share. ARYZTA participated in this offer by successfully tendering 9.7 million shares, thereby reducing ARYZTA's shareholding in Origin to 85.3 million shares. As not all Origin shareholders elected to participate in full, this reduced ARYZTA's shareholding in Origin from 68.6% to 68.1%.

The difference between the total Tender Offer proceeds paid by Origin and the amount received by ARYZTA represented a transaction with the non-controlling shareholders of Origin, which was reflected as a €28,432,000 decrease in non-controlling interests within ARYZTA's consolidated financial statements, net of transaction related costs. As this transaction also resulted in a dilution of ARYZTA's interest in Origin, the Group recorded a reduction in the individual equity balances within the Group's total shareholders' equity in the amount of €1,906,000 and allocated these balances as an increase in non-controlling interests.

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

## 28 Commitments

### 28.1 Commitments under operating leases

Non-cancellable operating lease rentals are payable as set out below. These amounts represent minimum future lease payments, in aggregate, that the Group is required to make under existing lease agreements.

in EUR '000	2015	2014
<b>Operating lease commitments payable - continuing operations:</b>		
Within one year	<b>54,256</b>	50,453
In two to five years	<b>155,322</b>	126,784
After more than five years	<b>120,699</b>	118,314
	<b>330,277</b>	295,551

### 28.2 Capital commitments

Capital expenditure contracted for at the end of the reporting period, but not yet incurred, is as follows:

in EUR '000	2015	2014
Property, plant and equipment	<b>37,293</b>	98,340
Intangible assets	<b>6,487</b>	4,415
Total - continuing operations	<b>43,780</b>	102,755

### 28.3 Other commitments

The bank and private placement borrowings of the Group share security via a security assignment agreement. In addition to this, the private placement borrowings of the Group are secured by guarantees from ARYZTA AG and upstream guarantees from various companies within the Group.

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

## 29 Business combinations

### 29.1 Acquisitions in financial year 2015

During the year ended 31 July 2015, the Group completed the 100% acquisitions of two businesses in the Food Europe segment.

The details of the net assets acquired and goodwill arising from these business combinations are set out below and the entity information of any significant new subsidiaries is included in note 35. The goodwill arising on these business combinations is attributable to the skills and talent of the in-place work-force and the synergies expected to be achieved from integrating the acquired operations into the Group's existing businesses.

in EUR '000	Provisional fair values
<b>Provisional fair value of net assets acquired:</b>	
Property, plant and equipment	77,474
Intangible assets	55,671
Inventory	7,703
Trade and other receivables	15,926
Trade and other payables	(31,515)
Finance leases	(1,292)
Deferred tax	(17,511)
Income tax payable	(2,672)
<b>Net assets acquired</b>	<b>103,784</b>
Goodwill arising on acquisitions	87,112
<b>Consideration</b>	<b>190,896</b>
<b>Satisfied by:</b>	
Cash consideration	155,713
Cash acquired	(7,183)
<b>Net cash consideration</b>	<b>148,530</b>
Contingent consideration (note 19)	42,366
<b>Total consideration</b>	<b>190,896</b>

The net cash outflow on these acquisitions during the year is disclosed in the Group Consolidated Cash Flow Statement as follows:

in EUR '000	Total
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>	
Cash consideration	155,713
Cash acquired	(7,183)
<b>Net cash consideration within investment activities</b>	<b>148,530</b>
Finance leases acquired within net debt	1,292
<b>Net debt consideration</b>	<b>149,822</b>

Costs of €9,982,000 related to the Group's acquisition-related activities were charged to the Group Consolidated Income Statement during the year ended 31 July 2015, as included in note 3, Net acquisition, disposal and restructuring-related costs and fair value adjustments.

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

The impact of these business combinations during the year on the Group Consolidated Income Statement is set out in the following table:

in EUR '000	<b>Total</b>
Revenue	48,870
Profit for the year	2,874

If these acquisitions had occurred on 1 August 2014, management estimates that the consolidated revenue from continuing operations would have been €3,911,951,000 and profit for the year from continuing operations would have been €4,925,000. In making this determination, management has assumed that the fair value adjustments that arose on the date of the acquisition would have been the same if the acquisitions had occurred on 1 August 2014.

For the identification and estimation of the fair value of the intangibles acquired as part of these acquisitions, ARYZTA was assisted by an independent non-audit appraisal firm. The identified intangibles acquired primarily related to customer relationships, which were valued using the income approach method.

The fair values presented in this note are based on provisional valuations, due to the complexity of the transactions.

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

#### 29.2 Acquisitions in financial year 2014

During the year ended 31 July 2014, the Group completed the 100% acquisitions of Cloverhill Bakery, a leading manufacturer of individually wrapped Ready-To-Eat snacks in the United States and Pineridge Bakery, a top-tier speciality bakery in Canada, as well as multiple other smaller acquisitions.

in EUR '000	Cloverhill	Pineridge	Other	Final fair values
<b>Final fair value of net assets acquired:</b>				
Property, plant and equipment	67,308	30,134	43,248	140,690
Intangible assets	223,368	87,577	60,573	371,518
Inventory	8,654	9,619	14,402	32,675
Trade and other receivables	12,406	8,147	8,937	29,490
Trade and other payables	(33,570)	(27,253)	(16,863)	(77,686)
Employee benefits	–	–	(22)	(22)
Finance leases	(24)	–	–	(24)
Deferred tax	(9,722)	(24,580)	(9,234)	(43,536)
Income tax payable	(1,094)	(2,191)	(2,390)	(5,675)
<b>Net assets acquired</b>	<b>267,326</b>	<b>81,453</b>	<b>98,651</b>	<b>447,430</b>
Goodwill arising on acquisitions	245,405	136,968	68,119	450,492
<b>Consideration</b>	<b>512,731</b>	<b>218,421</b>	<b>166,770</b>	<b>897,922</b>
<b>Satisfied by:</b>				
Cash consideration	516,078	218,885	147,112	882,075
Cash acquired	(3,347)	(2,757)	(187)	(6,291)
<b>Net cash consideration</b>	<b>512,731</b>	<b>216,128</b>	<b>146,925</b>	<b>875,784</b>
Contingent consideration (note 19)	–	2,293	4,061	6,354
Put option liability (note 22)	–	–	15,784	15,784
<b>Total consideration</b>	<b>512,731</b>	<b>218,421</b>	<b>166,770</b>	<b>897,922</b>

The net cash outflow on acquisitions during the prior year was disclosed in the Group Consolidated Cash Flow Statement as follows:

in EUR '000	Continuing Operations Total	Discontinued operations Total	Total
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>			
Cash consideration	869,083	12,992	882,075
Cash acquired	(6,291)	–	(6,291)
<b>Net cash consideration</b>	<b>862,792</b>	<b>12,992</b>	<b>875,784</b>

Costs of €7,234,000 related to the acquisitions of continuing operations were charged to the Group Consolidated Income Statement during the year ended 31 July 2014, as included in note 3, Net acquisition, disposal and restructuring-related costs and fair value adjustments.

For the identification and estimation of the fair value of the intangibles acquired as part of these acquisitions, ARYZTA was assisted by an independent non-audit appraisal firm. The identified intangibles acquired primarily related to customer relationships, which were valued using the income approach method.

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

#### 30 Contingent liabilities

The Group is subject to litigation risks and legal claims that arise in the ordinary course of business, for which the outcomes are not yet known. These claims are not currently expected to give rise to any material significant future cost or contingencies.

#### 31 Related party transactions

In the normal course of business, the Group undertakes transactions with its associates, joint ventures and other related parties. A summary of transactions with these related parties within continuing operations is as follows:

in EUR '000	2015	2014
Purchase of goods	(64)	–
Provision of services	578	153
Receiving of services	(2,521)	–

Purchase of goods and provision of services relate primarily to transactions with joint ventures during the year.

Services received during the year ended 31 July 2015 related to broker fees paid totalling €2,521,000 (2014: none) to J&E Davy, primarily in connection with its placing of Origin shares. J. Brian Davy, a member of the ARYZTA Board of Directors, also served as Chairman of J&E Davy, up to his retirement from that board in March 2015. These fees were based on arm's length negotiations and were consistent with costs paid to other providers for similar services.

The trading balances owing to the Group from related parties were €789,000 (2014: €16,347,000) and the trading balances owing from the Group to these related parties were €191,000 (2014: €10,091,000). Non-current other receivables on the Group Consolidated Balance Sheet comprises €28,644,000 which relates to a vendor loan note made to Signature Flatbreads (UK) Ltd, a joint venture undertaking. The coupon rate on the vendor loan note is 5.83% compounding. Unless previously repaid, redeemed or repurchased, the vendor loan note will be repaid in full in March 2020. Non-current other receivables of €42,586,000 in the prior year related primarily to a vendor loan note made to Valeo, an associate undertaking at the time.

#### Compensation of key management

For the purposes of the disclosure requirements of IAS 24, 'Related Party Disclosures', the term 'key management personnel' (i.e. those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group) comprises the Board of Directors and the Group Executive Management, which manage the business and affairs of the Group. A summary of the compensation to key management is as follows:

in EUR '000	2015	2014
Short-term employee benefits	4,187	3,628
Post-employment benefits	394	345
Performance-related bonus	–	2,640
Long-term incentives (LTIP)	881	6,873
<b>Total key management compensation</b>	<b>5,462</b>	<b>13,486</b>

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

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Further detailed disclosure in relation to the compensation entitlements of the Board of Directors and Executive Management is provided in note 10 of the ARYZTA AG Company financial statements.

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### 32 Post balance sheet events – after 31 July 2015

#### Picard

During August 2015, the Group completed its previously announced agreement to acquire a strategic interest in Picard, a speciality premium food business in France. Based on the terms of the final agreement, total consideration paid was €450,732,000, in exchange for a 49.5% interest in Picard.

ARYZTA also retains the right to exercise a call option to acquire the remaining outstanding interest in Picard in three to five years. Picard remains a separately managed entity, with separately funded debt, which is non-recourse to ARYZTA.

#### Origin

During September 2015, the Group completed the divestment of its remaining 29.0% interest in Origin, which was classified as an associate held-for-sale as of 31 July 2015.

ARYZTA raised net proceeds of €225m by placing 36.3m shares in Origin at €6.30 per share, resulting in an estimated net loss of €46m compared to the year-end carrying value of €271m. This fair value adjustment will be accounted for within discontinued operations during the year ending 31 July 2016, along with the operating results of Origin up to the date of disposal.

#### La Rousse Foods

During September 2015, the Group completed the 100% acquisition of La Rousse Foods ('La Rousse') for an enterprise value of €26,500,000. La Rousse supplies fresh, frozen and ambient goods to various restaurants, hotels and caterers across Ireland.

The information required by IFRS 3 (Revised), Business Combinations, has not been disclosed in the annual report due to the proximity between the date of the completion of the acquisition and the date of approval of the Group Financial Statements.

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### 33 Risk assessment required by Swiss law

The Board and senior management continue to invest significant time and resources in identifying specific risks across the Group, and in developing a culture of balanced risk minimisation. The Group has formal risk assessment processes in place through which risks are identified and associated mitigating controls are evaluated. These processes are driven by local management, who are best placed to identify the significant ongoing and emerging risks facing the business. The outputs of these risk assessment processes are subject to various levels of review by Group management and Internal Audit, and a consolidated Risk Map denoting the potential frequency, severity and velocity of identified risks is reviewed by the Board of Directors on an annual basis. Risks identified, and associated mitigating controls, are also subject to audit as part of various operational, financial, health and safety audit programmes.

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

#### 34 Accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses.

Information about significant areas of estimation, uncertainty, and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the Group consolidated financial statements are described below:

Note	Name
Note 8	Share-based payments
Note 14 & 29	Goodwill, intangible assets and business combinations
Note 22	Financial instruments and financial risk
Notes 9 & 24	Income tax expense and deferred income tax
Note 25	Employee benefits

The Group has share-based incentive grants outstanding under various incentive plans. Estimating the value of these grants and the period over which this value is recognised as an expense requires various management estimates and assumptions, as set out in note 8.

Accounting for business combinations is complex in nature, requiring various estimates including: the fair value of assets acquired/liabilities assumed, the identification and valuation of intangible assets received, the estimated contingent consideration to be transferred and the allocation of the excess purchase price to the resulting goodwill, as set out in note 29. Furthermore, testing of assets for impairment, particularly goodwill, involves determination of the cash-generating units, estimating the respective future cash flows and applying the appropriate discount rates, in order to determine an estimated recoverable value of those cash-generating units, as set out in note 14.

Income tax expense, as set out in note 9, and deferred taxes, as set out in note 24, are subject to management estimate. The Group Consolidated Balance Sheet includes deferred taxes relating to temporary differences, which are based on forecasts of the corresponding entity's taxable income and reversal of these temporary differences, forecasted over a period of several years. As actual results may differ from these forecasts, these deferred taxes may need to be adjusted accordingly.

The estimation of employee benefit costs requires the use of actuaries and the determination of appropriate assumptions such as the discount rate, average life expectancy, expected long-term rates of return on plan assets and other assumptions, as set out in note 25.



## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### for the year ended 31 July 2015

### 35 Significant subsidiaries

A list of all of the Group's significant subsidiary undertakings as at 31 July 2015 and 2014 is provided in the table below. For the purposes of this note, a significant subsidiary is one that has third-party revenues equal to, or in excess of, 2% of total Group revenue and/or consolidated Group assets equal to, or in excess of, 2% of total Group assets. A significant associate or joint venture is one in which the Group's share of profits after tax is equal to, or in excess of, 2% of total Group operating profit.

Name	Nature of business	Currency	Share capital millions	Group % share 2015	Group % share 2014	Registered office
<b>(a) Food subsidiaries – Ireland</b>						
ARYZTA Bakeries Ireland	Food manufacturing and distribution	EUR	1.016	100	100	1
ARYZTA Technology Ireland	Asset management company	EUR	0.000	100	100	1
<b>(b) Food subsidiaries – United Kingdom</b>						
Delice de France Limited	Food distribution	GBP	0.250	100	100	2
<b>(c) Food subsidiaries – Mainland Europe</b>						
France Distribution SAS	Food distribution	EUR	0.108	100	100	3
Klemme AG	Food manufacturing and distribution	EUR	3.072	100	100	4
Hiestand Schweiz AG	Food manufacturing and distribution	CHF	3.500	100	100	5
ARYZTA Bakeries Deutschland GmbH	Food manufacturing and distribution	EUR	0.025	100	100	6
Hiestand & Suhr Handels und Logistik GmbH	Food distribution	EUR	0.025	100	100	7
Pré Pain B.V.	Food manufacturing and distribution	EUR	0.018	100	–	8
<b>(d) Food subsidiaries – North America</b>						
ARYZTA LLC	Food manufacturing and distribution	USD	705.000	100	100	9
Oakrun Farm Bakery Limited	Food manufacturing and distribution	CAD	104.753	100	100	10
ARYZTA Limited	Food manufacturing and distribution	CAD	5.347	100	100	11
ARYZTA Canada Co.	Food manufacturing and distribution	CAD	113.400	100	100	12
<b>(e) Food subsidiaries – Rest of World</b>						
ARYZTA Australia Pty Limited	Food manufacturing and distribution	AUD	17.000	100	100	13
<b>(f) Associate held for sale</b>						
Origin Enterprises plc	Agri-Services	EUR	1.264	29	68	14

## Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) for the year ended 31 July 2015

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### Registered Offices:

1. Grangecastle Business Park, New Nangor Road, Clondalkin, Dublin 22, Ireland.
2. 149 Brent Road, Southall, Middlesex UB2 5LJ, England.
3. ZAC de Bel Air, 14 – 16 Avenue Joseph Paxton, Ferrières en Brie, 77164, France.
4. Industriestraße 4, 06295 Lutherstadt Eisleben, Germany.
5. Ifangstrasse 9–11, 8952 Schlieren-Zurich, Switzerland.
6. Brunnenstrasse 128, 13355 Berlin, Germany.
7. Konrad Goldmann Strasse 5 b, 79100 Freiburg im Breisgau, Germany.
8. Kleibultweg 94, Oldenzaal, 7575 BX, the Netherlands.
9. 6080 Center Drive, Suite 900, Los Angeles, CA 90045, United States of America.
10. 58 Carluke Road West, Ancaster, ON L9G 3L1, Canada.
11. 1 Place Ville-Marie, 39th Floor, Montréal QC H3B 4M7, Canada.
12. 1100-1959 Upper Water Street, Halifax, Nova Scotia, B3J 3N2, Canada.
13. 14 Homepride Avenue, Liverpool, NSW 2170, Australia.
14. 151 Thomas Street, Dublin 8, Ireland.

The country of registration is also the principal location of activities in each case.

## Report of the statutory auditor to the General Meeting of ARYZTA AG on the consolidated financial statements 2015



As statutory auditor, we have audited the Group consolidated financial statements of ARYZTA AG, which comprise the Group Consolidated Income Statement, Group Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, Group Consolidated Balance Sheet, Group Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity, Group Consolidated Cash Flow Statement, Group Statement of Accounting Policies and Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (pages 66 to 145), for the year ended 31 July 2015.

### **Board of Directors' responsibility**

The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the Group consolidated financial statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and the requirements of Swiss law. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining an internal control system relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of Group consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. The Board of Directors is further responsible for selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

### **Auditor's responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these Group consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Swiss law and Swiss Auditing Standards as well as the International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the Group consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the Group consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Group consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers the internal control system relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the Group consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control system. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Group consolidated financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

# Report of the statutory auditor to the General Meeting of ARYZTA AG on the consolidated financial statements 2015 (continued)

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## Opinion

In our opinion, the Group consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2015 give a true and fair view of the financial position, the results of operations and the cash flows in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and comply with Swiss law.

## Report on other legal requirements

We confirm that we meet the legal requirements on licensing according to the Auditor Oversight Act (AOA) and independence (article 728 CO and article 11 AOA) and that there are no circumstances incompatible with our independence.

In accordance with article 728a paragraph 1 item 3 CO and Swiss Auditing Standard 890, we confirm that an internal control system exists which has been designed for the preparation of Group consolidated financial statements according to the instructions of the Board of Directors.

We recommend that the Group consolidated financial statements submitted to you be approved.

PricewaterhouseCoopers AG



Patrick Balkanyi  
Audit expert  
Auditor in charge



Carrie Rohner

Zurich, 2 October 2015