Annual Report and Accounts 2012
Group consolidated
and Company Financial
Statements 2012

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presented in euro and prepared under IFRS and Swiss law

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Statement of Directors’ Responsibilities
for the year ended 31 July 2012

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the Group consolidated and Company financial statements, in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare Group consolidated and Company financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the directors are required to prepare the Group consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (‘IFRS’) and the requirements of Swiss law and to prepare the Company financial statements in accordance with Swiss law and the Company’s Articles of Association.

This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining an internal control system relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the Group consolidated and Company financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing each of the Group consolidated and Company financial statements, the directors are required to:
– select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
– make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
– prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis, unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group and the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper books of account that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with IFRS and the requirements of Swiss law and the Company’s Articles of Association.

They are also responsible for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Group’s website.

On behalf of the Board

Denis Lucey  
Chairman, Board of Directors

Owen Killian  
CEO, Member of the Board of Directors

20 September 2012
**Group Consolidated Income Statement**

for the year ended 31 July 2012

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>in EUR '000</th>
<th>Notes</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Revenue</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>4,207,667</td>
<td>3,876,923</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cost of sales</td>
<td></td>
<td>(3,023,420)</td>
<td>(2,774,960)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gross profit</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,184,247</td>
<td>1,101,963</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distribution expenses</td>
<td>(553,385)</td>
<td>(510,401)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Administration expenses</td>
<td>(292,996)</td>
<td>(289,063)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating profit before net acquisition, disposal and restructuring related costs and fair value adjustments</td>
<td></td>
<td>337,866</td>
<td>302,499</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net acquisition, disposal and restructuring related costs and fair value adjustments</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>(99,629)</td>
<td>(10,036)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating profit</td>
<td></td>
<td>238,237</td>
<td>292,463</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Share of profit after tax of associates and joint ventures</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>14,200</td>
<td>19,479</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profit before financing income, financing costs and income tax expense</td>
<td></td>
<td>252,437</td>
<td>311,942</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financing income</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>14,561</td>
<td>12,065</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financing costs</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>(79,872)</td>
<td>(79,981)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profit before income tax</td>
<td></td>
<td>187,126</td>
<td>244,026</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income tax expense</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>(24,572)</td>
<td>(15,614)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profit for the year</td>
<td></td>
<td>162,554</td>
<td>228,412</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Attributable as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Equity shareholders</td>
<td>146,264</td>
<td>212,657</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-controlling interests</td>
<td>16,290</td>
<td>15,755</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profit for the year</td>
<td>162,554</td>
<td>228,412</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Earnings per share for the year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Notes</th>
<th>2012 euro cent</th>
<th>2011 euro cent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Basic earnings per share</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>150.8</td>
<td>242.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diluted earnings per share</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>149.7</td>
<td>238.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The notes on pages 72 to 143 are an integral part of these Group consolidated financial statements.
Group Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income
for the year ended 31 July 2012

in EUR '000

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Notes</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Profit for the year</td>
<td>162,554</td>
<td>228,412</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Other comprehensive income

Foreign exchange translation effects
- Foreign currency net investments | 246,802 | (18,822) |
- Foreign currency borrowings | 21 (156,513) | 57,600 |
- Recycle of foreign exchange gain on settlement of quasi-equity loans | 3 (668) | (1,398) |
- Recycle on disposal of subsidiary undertakings | | 379 |
- Taxation effect of foreign exchange translation movements | 9 6,863 | (2,876) |
- Share of joint ventures and associates’ foreign exchange translation adjustment | | |

Cash flow hedges
- Effective portion of changes in fair value of cash flow hedges | (3,522) | (2,345) |
- Fair value of cash flow hedges transferred to income statement | 720 | 6,897 |
- Deferred tax effect of cash flow hedges | 9 259 | (286) |
- Share of joint ventures and associates’ loss on cash flow hedges, net of deferred tax | 15 (1,275) | (607) |

Defined benefit plans
- Actuarial loss on Group defined benefit pension plans | 25 (10,710) | (1,881) |
- Deferred tax effect of actuarial loss | 9 2,002 | 67 |
- Share of associates’ actuarial loss on defined benefit plans, net of deferred tax | 15 (4,379) | (490) |
- Deferred tax effect of change in tax rates | 9 (858) | |

Total other comprehensive income | 80,360 | 37,408 |

Total comprehensive income for the year | 242,914 | 265,820 |

Attributable as follows:
- Equity shareholders of the Company | 228,663 | 247,738 |
- Non-controlling interests | 27 14,251 | 18,082 |

Total comprehensive income for the year | 242,914 | 265,820 |

The notes on pages 72 to 143 are an integral part of these Group consolidated financial statements.
### Group Consolidated Balance Sheet

**as at 31 July 2012**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>in EUR '000</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Assets</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-current assets</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property, plant and equipment</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>1,022,587</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investment properties</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>29,268</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Goodwill and intangible assets</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>2,871,982</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investments in associates and joint ventures</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>127,384</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other receivables</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>37,223</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deferred income tax assets</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>85,465</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total non-current assets</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>4,173,909</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current assets</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inventory</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>281,917</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trade and other receivables</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>553,566</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Derivative financial instruments</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>422</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash and cash equivalents</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>547,474</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total current assets</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>1,383,379</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total assets</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>5,557,288</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*The notes on pages 72 to 143 are an integral part of these Group consolidated financial statements.*
### in EUR '000

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Notes</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Equity</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Called up share capital</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>1,172</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Share premium</td>
<td></td>
<td>773,735</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retained earnings and other reserves</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,648,223</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total equity attributable to equity shareholders of the Company</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>2,423,130</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-controlling interests</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>86,225</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total equity</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>2,509,355</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Liabilities

**Non-current liabilities**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Notes</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Interest-bearing loans and borrowings</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>1,330,446</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employee benefits</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>23,710</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deferred income from government grants</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>10,210</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other payables</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>24,580</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deferred income tax liabilities</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>412,122</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Derivative financial instruments</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>2,008</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deferred consideration</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>10,042</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total non-current liabilities</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>1,803,076</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Current liabilities**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Notes</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Interest-bearing loans and borrowings</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>261,119</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trade and other payables</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>942,340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income tax payable</td>
<td></td>
<td>27,440</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Derivative financial instruments</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>3,916</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deferred consideration</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>10,042</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total current liabilities</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>1,244,857</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total liabilities**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Notes</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3,047,933</td>
<td>2,876,934</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total equity and liabilities**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Notes</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5,557,288</td>
<td>5,073,440</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The notes on pages 72 to 143 are an integral part of these Group consolidated financial statements.
### Group Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity
for the year ended 31 July 2012

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>31 July 2012</th>
<th>Share capital</th>
<th>Share premium</th>
<th>Treasury shares</th>
<th>Other equity reserve</th>
<th>Cash flow hedge reserve</th>
<th>Revaluation reserve</th>
<th>Share-based payment reserve</th>
<th>Foreign currency translation reserve</th>
<th>Retained earnings</th>
<th>Total shareholders equity</th>
<th>Non controlling interests</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>At 1 August 2011</strong></td>
<td>1,061</td>
<td>632,951</td>
<td>(30)</td>
<td>285,004</td>
<td>260</td>
<td>17,148</td>
<td>24,989</td>
<td>44,054</td>
<td>1,118,659</td>
<td>2,124,096</td>
<td>72,410</td>
<td>2,196,506</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Profit for the year</strong></td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>146,264</td>
<td>146,264</td>
<td>16,290</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Other comprehensive income</strong></td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(2,721)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>95,910</td>
<td>(10,790)</td>
<td>82,399</td>
<td>(2,039)</td>
<td>80,360</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total comprehensive income</strong></td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(2,721)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>95,910</td>
<td>135,474</td>
<td>228,663</td>
<td>14,251</td>
<td>242,914</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Issue of treasury shares</strong></td>
<td>41</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(41)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Issue of shares, net of costs</strong></td>
<td>70</td>
<td>140,784</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>140,854</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>140,854</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Transfer of share-based payments reserve to retained earnings</strong></td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(21,682)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>21,682</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Release of treasury shares due to exercise of LTIP</strong></td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Share-based payments</strong></td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>6,872</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>6,872</td>
<td>193</td>
<td>7,065</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Equity dividends</strong></td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>41,490</td>
<td>41,490</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(41,490)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dividends to non-controlling interests</strong></td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>6,437</td>
<td>6,437</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Transfer of revaluation reserve to retained earnings</strong></td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>1,361</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>1,361</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dividend accrued on perpetual callable subordinated instrument</strong></td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>16,642</td>
<td>16,642</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>16,642</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total contributions by and distributions to owners</strong></td>
<td>111</td>
<td>140,784</td>
<td>(27)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(1,361)</td>
<td>(14,810)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>35,089</td>
<td>89,608</td>
<td>(6,244)</td>
<td>83,364</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dilution due to vesting of Origin management equity entitlements</strong></td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>(384)</td>
<td>(31)</td>
<td>334</td>
<td>(5,807)</td>
<td>(5,808)</td>
<td>5,808</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Non-controlling interest forward contract</strong></td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(13,429)</td>
<td>(13,429)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(13,429)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total transactions with owners recognised directly in equity</strong></td>
<td>111</td>
<td>140,784</td>
<td>(27)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>(1,745)</td>
<td>(14,841)</td>
<td>334</td>
<td>(54,325)</td>
<td>70,371</td>
<td>(436)</td>
<td>69,935</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>At 31 July 2012</strong></td>
<td>1,172</td>
<td>773,735</td>
<td>(57)</td>
<td>285,004</td>
<td>(2,381)</td>
<td>15,403</td>
<td>10,148</td>
<td>140,298</td>
<td>1,199,808</td>
<td>2,423,130</td>
<td>86,225</td>
<td>2,509,355</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The notes on pages 72 to 143 are an integral part of these Group consolidated financial statements.
## Group Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity (continued)
for the year ended 31 July 2012

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>31 July 2011</th>
<th>Share capital</th>
<th>Share premium</th>
<th>Treasury shares</th>
<th>Other equity reserve</th>
<th>Cash flow hedge reserve</th>
<th>Revaluation reserve</th>
<th>Share-based payment reserve</th>
<th>Foreign currency translation reserve</th>
<th>Retained earnings</th>
<th>Total shareholders equity</th>
<th>Non controlling interests</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>At 1 August 2010</td>
<td>1,061</td>
<td>632,951</td>
<td>(30)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(2,603)</td>
<td>35,108</td>
<td>6,188</td>
<td>9,697</td>
<td>931,830</td>
<td>1,614,202</td>
<td>59,648</td>
<td>1,673,850</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profit for the year</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>212,657</td>
<td>212,657</td>
<td>15,755</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other comprehensive income</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>2,863</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>34,357</td>
<td>(2,139)</td>
<td>35,081</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total comprehensive income</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>2,863</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>34,357</td>
<td>210,518</td>
<td>247,738</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Share-based payments</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>18,801</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>18,801</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equity dividends</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(30,768)</td>
<td>(30,768)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dividends to non-controlling interests</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfer of revaluation reserve to retained earnings</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>17,960</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Issue of perpetual callable subordinated instrument</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(17,960)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dividend accrued on perpetual callable subordinated instrument</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>285,004</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>285,004</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income tax effect of perpetual callable subordinated instrument dividend</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(11,801)</td>
<td>(11,801)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total contributions by and distributions to owners</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>285,004</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(17,960)</td>
<td>18,801</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(23,689)</td>
<td>262,156</td>
<td>(5,320)</td>
<td>256,836</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>At 31 July 2011</td>
<td>1,061</td>
<td>632,951</td>
<td>(30)</td>
<td>285,004</td>
<td>260</td>
<td>17,148</td>
<td>24,989</td>
<td>44,054</td>
<td>1,118,659</td>
<td>2,124,096</td>
<td>72,410</td>
<td>2,196,506</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The notes on pages 72 to 143 are an integral part of these Group consolidated financial statements.
### Group Consolidated Cash Flow Statement
for the year ended 31 July 2012

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>in EUR ‘000</th>
<th>Notes</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cash flows from operating activities</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profit for the year</td>
<td></td>
<td>162,554</td>
<td>228,412</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income tax</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>24,572</td>
<td>15,614</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financing income</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>(14,561)</td>
<td>(12,065)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financing costs</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>79,872</td>
<td>79,981</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Share of profit after tax of associates and joint ventures</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>(14,200)</td>
<td>(19,479)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net gain on acquisitions, disposals and dilution</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>(3,722)</td>
<td>(112,520)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asset write-downs and fair value adjustments</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>20,221</td>
<td>43,039</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other restructuring related payments (in excess)/under current-year costs</td>
<td></td>
<td>(7,201)</td>
<td>42,253</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Depreciation of property, plant and equipment</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>90,679</td>
<td>88,354</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amortisation of intangible assets</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>111,491</td>
<td>94,228</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recognition of deferred income from government grants</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>(1,581)</td>
<td>(3,036)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Share-based payments</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>6,068</td>
<td>14,294</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>(272)</td>
<td>(791)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cash flows from operating activities before changes in working capital</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>453,920</td>
<td>458,284</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Increase)/decrease in inventory</td>
<td></td>
<td>(5,347)</td>
<td>(49,327)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables</td>
<td></td>
<td>(22,913)</td>
<td>(60,109)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables</td>
<td></td>
<td>20,402</td>
<td>82,289</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cash generated from operating activities</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>446,062</td>
<td>431,137</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest paid</td>
<td></td>
<td>(70,118)</td>
<td>(76,547)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest received</td>
<td></td>
<td>2,625</td>
<td>4,438</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income tax paid</td>
<td></td>
<td>(49,219)</td>
<td>(55,090)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net cash flows from operating activities</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>329,350</td>
<td>303,938</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The notes on pages 72 to 143 are an integral part of these Group consolidated financial statements.
### Group Consolidated Cash Flow Statement
(continued)
for the year ended 31 July 2012

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>in EUR '000</th>
<th>Notes</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cash flows from investing activities</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment</td>
<td></td>
<td>6,852</td>
<td>2,937</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Proceeds from sale of investment property</td>
<td></td>
<td>485</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Purchase of property, plant and equipment</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>– maintenance capital expenditure</td>
<td></td>
<td>(51,832)</td>
<td>(45,896)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>– investment capital expenditure</td>
<td></td>
<td>(60,136)</td>
<td>(30,855)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grants received</td>
<td></td>
<td>23</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acquisitions of subsidiaries and businesses, net of cash acquired</td>
<td></td>
<td>(92,310)</td>
<td>(394,863)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sale of subsidiaries and businesses, net of cash surrendered</td>
<td></td>
<td>–</td>
<td>72,562</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disposal of joint venture</td>
<td></td>
<td>4,675</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Purchase of intangible assets</td>
<td></td>
<td>(35,932)</td>
<td>(23,735)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dividends received</td>
<td></td>
<td>15</td>
<td>11,073</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net contributions to associates and joint ventures</td>
<td></td>
<td>(7,731)</td>
<td>(1,128)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deferred consideration paid</td>
<td></td>
<td>19</td>
<td>(13,346)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net cash flows from investing activities</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>(238,202)</td>
<td>(422,263)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Cash flows from financing activities |        |        |
| Net proceeds from issue of shares | 26     | 140,854 | –      |
| Net proceeds from issue of perpetual callable subordinated instrument | 26     | – | 285,004 |
| Gross drawdown of loan capital | 21     | – | 192,258 |
| Gross repayment of loan capital | 21     | (142,255) | (347,356) |
| Capital element of finance lease liabilities | 21     | (2,708) | (748) |
| Dividend paid on perpetual callable subordinated instrument | | (16,305) | – |
| Dividends paid to non-controlling interests | 27     | (6,437) | (5,582) |
| Dividends paid to equity shareholders | | (41,490) | (30,768) |
| **Net cash flows from financing activities** | | (68,341) | 92,808 |

| **Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents** | | 22,807  | (25,517) |
| Translation adjustment | | 4,646   | (5,196) |
| Net cash and cash equivalents at start of year | | 317,636 | 348,349 |
| **Net cash and cash equivalents at end of year** | | 345,089 | 317,636 |

The notes on pages 72 to 143 are an integral part of these Group consolidated financial statements.
Organisation
ARYZTA AG (the ‘Company’) is domiciled and incorporated in Switzerland. The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2012 consolidate the individual financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the ‘Group’), and show the Group’s interest in associates and joint ventures using the equity method of accounting.

The Group consolidated financial statements and the ARYZTA AG Company financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors on 20 September 2012 and are subject to approval by the shareholders at the General Meeting on 11 December 2012.

Statement of compliance
The Group consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ('IFRS').

In the preparation of these Group consolidated financial statements, the Group has applied all standards that were effective for accounting periods beginning on or before 1 August 2011. The following standards and interpretations, issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ('IASB') and the IFRS Interpretations Committee, are effective for the first time in the current financial year and have been adopted by the Group:

- Amendment to IFRS 7 – Financial Instruments: Disclosures
- Amendment to IFRIC 14 – IAS 19, Limits on a Defined Benefit Asset, Minimum Funding Requirements and their Interaction
- Amendment to IAS 24 – Related Party Disclosures

The above standards and interpretations adopted by the Group in the current year have had no significant impact on its consolidated results or financial position.

The following new standards and interpretations, issued by the IASB or the IFRS Interpretations Committee, have not yet become effective. The Group has not applied early adoption in relation to them.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard/Interpretation</th>
<th>Effective date</th>
<th>Planned implementation by ARYZTA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments</td>
<td>1 January 2015</td>
<td>Reporting year 2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IFRS 10 – Consolidated Financial Statements</td>
<td>1 January 2013</td>
<td>Reporting year 2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IFRS 11 – Joint Arrangements</td>
<td>1 January 2013</td>
<td>Reporting year 2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IFRS 12 – Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities</td>
<td>1 January 2013</td>
<td>Reporting year 2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IFRS 13 – Fair Value Measurement</td>
<td>1 January 2013</td>
<td>Reporting year 2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IAS 27 (Revised) – Separate Financial Statements</td>
<td>1 January 2013</td>
<td>Reporting year 2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IAS 28 (Revised) – Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures</td>
<td>1 January 2013</td>
<td>Reporting year 2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amendment to IFRS 7 – Financial Instruments: Disclosures</td>
<td>1 January 2013</td>
<td>Reporting year 2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amendment to IAS 1 – Presentation of Financial Statements</td>
<td>1 July 2012</td>
<td>Reporting year 2013</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amendment to IAS 12 – Income Taxes</td>
<td>1 January 2012</td>
<td>Reporting year 2013</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amendment to IAS 19 – Employee Benefits</td>
<td>1 January 2013</td>
<td>Reporting year 2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improvements to IFRSs (2011)</td>
<td>1 January 2013</td>
<td>Reporting year 2014</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The Group has undertaken an initial assessment of the potential impact of the new standards, amendments and improvements listed above on its consolidated results and financial position. Based on this initial assessment, the Group does not currently believe that the adoption of these standards, amendments and interpretations will have a significant impact on the consolidated results or financial position of the Group.

**Basis of preparation**

The Group consolidated financial statements are prepared on a historical cost basis, except that the following assets and liabilities are stated at fair value: equity investments held at fair value through other comprehensive income, certain financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, investment properties and derivative financial instruments. The consolidated financial statements are presented in euro, rounded to the nearest thousand, unless otherwise stated.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions in the application of the Group’s accounting policies. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised, if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Further information on areas involving a higher degree of judgement and accounting estimates are set out in note 34.

**Income statement presentation**

The Group Consolidated Income Statement is presented by function of expense. Within this presentation, net acquisition, disposal and restructuring related costs and fair value adjustments are presented as a separate component of operating profit, due to the relative size or nature of these items. Further details related to these amounts are set out in note 2. Additionally, to enable a more comprehensive understanding of the Group’s financial performance, the Group Consolidated Income Statement by nature of cost, through operating profit, is set out in note 4.

**Basis of consolidation**

The Group consolidated financial statements reflect the consolidation of the results, the assets and the liabilities of the parent undertaking, and all of its subsidiaries, together with the Group’s share of the profits/losses of associates and joint ventures.
Subsidiary undertakings

Subsidiary undertakings are those entities over which the Group has the power to control the operating and financial policies, so as to obtain economic benefit from their activities. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the group controls another entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases. Where necessary, the accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Associates and joint ventures

Associates are those entities over which the Group has a significant influence, but not control, of the financial and operating policies. Joint ventures are those entities over whose operating and financial policies the Group exercises control jointly, under a contractual agreement, with one or more parties. Investments in associates and joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method of accounting.

Under the equity method of accounting, the Group's interest in the net assets of associates and joint ventures is included as investments in associates and joint ventures in the Group Consolidated Balance Sheet at an amount representing the Group's share of the fair value of the identifiable net assets at acquisition, plus the Group's share of post-acquisition retained income and expenses, less dividends received. The Group's investment in associates and joint ventures includes goodwill on acquisition. The Group Consolidated Income Statement reflects, in profit before tax, the Group's share of profit after tax of its associates and joint ventures and its share of post acquisition movements in other comprehensive income are recognised in other comprehensive income, with a corresponding adjustment to the carrying amount of the investment, in accordance with IAS 28, Investments in Associates, and IAS 31, Interests in Joint Ventures. When the group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

The amounts included in these Group consolidated financial statements in respect of the post-acquisition profits or losses of associates and joint ventures are taken from their latest financial statements prepared up to their respective year ends, together with management accounts for the intervening periods to the Group's year end. The Group determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired. If this is the case, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying value and recognises the amount in the Group Consolidated Income Statement.

Where an associate or joint venture is acquired or disposed of during the financial period, the Group consolidated financial statements include the attributable results from, or up until, the effective date when significant influence or joint control is obtained, or lost. If the ownership interest in an associate or joint venture is reduced, but significant influence is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss. Dilution gains and losses arising in investments in associates are recognised in the Group Consolidated Income Statement.
Transactions eliminated on consolidation
Intra-group balances and any unrealised gains and losses or income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated in preparing the Group consolidated financial statements. Unrealised gains and income and expenses arising from transactions with associates and joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group’s interest in the entity. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that they do not provide evidence of impairment.

Revenue recognition
Revenue represents the fair value of the sale of goods supplied to third parties, after deducting trade discounts and volume rebates, and is exclusive of value-added tax. Revenue is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer, when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. Income from services supplied is recognised in proportion to the stage of completion at the balance sheet date. Financing income is recognised on an accruals basis, taking into consideration the sums lent and the actual interest rate applied.

Segmental reporting
Management has determined the operating segments based on the reports regularly reviewed by the Group’s Chief Operating Decision Maker (Chief Executive Officer) in making strategic decisions, allocating resources and assessing performance.

As reflected in those reports, the Group is primarily organised into four operating segments: Food Europe, Food North America, Food Rest of World, (together referred to as the ‘Food Group’) and Origin, which includes the Group’s separately listed 68.8% subsidiary Origin Enterprises plc (‘Origin’). The Group’s principal geographical segments are Europe, North America and Rest of World.

Food Europe has leading market positions in the speciality bakery market in Switzerland, Germany, the UK, Ireland, France, Spain, Sweden and Poland. In Europe, ARYZTA has a mixture of business-to-business and consumer brands, including: Hiestand, Fresh Start Bakeries, Cuisine de France, Delice de France, Coup de Pates and Honeytop. Food Europe has a diversified customer base within the foodservice and retail channels.

Food North America has leading positions in the speciality bakery market in the United States and Canada. It has a mixture of business-to-business and consumer brands, including: Fresh Start Bakeries, Otis Spunkmeyer, Great Kitchens, Maidstone Bakeries and La Brea Bakery. Food North America has a diversified customer base within the foodservice and retail channels.

Food Rest of World consists of businesses in South America, Asia, Australia and New Zealand.

Origin is a leading agri-services group focused on integrated agronomy and agri-inputs in the UK, Ireland and Poland.
**Group Statement of Accounting Policies** (continued)

**for the year ended 31 July 2012**

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Segment assets and liabilities consist of property, plant and equipment, goodwill and intangible assets and other assets and liabilities that can be reasonably allocated to the reported segment. Unallocated assets and liabilities principally include current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities, together with financial assets and liabilities.

Net finance costs and income tax are managed on a centralised basis and therefore these items are not allocated between operating segments for the purpose of presenting information to the Chief Operating Decision Maker.

**Research and development**

Expenditure on research activities, undertaken with the prospect of gaining new scientific or technical knowledge and understanding, is recognised in the income statement as an expense as incurred.

Expenditure on development activities, whereby research findings are applied to a plan or design for the production of new or substantially improved products or processes, is capitalised, if the product or process is technically and commercially feasible, the attributable expenditure can be reliably measured, and the Group has sufficient resources to complete development. The expenditure capitalised includes the cost of materials, direct labour or an appropriate proportion of overheads. Capitalised development expenditure is stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Other development expenditure is recognised in the income statement as an expense as incurred.

**Employee benefits**

**Pension obligations**

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution pension plans are recognised as an expense in the income statement as the related employee service is received. The Group’s net obligation in respect of defined benefit pension plans is calculated, separately for each plan, by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods. The future benefit is discounted to determine the present value of the obligation and the fair value of any plan assets is deducted. The discount rate is the yield at the balance sheet date on high-quality corporate bonds that have maturity dates approximating the terms of the Group’s obligations. The calculation is performed by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method on an annual basis. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised in the Group consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, net of related taxes. Current and past service costs are recognised as employment costs in the income statement. Interest on plan liabilities and expected return on assets are recognised in financing costs/income in the income statement.
Share-based compensation
As defined in IFRS 2, Share-based Payment, the cost of equity instruments granted is recognised at fair value, with a corresponding increase in equity. The fair value is measured at grant date and recognised over the period during which the employees become unconditionally entitled to the equity instrument. The fair value of the equity instruments granted is measured using an approved model, taking into account the terms and conditions under which the equity instruments were granted. The Group’s equity-settled share-based compensation plans are subject to a non-market vesting condition; therefore, the amount recognised is adjusted annually to reflect the current estimate of achieving these conditions and the number of equity instruments expected to eventually vest.

Termination benefits
The Group recognises termination benefits when it has a formal plan to terminate the employment of current employees, which has been approved at the appropriate levels of the organisation and when the entity is demonstrably committed to a termination through announcement of the plan to those affected. In the case of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy, the termination benefits are measured based on the number of employees expected to accept the offer.

Income Taxation
Income tax on the profit or loss for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognised in the income statement except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income, in which case the related tax is also recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income, respectively. Current income tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the period, using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the balance sheet date, in the respective countries where the Group and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income.

Deferred income tax is recognised using the balance sheet method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The amount of deferred income tax provided is based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantially enacted at the balance sheet date. If the deferred income tax arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction does not affect accounting or taxable profit or loss, it is not recognised. Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.
A deferred income tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be recovered. Deferred income tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

**Foreign currency**

Items included in the financial statements of the Group’s entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which each entity operates (the ‘functional currency’). The consolidated financial statements are presented in euro, the Group’s presentation currency, rounded to the nearest thousand, unless otherwise stated.

Transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of each respective entity are translated to the relevant functional currency using the foreign exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currency using the foreign exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation are recognised in the income statement, except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges and qualifying net investment hedges.

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on consolidation, are translated to euro at the foreign exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Income and expenses of foreign operations are translated to euro at the average exchange rates for the year, unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation of the net assets of a foreign operation are recognised in other comprehensive income, as a change in the foreign currency translation reserve.

Exchange gains or losses on long-term intra-group loans and on foreign currency borrowings used to finance or provide a hedge against Group equity investments in non-euro denominated operations, are included in other comprehensive income, as a change in the foreign currency translation reserve to the extent that they are neither planned nor expected to be repaid in the foreseeable future, or are expected to provide an effective hedge of the net investment. Any differences that have arisen since 1 August 2004, the date of transition to IFRS, are recognised in the foreign currency translation reserve and are recycled through the Group Consolidated Income Statement on the repayment of the intra-group loan, or on disposal of the related business.
The principal euro foreign exchange currency rates used by the Group for the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Currency</th>
<th>Average 2012</th>
<th>Closing 2012</th>
<th>Average 2011</th>
<th>Closing 2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CHF</td>
<td>1.2026</td>
<td>1.2010</td>
<td>1.2862</td>
<td>1.1464</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USD</td>
<td>1.3240</td>
<td>1.2370</td>
<td>1.3762</td>
<td>1.4323</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAD</td>
<td>1.3345</td>
<td>1.2393</td>
<td>1.3676</td>
<td>1.3620</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GBP</td>
<td>0.8379</td>
<td>0.7854</td>
<td>0.8610</td>
<td>0.8761</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Dividends

Dividends are recognised in the period in which they are approved by the Company’s shareholders.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Other subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the item of property, plant and equipment. All other expenditures, including repairs and maintenance costs, are recognised in the income statement as an expense as incurred.

Interest on specific and general borrowings used to finance construction costs of property, plant and equipment is capitalized during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use. All other borrowing costs are expensed.

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of property, plant and equipment, other than freehold land and assets under construction, on a straight-line basis, by reference to the following estimated useful lives:

- Buildings: 25 to 50 years
- Plant and machinery: 3 to 15 years
- Motor vehicles: 3 to 7.5 years

The residual value of assets, if significant, and the useful life of assets is reassessed annually. An asset’s carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset’s carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals of property, plant and equipment are recognised on the completion of sale. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amount and are included in operating profit.
**Group Statement of Accounting Policies** (continued)

for the year ended 31 July 2012

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**Investment properties**

Investment property, principally comprised of land and buildings, is held for capital appreciation. Investment property is stated at fair value. The fair value is based on market value, being the estimated amount for which a property could be exchanged in an arm's length transaction. Any gain or loss arising from a change in fair value is recognised in the income statement. When property is transferred to investment property following a change in use, any difference arising at the date of transfer between the carrying amount of the property immediately prior to transfer and its fair value is recognised in equity if it is a gain. Upon disposal of the property, the gain would be transferred to retained earnings. Any loss arising in this manner, unless it represents the reversal of a previously recognised gain, would be recognised immediately in the income statement.

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**Leased assets**

Leases of property, plant and equipment, where the Group has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership, are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised at the inception of the lease at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments.Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the useful life of the asset or the lease term.

The corresponding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in interest-bearing loans and borrowings. The interest element of the payments is charged to the income statement over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. For disclosure purposes, the fair value of finance leases is based on the present value of future cash flows, discounted at appropriate current market rates.

Leases where a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

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**Business combinations and goodwill**

Business combinations are accounted for by applying the acquisition method. The cost of each acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration transferred, as at the acquisition date, and the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree. Where a business combination is achieved in stages, the Group’s previously held interest in the acquiree is re-measured to fair value at the acquisition date and included within the consideration, with any gain or loss recognised in the Group Consolidated Income Statement.

Where any part of the consideration for a business combination is deferred, the fair value of the deferred component is determined by discounting the estimated amounts payable to their present value at the acquisition date. The discount component is unwound as a finance charge in the Group Consolidated Income Statement over the life of the obligation. Subsequent changes to the estimated amounts payable for deferred consideration recognised on acquisitions occurring before 31 July 2009 are recognised directly as a change in goodwill. As a result of the implementation of IFRS 3 (Revised), Business Combinations, subsequent changes to the estimated amounts payable for deferred consideration recognised on acquisitions occurring after 1 August 2009 are recognised as a gain or loss in the Group Consolidated Income Statement.
Goodwill is initially recognised at cost, being the difference between cost of the acquisition over the fair value of the net identifiable assets and liabilities assumed. Following initial recognition, goodwill is stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

When the initial accounting for a business combination is only provisionally determined at the end of the financial year in which the combination occurs, any adjustments to the provisional values allocated to the identifiable assets and liabilities are made within a period of no more than one year from the acquisition date.

Acquisition costs arising in connection with a business combination are expensed as incurred.

**Intangible assets**

Intangible assets acquired as part of a business combination are initially recognised at fair value being their deemed cost as at the date of acquisition. These generally include brand and customer-related intangible assets. Computer software that is not an integral part of an item of computer hardware is also classified as an intangible asset. Where intangible assets are separately acquired, they are capitalised at cost. Cost comprises purchase price and other applicable directly attributable costs. Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over the period of their expected useful lives in equal annual instalments, generally as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Asset Type</th>
<th>Life Range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Customer relationship</td>
<td>5 to 25 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brands</td>
<td>10 to 25 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Patent and other</td>
<td>4 to 15 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Computer-related intangibles</td>
<td>3 to 5 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SAP-related intangibles</td>
<td>7 years</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Subsequent to initial recognition, the expected useful lives and related amortisation of finite lived intangible assets are reviewed at least at each financial year-end and if the expected economic benefits of the asset are different from previous estimates, amortisation is adjusted accordingly. Intangible assets are stated at cost, less accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses incurred. There are no intangible assets with an indefinite useful life.

**Impairment of non-financial assets**

The carrying amounts of the Group’s assets, other than inventories (which are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value), deferred tax assets (which are recognised based on recoverability), and those financial instruments which are carried at fair value, are reviewed to determine whether there is an indication of impairment when an event or transaction indicates that there may be, and at least at each reporting date. If any such indication exists, an impairment test is carried out and, if necessary, the asset is written down to its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset’s fair value less costs to sell and an asset’s value in use. The Group tests goodwill and intangible assets not yet available for use for impairment annually, during the last quarter of the financial year, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate a potential impairment.
An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset, or its cash generating unit, exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in the income statement as an expense. Goodwill is allocated to the various cash-generating units for the purposes of impairment testing. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the cash-generating unit, and then to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit on a pro-rata basis. An impairment loss for goodwill is not subsequently reversed. An impairment loss for other assets may be reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset’s carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

Inventory
Inventory is stated at the lower of cost, on a first-in, first-out basis, and net realisable value. Cost includes all expenditure which has been incurred in the normal course of business in bringing the products to their present location and condition. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price of inventory on hand, less all further costs to completion and all costs expected to be incurred in marketing, distribution and selling.

Cash and cash equivalents
Cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at bank and in hand and call deposits. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group’s cash management are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the Group Consolidated Cash Flow Statement.

Share capital
Shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity, net of tax, as a deduction from the proceeds.

If any Group company purchases ARYZTA AG’s equity share capital, those shares are accounted for as treasury shares in the consolidated financial statements of the Group. Consideration paid for treasury shares, including any directly attributable incremental cost, net of tax, is deducted from equity attributable to the shareholders of the Company, until the shares are cancelled or reissued. Where such shares are subsequently reissued, any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects, is included in equity attributable to the Company’s shareholders.

Financial assets and liabilities
Trade and other receivables
Trade and other receivables (excluding prepayments) are initially measured at fair value and are thereafter measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any provision for impairment. A provision for impairment is recognised in administration expenses when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due, according to the original terms of the receivables. If collection is expected in one year or less they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.
Where risks associated with trade receivables are transferred out of the Group under receivables purchase arrangements, such receivables are derecognised from the balance sheet, except to the extent of the Group’s continued involvement or exposure.

**Short-term bank deposits**

Short-term bank deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which do not meet the definition of cash and cash equivalents, are classified as loans and receivables within current assets and stated at amortised cost in the balance sheet.

**Trade and other payables**

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method. Trade and other payables are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less; otherwise, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

**Derivatives**

Derivatives, including forward currency contracts, interest rate swaps and commodity futures contracts are used to manage the Group’s exposure to foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and commodity price risk. These derivatives are generally designated as cash flow hedges in accordance with IAS 39, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. The Group does not enter into speculative derivative transactions.

Derivative financial instruments are initially recorded at fair value on the date the contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured to fair value, as of each reporting date, using quoted market values. The gain or loss arising on re-measurement is recognised in the income statement, except where the instrument is a designated hedging instrument.

**Cash flow hedges**

Subject to the satisfaction of certain criteria relating to the documentation of the risk, objectives and strategy for the hedging transaction and the ongoing measurement of its effectiveness, cash flow hedges are accounted for under hedge accounting rules. In such cases, any unrealised gain or loss arising on the effective portion of the derivative instrument is recognised in other comprehensive income, as part of the cash flow hedge reserve. Unrealised gains or losses on any ineffective portion are recognised in the income statement. When the hedged transaction occurs the related gains or losses in the cash flow hedge reserve are transferred to the income statement.

**Interest-bearing loans and borrowings**

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are capitalised as transaction costs of the loan, to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, and are amortised over the period of the facility to which the fees relate.
Group Statement of Accounting Policies (continued)
for the year ended 31 July 2012

For interest-bearing loans and borrowings with a contractual re-pricing date of less than six months, the nominal amount is considered to approximate fair value for disclosure purposes. For loans with a re-pricing date of greater than six months, the fair value is calculated based on the expected future principal and interest cash flows, discounted at appropriate current market interest rates.

Government grants
Grants that compensate the Group for the cost of an asset are shown as deferred income and recognised in the income statement in instalments on a basis consistent with the depreciation policy of the relevant assets. Other grants are credited to the income statement to offset the matching expenditure.

Provisions
A provision is recognised in the balance sheet when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and the outflow can be reliably measured. If the effect is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

Transactions with non-controlling interests
The Group treats transactions with non-controlling interests as transactions with equity owners of the Group. For purchases from non-controlling interests, the difference between any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

When the Group ceases to have control or significant influence, any retained interest in the entity is re-measured to its fair value, with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

Reclassifications and adjustments
Certain amounts in the 31 July 2011 Group consolidated financial statement notes have been reclassified or adjusted to conform to the 31 July 2012 presentation. These reclassifications or adjustments were made for presentation purposes and have no effect on total revenues, expenses, profit for the year, total assets, total liabilities, equity or cash flow classifications as previously reported.
## 1 Segment information
### 1.1 Analysis by business segment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>I) Segment revenue and result</th>
<th>Food Europe</th>
<th>Food North America</th>
<th>Food Rest of World</th>
<th>Total Food Group</th>
<th>Origin</th>
<th>Total Group</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Segment revenue(^1)</td>
<td>1,273,707</td>
<td>1,184,928</td>
<td>1,372,411</td>
<td>1,212,463</td>
<td>221,526</td>
<td>180,029</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Operating profit before net acquisition, disposal and restructuring related costs and fair value adjustments \(^2\):

|-------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|

Net acquisition, disposal and restructuring related costs and fair value adjustments (note 2):

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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(40,700)</td>
<td>(62,127)</td>
<td>(44,044)</td>
<td>64,105</td>
<td>(1,004)</td>
<td>(83,477)</td>
<td>974</td>
<td>(16,152)</td>
<td>(11,010)</td>
<td>(99,629)</td>
<td>(10,036)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Operating profit:

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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>84,050</td>
<td>50,538</td>
<td>84,553</td>
<td>172,260</td>
<td>22,963</td>
<td>13,956</td>
<td>191,566</td>
<td>236,754</td>
<td>46,671</td>
<td>55,709</td>
<td>238,237</td>
<td>292,463</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Share of profit after tax of associates and joint ventures:

<table>
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<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>39</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>430</td>
<td>3,706</td>
<td>593</td>
<td>909</td>
<td>1,062</td>
<td>4,622</td>
<td>13,138</td>
<td>14,857</td>
<td>14,200</td>
<td>19,479</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Profit before financing income, financing cost and income tax expense:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>84,089</td>
<td>50,545</td>
<td>84,983</td>
<td>175,966</td>
<td>23,556</td>
<td>14,865</td>
<td>192,628</td>
<td>241,376</td>
<td>59,809</td>
<td>70,566</td>
<td>252,437</td>
<td>311,942</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Finance income\(^3\):

<table>
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<th></th>
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<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7,276</td>
<td></td>
<td>5,959</td>
<td>7,285</td>
<td>6,106</td>
<td>14,561</td>
<td>12,065</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Finance costs\(^3\):

<table>
<thead>
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<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(65,993)</td>
<td>(63,365)</td>
<td>(13,879)</td>
<td>(16,616)</td>
<td>(79,872)</td>
<td>(79,961)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Profit before income tax expense as reported in Group Consolidated Income Statement:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>133,911</td>
<td>183,970</td>
<td>53,215</td>
<td>60,056</td>
<td>187,126</td>
<td>244,026</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(^1\) There were no significant intercompany revenues between the Group’s food business segments. There was no (2011: €2,235,000) intra-group revenue between the Food Group and Origin segments of the Group.

\(^2\) Certain central executive and support costs have been allocated against the operating profits of each business segment.

\(^3\) Finance income/(costs) and income tax expense are managed on a centralised basis and therefore these items are not allocated between business segments for the purposes of presenting information to the Chief Operating Decision Maker.
II) Segment assets

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Food Europe</th>
<th>Food North America</th>
<th>Food Rest of World</th>
<th>Total Food Group</th>
<th>Origin</th>
<th>Total Group</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Segment assets</td>
<td>1,760,828</td>
<td>1,670,110</td>
<td>2,042,006</td>
<td>1,837,126</td>
<td>329,833</td>
<td>280,751</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>excluding investments in associates and joint ventures</td>
<td>1,760,828</td>
<td>1,670,110</td>
<td>2,042,006</td>
<td>1,837,126</td>
<td>329,833</td>
<td>280,751</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investments in associates and joint ventures and other financial assets</td>
<td>530</td>
<td>495</td>
<td>2,015</td>
<td>1,420</td>
<td>3,061</td>
<td>2,545</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Segment assets</td>
<td>1,761,358</td>
<td>1,670,605</td>
<td>2,044,021</td>
<td>1,838,546</td>
<td>329,833</td>
<td>283,812</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Reconciliation to total assets as reported in the Group Consolidated Balance Sheet

<p>| | | | | | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Derivative financial instruments</td>
<td>327</td>
<td>297</td>
<td>95</td>
<td>311</td>
<td>422</td>
<td>608</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash and cash equivalents</td>
<td>452,175</td>
<td>426,733</td>
<td>95,299</td>
<td>55,496</td>
<td>547,474</td>
<td>482,229</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deferred income tax assets</td>
<td>80,745</td>
<td>74,261</td>
<td>4,720</td>
<td>4,812</td>
<td>85,465</td>
<td>79,073</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total assets as reported in Group Consolidated Balance Sheet</td>
<td>4,668,459</td>
<td>4,294,254</td>
<td>888,829</td>
<td>779,186</td>
<td>5,557,288</td>
<td>5,073,440</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

III) Segment liabilities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Food Europe</th>
<th>Food North America</th>
<th>Food Rest of World</th>
<th>Total Food Group</th>
<th>Origin</th>
<th>Total Group</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Segment liabilities</td>
<td>314,553</td>
<td>302,294</td>
<td>208,659</td>
<td>203,522</td>
<td>40,297</td>
<td>30,993</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Reconciliation to total liabilities as reported in Group Consolidated Balance Sheet

<p>| | | | | | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Interest-bearing loans and borrowings</td>
<td>1,428,458</td>
<td>1,382,201</td>
<td>163,107</td>
<td>147,616</td>
<td>1,591,565</td>
<td>1,529,817</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Derivative financial instruments</td>
<td>2,066</td>
<td>2,215</td>
<td>3,858</td>
<td>1,217</td>
<td>5,924</td>
<td>3,432</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current and deferred income tax liabilities</td>
<td>408,395</td>
<td>395,545</td>
<td>31,167</td>
<td>31,201</td>
<td>439,562</td>
<td>426,746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total liabilities as reported in Group Consolidated Balance Sheet</td>
<td>2,402,428</td>
<td>2,316,770</td>
<td>645,505</td>
<td>560,164</td>
<td>3,047,933</td>
<td>2,876,934</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### IV) Other segment information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Food Europe</th>
<th>Food North America</th>
<th>Food Rest of World</th>
<th>Total Food Group</th>
<th>Origin</th>
<th>Total Group</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Depreciation</td>
<td>43,204</td>
<td>46,916</td>
<td>35,676</td>
<td>30,785</td>
<td>6,610</td>
<td>5,377</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amortisation of other intangible assets</td>
<td>44,745</td>
<td>36,373</td>
<td>47,694</td>
<td>40,518</td>
<td>7,344</td>
<td>9,641</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital expenditure</td>
<td>– Property, plant and equipment</td>
<td>37,318</td>
<td>25,228</td>
<td>45,723</td>
<td>28,272</td>
<td>21,816</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>– Computer-related intangibles</td>
<td>14,244</td>
<td>9,513</td>
<td>9,637</td>
<td>14,879</td>
<td>7,492</td>
<td>955</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>– Other intangibles</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total capital expenditure</td>
<td>51,562</td>
<td>34,411</td>
<td>55,360</td>
<td>39,692</td>
<td>35,764</td>
<td>22,771</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### 1.2 Analysis by geographical segment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Europe</th>
<th>North America</th>
<th>Rest of World</th>
<th>Total Group</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Segment revenue$^1$</td>
<td>2,613,730</td>
<td>2,484,431</td>
<td>1,372,411</td>
<td>1,212,463</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Segment assets</td>
<td>2,550,073</td>
<td>2,389,172</td>
<td>2,044,021</td>
<td>1,838,546</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IFRS 8 non-current assets$^2$</td>
<td>1,954,207</td>
<td>1,877,077</td>
<td>1,845,060</td>
<td>1,654,252</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

$^1$ Revenues from external customers attributed to the Group’s country of domicile, Switzerland, are 5.3% (2011: 5.4%) of total Group revenues. Revenues from external customers attributed to material foreign countries are United States 29.2% (2011: 28.3%), the United Kingdom 29.8% (2011: 24.1%) and Ireland 7.1% (2011: 13.6%). For the purposes of this analysis, customer revenues are allocated based on geographic location of vendor. As is common in this industry, the Group has a large number of customers, and there is no single customer with a share of revenue greater than 10% of total Group revenue.

$^2$ Non-current assets as reported under IFRS 8, Operating Segments, include all non-current assets as presented in the Group Consolidated Balance Sheet, with the exception of deferred taxes. Non-current assets attributed to the Group’s country of domicile, Switzerland, are 9.4% of total Group non-current assets (2011: 11.3%). Non-current assets attributed to material foreign countries are: United States 31.3% (2011: 29.5%), United Kingdom 10.9% (2011: 8.0%) and Ireland 10.0% (2011: 12.2%).
2 Acquisition, disposal and restructuring related costs and fair value adjustments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>in EUR '000</th>
<th>Food Europe</th>
<th>Food North America</th>
<th>Food Rest of World</th>
<th>Total Food Group</th>
<th>Origin 2012</th>
<th>Origin 2011</th>
<th>Total Group 2012</th>
<th>Total Group 2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Gain / (loss) on acquisition, disposals and dilution

Gain on disposal of interest in joint venture

Fair value gain on acquisition of 50% share in Maidstone Bakeries

Loss on disposal of Origin Food business

Gain on disposal of Origin Feed business

Gain/(loss) on dilution of associate interests

Net gain on acquisition, disposals and dilution

Transaction-related costs

Restructuring-related costs and fair value adjustments

Asset write-downs

Fair value adjustments of investment properties

Severance and other staff related costs

Grant-related costs

Contractual obligations

Advisory and other costs

Total restructuring-related costs and fair value adjustments

Total acquisition, disposal and restructuring related costs and fair value adjustments

2.1 Gain on disposal of interest in joint venture (financial year 2012)

During April 2012, the Group completed the disposal of its interest in a joint venture, previously held as part of the Food Rest of World segment. Consideration received on disposal was €4,675,000, which was in excess of the investment carrying value of €3,258,000 at the time, resulting in a gain of €1,417,000.

Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) for the year ended 31 July 2012
2.2 Fair value gain on acquisition of 50% share in Maidstone Bakeries (financial year 2011)

On 29 October 2010, ARYZTA closed the acquisition of all outstanding shares of the previously 50%-owned Maidstone Bakeries (‘Maidstone’) joint venture for total deemed consideration of €502,808,000 for 100% of the business. The consideration was based on a discounted cash flow enterprise value and was in line with market valuation multiples on comparable industry transactions. Maidstone is no longer treated as a joint venture for accounting purposes and is now fully consolidated in the Food North America segment.

A non-cash gain of €121,391,000 on the previously owned 50% of Maidstone was recorded within operating profit for the year ended 31 July 2011. This is a requirement under IFRS 3 (Revised), Business Combinations, which was implemented by the Group as required for the financial years ended after 1 August 2009. See note 29 for further details.

2.3 Loss on disposal of Origin Food business (financial year 2011)

On 10 September 2010, the Group’s subsidiary and separately listed subsidiary, Origin, announced that it had reached an agreement with CapVest Limited to establish Valeo Foods Group Limited (‘Valeo’), to facilitate consolidation of Irish consumer food brands.

On 26 November 2010, Origin further announced that Valeo had completed the simultaneous acquisitions of the branded food businesses of Origin and the Irish food company Batchelors. With effect from 26 November 2010, Origin’s investment in Valeo has been treated as an associate undertaking and accounted for using the equity method in accordance with IAS 28, Investments in Associates.

A loss of €7,301,000 was realised on the disposal of Origin Foods to Valeo during the year ended 31 July 2011. The impact of this loss on ARYZTA’s profit attributable to equity shareholders during the year ended 31 July 2011 was €5,214,000, which is after deduction of Origin non-controlling interests. The loss was calculated as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Net assets transferred on 26 November 2010:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property, plant and equipment</td>
<td>(31,252)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Goodwill and intangible assets</td>
<td>(42,732)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Working capital</td>
<td>(12,734)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provisions for liabilities and charges</td>
<td>3,429</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net assets transferred</strong></td>
<td><strong>(83,289)</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consideration:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net cash consideration</td>
<td>25,340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fair value of vendor loan note</td>
<td>33,540</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fair value of 44.1% equity interest in Valeo</td>
<td>17,108</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total consideration received</strong></td>
<td><strong>75,988</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Loss on disposal of Origin Food business | (7,301) |
2.4 Gain on disposal of Origin Feed business (financial year 2011)

On 10 November 2010, Origin announced that it had reached agreement with W&R Barnett Limited ("Barnett") to establish an all-Ireland grain and feed handling logistics and trading business. The all-Ireland business was formed through the integration of Origin’s R&H Hall ("Hall") business in the Republic of Ireland with the business of Origin and Barnett in Northern Ireland. The transaction was completed on 28 January 2011. Under the terms of the transaction, Barnett acquired a 50% interest in Hall, mirroring the economic interests of Origin and Barnett in the Northern Ireland business.

Origin now holds a 50% interest in Hall and, from 28 January 2011, this 50% holding is treated as a joint venture in accordance with IAS 31, Interests in Joint Ventures. A gain arose on the transaction, which was recorded in the Group Consolidated Income Statement for the year ended 31 July 2011, as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>in EUR '000</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net assets transferred on 28 January 2011:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property, plant and equipment</td>
<td>(15,412)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Working capital</td>
<td>(35,704)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provisions for liabilities and charges</td>
<td>2,667</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net assets transferred</strong></td>
<td>(48,449)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Consideration:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net cash consideration</td>
<td>40,562</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fair value of 50% equity interest in Hall</td>
<td>11,055</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total consideration received</strong></td>
<td>51,617</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Gain on disposal of Origin Feed business</strong></td>
<td>3,168</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.5 Gain/(loss) on dilution of associate interests

During the year, Origin’s investment in Valeo was reduced from 44.1% to 32.0% as a result of Valeo raising additional funding from investors. As a result of this transaction, the Group recorded a gain of €2,305,000 on the dilution of the holding, which is recorded in the Group Consolidated Income Statement for the year ended 31 July 2012.

In financial year 2011, Continental Farmers Group plc raised €16,726,000 of funding upon its flotation on the ESM and AIM markets of the Dublin and London stock exchanges. As a result, Origin’s shareholding reduced from 38.7% to 24.2%. This gave rise to a loss of €4,738,000 on the dilution of the holding, which was recorded in the Group Consolidated Income Statement for the year ended 31 July 2011.
2.6 Transaction-related costs
Transaction-related costs of €3,255,000 incurred during the year ended 31 July 2012 relate primarily to Origin’s share of Valeo transaction and rationalisation costs, as well as costs associated with the Food Group acquisitions during the year. Transaction-related costs of €12,825,000 incurred during the year ended 31 July 2011 related primarily to the acquisition of the outstanding 50% of Maidstone. These costs include share purchase tax, due diligence and other professional service fees. Since the adoption of IFRS 3 (Revised), Business Combinations, these costs no longer form part of the acquisition consideration and are expensed within operating profit through the income statement. Details relating to these acquisitions are set out in note 29.

2.7 Restructuring-related costs and fair value adjustments
During the year ended 31 July 2011, the Group commenced two separate integration and rationalisation programmes in each of its Food Europe and Food North America segments. These programmes allow the development of two principal operating platforms in Food Europe and Food North America to optimise the Group’s manufacturing and business support platforms.

As a result of decisions made through these projects, the Group has recognised costs, including providing for amounts as required by IAS 37, Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets in the Group Consolidated Income Statement as follows:

Asset write-downs and fair value adjustments
The Group incurred €10,556,000 (2011: €43,039,000) of asset write-downs during the year. These amounts relate primarily to the write-down of certain manufacturing, distribution and administration assets, due to the closure and/or reduction in activity at a number of sites as part of the implementation of the Group’s integration and rationalisation programmes.

Additionally, during the year a fair value adjustment of €9,665,000 (2011: Nil) was recorded to the carrying value of investment properties within Origin. This was the result of the continuing decline in the Irish property market, a lack of transactions, restricted bank financing for property-related deals, a generally difficult economic environment, and in particular the indication that the value of development land in regional areas is converging to that of agricultural land. Therefore, Origin’s directors determined that an adjustment to the fair value of Origin’s investment properties was necessary.

Severance and other staff-related costs
The Group has incurred and provided for €55,174,000 (2011: €46,963,000) in severance and other staff-related costs during the year, a majority of which relates to employees whose services were discontinued following the actual or announced closure and rationalisation of certain Group operational sites.

Grant-related costs
The termination of certain activities caused by the Group’s integration and rationalisation programmes have resulted in the triggering of related grant repayment conditions. This resulted in the reversal of €713,000 (2011: €2,338,000) in grants previously amortised through the Group’s Consolidated Income Statement.
Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) for the year ended 31 July 2012

**Contractual obligations**
The operational decisions made through the Group’s integration and rationalisation programmes triggered early termination and/or resulted in certain operational contracts becoming onerous. The Group incurred total costs of €3,012,000 (2011: €3,969,000) during the year to either exit or provide for such contracts.

**Advisory costs and other costs**
During the year, the Group incurred €20,976,000 (2011: €13,422,000) in other costs related directly to the implementation of its integration and rationalisation programmes. These costs are composed principally of restructuring-related advisory costs, operational site decommissioning costs, and other directly attributable incremental costs.

### 3 Financing income and costs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Financing income</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest income</td>
<td>7,989</td>
<td>5,843</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Defined benefit plans: expected return on plan assets (note 25)</td>
<td>5,904</td>
<td>4,824</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foreign exchange gain realised on settlement of quasi-equity intercompany loans</td>
<td>668</td>
<td>1,398</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total financing income</strong></td>
<td>14,561</td>
<td>12,065</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financing costs</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest cost on bank loans and overdrafts</td>
<td>(73,160)</td>
<td>(73,801)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest cost under finance leases</td>
<td>(159)</td>
<td>(125)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Defined benefit plans: interest cost on plan liabilities (note 25)</td>
<td>(5,965)</td>
<td>(4,996)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest cost on deferred consideration (note 19)</td>
<td>(588)</td>
<td>(1,059)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total financing costs</strong></td>
<td>(79,872)</td>
<td>(79,981)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recognised directly in other comprehensive income</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Effective portion of changes in fair value of interest rate swaps¹</td>
<td>(3,122)</td>
<td>(447)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fair value of interest rate swaps transferred to income statement</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>5,064</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total financing (loss)/gain recognised directly in other comprehensive income</strong></td>
<td>(3,122)</td>
<td>4,617</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹ No unrealised gains or losses on any ineffective portion of derivatives have been recognised in the income statement.
4 Other information

Group Consolidated Income statement by nature of cost through to operating profit

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Revenue</td>
<td>4,207,667</td>
<td>3,876,923</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raw materials and consumables used</td>
<td>(2,507,762)</td>
<td>(2,298,201)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employment costs (note 7)</td>
<td>(603,555)</td>
<td>(580,621)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other direct and indirect costs</td>
<td>(495,172)</td>
<td>(465,097)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net gain on acquisitions, disposals and dilution (note 2)</td>
<td>3,722</td>
<td>112,520</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asset write-downs and fair value adjustments (note 2)</td>
<td>(20,221)</td>
<td>(43,039)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transaction-related costs (note 2)</td>
<td>(3,255)</td>
<td>(12,825)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other restructuring-related costs (note 2)</td>
<td>(79,875)</td>
<td>(66,692)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amortisation of intangible assets (note 14)</td>
<td>(111,491)</td>
<td>(94,228)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (note 12)</td>
<td>(90,679)</td>
<td>(88,354)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recognition of deferred income from government grants (note 23)</td>
<td>1,581</td>
<td>3,036</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating lease rentals</td>
<td>(55,148)</td>
<td>(44,294)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Research and development expenditure</td>
<td>(7,575)</td>
<td>(6,665)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Operating profit</strong></td>
<td><strong>238,237</strong></td>
<td><strong>292,463</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Group revenue categories
Group revenue relates primarily to sale of products.
Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) for the year ended 31 July 2012

The above amounts are further analysed as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Depreciation of property, plant and equipment</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>owned assets</td>
<td>89,896</td>
<td>87,639</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>leased assets</td>
<td>783</td>
<td>715</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>90,679</td>
<td>88,354</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Operating lease rentals</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>plant and machinery</td>
<td>9,681</td>
<td>7,408</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>other</td>
<td>45,467</td>
<td>36,886</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>55,148</td>
<td>44,294</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Research and development expenditure</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Food Group</td>
<td>6,943</td>
<td>6,284</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Origin</td>
<td>632</td>
<td>381</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>7,575</td>
<td>6,665</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Auditor's remuneration</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Audit and audit-related</td>
<td>2,621</td>
<td>2,458</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tax compliance and related services</td>
<td>1,178</td>
<td>1,131</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tax consulting</td>
<td>904</td>
<td>1,263</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Advisory services</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total other fees / Audit and audit-related fees</td>
<td>83%</td>
<td>102%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tax consulting or advisory fees / Audit and audit-related fees</td>
<td>38%</td>
<td>56%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5 Directors' emoluments

Directors' emoluments are disclosed in note 10 of the ARYZTA AG Company Financial Statements (page 152).
6 Share of profit after tax of associates and joint ventures

Joint ventures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>in EUR '000</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Revenue</td>
<td>264,764</td>
<td>202,029</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Share of profit of joint ventures after tax and before acquisition and restructuring related costs (note 15)</td>
<td>7,101</td>
<td>14,125</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Associates

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>in EUR '000</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Revenue</td>
<td>234,593</td>
<td>192,156</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Share of profit of associates after tax and before acquisition and restructuring related costs (note 15)</td>
<td>7,099</td>
<td>5,354</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Share of profit of associates and joint ventures after tax and before acquisition and restructuring related costs (note 15) | 14,200 | 19,479 |

7 Employment

Average number of persons employed by the Group during the year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sales and distribution</td>
<td>4,203</td>
<td>4,116</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Production</td>
<td>7,352</td>
<td>7,142</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Management and administration</td>
<td>1,376</td>
<td>1,380</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Aggregate employment costs of the Group

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>in EUR '000</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Wages and salaries</td>
<td>526,421</td>
<td>499,901</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social welfare costs</td>
<td>56,478</td>
<td>54,049</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Defined contribution plans (note 25)</td>
<td>11,311</td>
<td>9,074</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Defined benefit plans (note 25)</td>
<td>3,277</td>
<td>3,303</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Share-based payments (note 8)</td>
<td>6,068</td>
<td>14,294</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Aggregate employment costs of the Group | 603,555 | 580,621 |

8 Share-based payments

The Group has outstanding grants of equity-based incentives under the following plans:

- The ARYZTA Long-Term Incentive Plans (‘ARYZTA LTIP’), consisting of:
  - ARYZTA Matching Plan LTIP
  - ARYZTA Option Equivalent Plan LTIP
- The Origin Enterprises Long-Term Incentive Plan (‘the Origin Plan’).

The total cost reported in the Group consolidated financial statements in relation to equity settled share-based payments is €7,065,000 (2011: €19,063,000), of which €6,068,000 (2011: €14,294,000) was reported in the Group Consolidated Income Statement.
8.1 ARYZTA Matching Plan LTIP

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Matching Plan awards</th>
<th>Weighted conversion price 2012 in CHF</th>
<th>Number of equity entitlements</th>
<th>Weighted conversion price 2011 in CHF</th>
<th>Number of equity entitlements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Outstanding at the beginning of the year</td>
<td>0.02</td>
<td>975,000</td>
<td>0.02</td>
<td>975,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exercised during the year</td>
<td>0.02</td>
<td>(975,000)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Issued during the year</td>
<td>0.02</td>
<td>944,250</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forfeited during the year</td>
<td>0.02</td>
<td>(194,250)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outstanding at the end of the year</td>
<td>0.02</td>
<td>750,000</td>
<td>0.02</td>
<td>975,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vested at the end of the year</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Matching Plan awards outstanding by conversion price

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Conversion price in CHF</th>
<th>Number of equity entitlements</th>
<th>Actual remaining life (years)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Issued during financial year 2012</td>
<td>0.02</td>
<td>750,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>As of 31 July 2012</td>
<td>0.02</td>
<td>750,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Plan description
The equity instruments granted under the ARYZTA Matching Plan LTIP are equity-settled share-based payments as defined in IFRS 2, Share-based Payment. The Group has no legal or constructive obligation to repurchase or settle the Matching Plan awards in cash.

Participants with Matching Plan awards have the prospect of receiving up to three shares for each recognised qualifying interest held throughout the performance period. Vesting is determined by reference to compound annual underlying fully diluted EPS growth. For awards outstanding as of 31 July 2012, vesting may occur on a fractional pro-rata basis ranging from a multiple of one to three for growth between 10.0% and 15.0%. In the event of the minimum 10.0% growth target not being achieved, no awards vest.

Awards under the Matching Plan are subject to additional conditions, including notably:
(a) the requirement to remain in service throughout the performance period;
(b) the requirement to hold recognised qualifying interests throughout the performance period;
(c) the requirement that the ARYZTA Food Group’s reported ROIC over the expected performance period is not less than its weighted average cost of capital and
(d) the requirement that annual dividends to shareholders are at least 15% of the underlying EPS during the performance period.

The Matching Plan awards can be exercised as of the time the performance conditions described above have been met, but no longer than ten years after grant date.

The fair value assigned to equity entitlements issued under the Matching Plan represents the full value of an ordinary share on the date of grant adjusted for the estimated lost dividends between date of issue and vesting date and the nominal value of the share. The weighted average fair value of Matching Plan entitlements granted during the year was CHF 38.54.
**Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements** (continued) for the year ended 31 July 2012

### 8.2 ARYZTA Option Equivalent Plan LTIP

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option Equivalent Plan awards</th>
<th>Weighted conversion price 2012 in CHF</th>
<th>Number of equity entitlements</th>
<th>Weighted conversion price 2011 in CHF</th>
<th>Number of equity entitlements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Outstanding at the beginning of the year</td>
<td>37.23</td>
<td>1,200,000</td>
<td>37.23</td>
<td>1,200,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Issued during the year</td>
<td>39.95</td>
<td>1,569,250</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forfeited during the year</td>
<td>39.27</td>
<td>(259,250)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outstanding at the end of the year</td>
<td>38.72</td>
<td>2,510,000</td>
<td>37.23</td>
<td>1,200,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vested at the end of the year</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option Equivalent Plan awards outstanding by conversion price</th>
<th>Conversion price in CHF</th>
<th>Number of equity entitlements</th>
<th>Actual remaining life (years)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Issued during financial year 2010</td>
<td>37.23</td>
<td>1,135,000</td>
<td>7.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Issued during financial year 2012</td>
<td>39.95</td>
<td>1,375,000</td>
<td>9.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>As of 31 July 2012</td>
<td>38.72</td>
<td>2,510,000</td>
<td>8.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Plan description**

The equity instruments granted under the ARYZTA Option Equivalent Plan LTIP are equity-settled share-based payments as defined in IFRS 2, Share-based Payment. The Group has no legal or constructive obligation to repurchase or settle the Option Equivalent awards in cash.

Vesting of the awards under the Option Equivalent Plan is conditional on compound annual growth in underlying fully diluted EPS in three consecutive accounting periods exceeding the compound growth in the eurozone Core Consumer Price Index, plus 5%, on an annualised basis.

Awards under the Option Equivalent Plan are subject to additional conditions, including notably: (a) the requirement to remain in service throughout the performance period; (b) the requirement that the ARYZTA Food Group’s reported ROIC over the expected performance period is not less than its weighted average cost of capital and (c) the requirement that annual dividends to shareholders are at least 15% of the underlying EPS during the performance period.

The Option Equivalent Plan awards can be exercised as of the time the performance conditions described above have been met, but no longer than ten years after grant date.

The weighted average fair value assigned to share option equivalents granted under the ARYZTA Option Equivalent Plan LTIP during the year ended 31 July 2012 was CHF 7.95, which was determined using the Black-Scholes valuation model. The significant inputs into the model were the price of the shares as at the grant date, an expected option life of five years, expected share price volatility of 26.75%, the exercise price of CHF 39.95, the expected dividend yield of 1.5%, and the risk-free rate of 0.36%. The volatility, measured at the standard deviation of continuously compounded share returns, is based on statistical analysis of monthly share prices of a peer group over the period of five years.
The Group’s compound annual growth in underlying fully diluted EPS over the last three consecutive accounting periods was 12.9%, which exceeded the growth in the eurozone Core Consumer Price Index over the same period of 1.3%, plus 5%. Accordingly, the performance conditions associated with the Option Plan awards outstanding as of 1 August 2011 were met during FY 2012. As a result, 1,135,000 Option Plan awards (650,000 of which are held by Executive Management) are eligible for vesting, pending Nomination and Remuneration Committee approval. The exercise price of all Option Plan awards for which the vesting conditions have been met is CHF 37.23.

8.3 The Origin Enterprises Long-Term Incentive Plan
Participation in the Origin Plan is available only to employees of Origin and is specifically not available to ARYZTA executives, officers or employees.

Origin Plan – ordinary share awards
Under the terms of the Origin Plan, 4,682,134 ordinary shares were issued to senior executives of Origin during the year ended 31 July 2007. As the consideration paid for these shares equalled their fair value, no additional share-based compensation charge was recorded under IFRS 2, Share-based Payment. To retain the ordinary shares issued under the terms of the Origin Plan, the senior executives had to remain with Origin for five years and specified financial and business related targets had to be achieved. If the senior executive left before the end of the five year period or if the financial and business targets were not achieved, the ordinary shares issued under the terms of the Origin Plan could have been reacquired by Origin at the lower of the amount paid for the shares and the then fair market value of the shares. The specified targets were achieved and accordingly the shares can no longer be reacquired.

Origin Plan – awards of other equity entitlements
Under the terms of the Origin Plan, senior executives of Origin were also issued equity entitlements in Origin at par value, during 2007 and 2008. These equity entitlements convert on a one-to-one basis into ordinary shares in Origin after the expiration of five years, only if specified EPS growth targets are achieved and the employee remains in employment.

During the five year period to 31 July 2011 the EPS growth targets were achieved. As a result, during April 2012 a total of 5,003,238 equity entitlements were converted on a one for one basis into ordinary shares. These shares are ranked pari passu in all respects with the existing ordinary shares of Origin. The remaining equity entitlements are expected to convert into ordinary shares in FY 2013, after the related five year period for those equity entitlements is completed.

The table below shows the movement in equity entitlements during the year:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Origin Plan awards</th>
<th>Weighted conversion price 2012 in EUR</th>
<th>Number of equity entitlements 2012</th>
<th>Weighted conversion price 2011 in EUR</th>
<th>Number of equity entitlements 2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Outstanding at the beginning of the year</td>
<td>0.01</td>
<td>5,483,583</td>
<td>0.01</td>
<td>5,555,270</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Redeemed during the year</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>0.01</td>
<td>(71,687)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Converted to ordinary shares during the year</td>
<td>0.01</td>
<td>(5,003,238)</td>
<td>0.01</td>
<td>480,345</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outstanding at the end of the year</td>
<td>0.01</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.01</td>
<td>5,483,583</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vested at the end of the year</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
9 Income tax expense

Income tax expense

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>in EUR '000</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Current tax charge</td>
<td>37,584</td>
<td>39,263</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deferred tax credit (note 24)</td>
<td>(13,012)</td>
<td>(23,649)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income tax expense</td>
<td>24,572</td>
<td>15,614</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Reconciliation of average effective tax rate to applicable tax rate

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>in EUR '000</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Profit before tax</td>
<td>187,126</td>
<td>244,026</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Less share of profits after tax of associates and joint ventures</td>
<td>(14,200)</td>
<td>(19,479)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income subject to lower rates of tax</td>
<td>(11,367)</td>
<td>(13,203)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income tax on profits for the year at 21.2% (2011: 21.2%)</td>
<td>36,660</td>
<td>47,604</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Income)/expenses not (taxable)/deductible for tax purposes</td>
<td>(7,523)</td>
<td>(21,817)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change in estimates and other prior year adjustments:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>– Current tax</td>
<td>(1,280)</td>
<td>552</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>– Deferred tax</td>
<td>1,002</td>
<td>(1,475)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unutilised tax losses</td>
<td>7,080</td>
<td>3,953</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income tax expense</td>
<td>24,572</td>
<td>15,614</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Current and deferred tax movements recognised directly in other comprehensive income

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>in EUR '000</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Relating to tax rate changes</td>
<td>858</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relating to foreign exchange translation effects</td>
<td>(6,863)</td>
<td>2,876</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relating to cash flow hedges</td>
<td>(259)</td>
<td>286</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relating to Group employee benefit plans actuarial losses</td>
<td>(2,002)</td>
<td>(67)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(8,266)</td>
<td>3,095</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 21.2% is the standard rate of income tax applicable to trading profits in Zurich, Switzerland.
10 Dividends
At the Annual General Meeting on 11 December 2012, shareholders will be invited to approve a proposed dividend of CHF 0.6125 (€0.5063) per share, to be paid to shareholders after the balance sheet date. A dividend of CHF 0.5679 was paid during the year (2011: CHF 0.4802).

11 Earnings per share

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Basic earnings per share</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profit attributable to equity shareholders</td>
<td>146,264</td>
<td>212,657</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Perpetual callable subordinated instrument accrued dividend (note 26)</td>
<td>(16,642)</td>
<td>(11,801)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profit used to determine basic earnings per share</td>
<td>129,622</td>
<td>200,856</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weighted average number of ordinary shares</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ordinary shares outstanding at 1 August¹</td>
<td>82,810</td>
<td>82,810</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Effect of vesting of equity instruments during the year²</td>
<td>827</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Effect of shares issued during the year</td>
<td>2,300</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weighted average number of ordinary shares used to determine basic earnings per share</td>
<td>85,937</td>
<td>82,810</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basic earnings per share</td>
<td>150.8 cent</td>
<td>242.6 cent</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Diluted earnings per share</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profit used to determine basic earnings per share</td>
<td>129,622</td>
<td>200,856</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Effect on non-controlling interests share of reported profits, due to dilutive impact of Origin management equity entitlements³</td>
<td>(557)</td>
<td>(1,276)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profit used to determine diluted earnings per share</td>
<td>129,065</td>
<td>199,580</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weighted average number of ordinary shares (diluted)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weighted average number of ordinary shares used to determine basic earnings per share</td>
<td>85,937</td>
<td>82,810</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Effect of equity-based incentives with a dilutive impact²</td>
<td>291</td>
<td>1,058</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weighted average number of ordinary shares used to determine diluted earnings per share⁴</td>
<td>86,228</td>
<td>83,868</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diluted earnings per share</td>
<td>149.7 cent</td>
<td>238.0 cent</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹ Issued share capital excludes treasury shares as detailed in note 26.
² The change in the equity instruments with a dilutive impact is due to continued vesting of management share-based incentives, offset by the impact of incentives exercised during the year, which are now included in the weighted average number of ordinary shares used to determine basic earnings per share.
³ Reflects the dilutive impact of equity entitlements granted to Origin senior management under the Origin Plan, as detailed in note 8.3 of these Group consolidated financial statements. These equity entitlements dilute the Group’s share of Origin profits available as part of its diluted earnings per share calculation.
⁴ The July 2012 weighted average number of ordinary shares used to calculate diluted earnings per share is 86,228,153 (2011: 83,868,319). The increase in the weighted average number of ordinary shares used to determine diluted earnings per share is due primarily to the weighted average increase of 2,300,392 shares, as a result of the issuance of 4,252,239 shares during January 2012. The remaining increase relates to the continued vesting of management share-based incentives.
In addition to the basic and diluted earnings per share measure calculated above, as required by IAS 33, Earnings per Share, the Group also presents the following underlying earnings per share measure in accordance with IAS 33 paragraph 73, as it is the Group’s policy to declare dividends based on underlying fully diluted earnings per share of the Group.

Underlying fully diluted net profit adjusts reported net profit by the following items and their related tax impacts:
- includes the perpetual callable subordinated instrument accrued dividend as an expense, similar to the adjustment for basic and diluted earnings per share;
- excludes non-ERP-related intangible amortisation;
- excludes net acquisition, disposal and restructuring related costs and fair value adjustments; and
- adjusts for the impact of dilutive instruments on non-controlling interests share of adjusted profits.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Profit used to determine basic earnings per share</td>
<td>129,622</td>
<td>200,856</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amortisation of non-ERP intangible assets (notes 1 and 14)</td>
<td>106,184</td>
<td>90,827</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tax on amortisation of non-ERP intangible assets (note 24)</td>
<td>(30,354)</td>
<td>(18,691)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net acquisition, disposal and restructuring related costs and fair value adjustments (notes 1 and 2)</td>
<td>99,629</td>
<td>10,036</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tax on net acquisition, disposal and restructuring related costs and fair value adjustments</td>
<td>(8,850)</td>
<td>(17,990)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-controlling interest portion of net acquisition, disposal and restructuring related costs and fair value adjustments</td>
<td>(4,490)</td>
<td>(3,325)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Effect on non-controlling interests share of adjusted profits due to dilutive impact of Origin management equity entitlements</td>
<td>(696)</td>
<td>(1,673)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Underlying fully diluted net profit</strong></td>
<td><strong>291,045</strong></td>
<td><strong>260,040</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Weighted average number of ordinary shares used to determine basic earnings per share 85,937 82,810

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Underlying basic earnings per share</th>
<th>338.7 cent</th>
<th>314.0 cent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Weighted average number of ordinary shares used to determine diluted earnings per share 86,228 83,868

| Underlying fully diluted earnings per share | 337.5 cent | 310.1 cent |
## 12 Property, plant and equipment

### Cost

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Land and buildings</th>
<th>Plant and Machinery</th>
<th>Motor Vehicles</th>
<th>Assets under construction</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>At 1 August 2011</td>
<td>487,157</td>
<td>707,331</td>
<td>10,244</td>
<td>32,678</td>
<td>1,237,410</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additions</td>
<td>16,490</td>
<td>45,814</td>
<td>876</td>
<td>53,901</td>
<td>117,081</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfer from assets under construction</td>
<td>9,747</td>
<td>19,700</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(29,447)</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arising on business combination (note 29)</td>
<td>921</td>
<td>18,102</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>19,040</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Restructuring related disposals</td>
<td>(586)</td>
<td>(5,253)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(5,839)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disposals</td>
<td>(11,734)</td>
<td>(19,411)</td>
<td>(3,457)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(34,602)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfer to investment properties (note 13)</td>
<td>(7,456)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(7,456)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Translation adjustments</td>
<td>19,698</td>
<td>59,535</td>
<td>729</td>
<td>1,717</td>
<td>81,679</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>At 31 July 2012</strong></td>
<td><strong>514,237</strong></td>
<td><strong>825,818</strong></td>
<td><strong>8,409</strong></td>
<td><strong>58,849</strong></td>
<td><strong>1,407,313</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Accumulated depreciation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Land and buildings</th>
<th>Plant and Machinery</th>
<th>Motor Vehicles</th>
<th>Assets under construction</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>At 1 August 2011</td>
<td>29,883</td>
<td>263,011</td>
<td>4,567</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>297,461</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Depreciation charge for year</td>
<td>14,283</td>
<td>73,644</td>
<td>2,752</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>90,679</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Restructuring related disposals</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(572)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(572)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disposals</td>
<td>(9,304)</td>
<td>(15,646)</td>
<td>(3,155)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(28,105)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Translation adjustments</td>
<td>2,243</td>
<td>22,642</td>
<td>378</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>25,263</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>At 31 July 2012</strong></td>
<td><strong>37,105</strong></td>
<td><strong>343,079</strong></td>
<td><strong>4,542</strong></td>
<td>–</td>
<td><strong>384,726</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Net book amounts

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Land and buildings</th>
<th>Plant and Machinery</th>
<th>Motor Vehicles</th>
<th>Assets under construction</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>At 31 July 2012</td>
<td>477,132</td>
<td>482,739</td>
<td>3,867</td>
<td>58,849</td>
<td>1,022,587</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>At 31 July 2011</td>
<td>457,274</td>
<td>444,320</td>
<td>5,677</td>
<td>32,678</td>
<td>939,949</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) for the year ended 31 July 2012

#### Land and Buildings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Cost in EUR '000</th>
<th>Accumulated Depreciation in EUR '000</th>
<th>Net book amount in EUR '000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>At 1 August 2010</td>
<td>529,834</td>
<td>50,189</td>
<td>457,274</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additions</td>
<td>3,477</td>
<td>14,054</td>
<td>479,645</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfer from assets under construction</td>
<td>134</td>
<td>18,644</td>
<td>479,645</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arising on business combination (note 29)</td>
<td>56,767</td>
<td>20,964</td>
<td>356,904</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arising on disposal of subsidiaries (note 2)</td>
<td>58,399</td>
<td>20,964</td>
<td>356,904</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Restructuring related disposals</td>
<td>(11,303)</td>
<td>(6,376)</td>
<td>3,927</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disposals</td>
<td>(8,396)</td>
<td>(7,310)</td>
<td>1,016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfer to investment properties (note 13)</td>
<td>(36,463)</td>
<td>(25,763)</td>
<td>107,435</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Translation adjustments</td>
<td>3,110</td>
<td>99</td>
<td>297,461</td>
</tr>
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<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>487,157</strong></td>
<td><strong>29,883</strong></td>
<td><strong>457,274</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Plant and Machinery

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Cost in EUR '000</th>
<th>Accumulated Depreciation in EUR '000</th>
<th>Net book amount in EUR '000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>At 1 August 2010</td>
<td>693,151</td>
<td>248,812</td>
<td>444,320</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additions</td>
<td>49,933</td>
<td>70,542</td>
<td>373,778</td>
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<tr>
<td>Arising on disposal of subsidiaries (note 2)</td>
<td>34,638</td>
<td>(25,440)</td>
<td>11,658</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Restructuring related disposals</td>
<td>31,879</td>
<td>(7,310)</td>
<td>24,569</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disposals</td>
<td>(8,396)</td>
<td>(5,932)</td>
<td>12,464</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfer to investment properties (note 13)</td>
<td>(25,763)</td>
<td>(6,651)</td>
<td>190,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Translation adjustments</td>
<td>(14,438)</td>
<td>(421)</td>
<td>195,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>707,331</strong></td>
<td><strong>263,011</strong></td>
<td><strong>444,320</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Motor Vehicles

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Cost in EUR '000</th>
<th>Accumulated Depreciation in EUR '000</th>
<th>Net book amount in EUR '000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>At 1 August 2010</td>
<td>1,192</td>
<td>3,758</td>
<td>854</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arising on disposal of subsidiaries (note 2)</td>
<td>1,601</td>
<td>848</td>
<td>753</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Restructuring related disposals</td>
<td>1,000</td>
<td>(5,932)</td>
<td>5,932</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disposals</td>
<td>(6,378)</td>
<td>(5,932)</td>
<td>10,448</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfer to investment properties (note 13)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(421)</td>
<td>421</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Translation adjustments</td>
<td>(403)</td>
<td>(421)</td>
<td>235</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>10,244</strong></td>
<td><strong>4,567</strong></td>
<td><strong>5,677</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Assets under construction

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Cost in EUR '000</th>
<th>Accumulated Depreciation in EUR '000</th>
<th>Net book amount in EUR '000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>At 1 August 2010</td>
<td>12,641</td>
<td>3,787</td>
<td>8,854</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arising on disposal of subsidiaries (note 2)</td>
<td>12,641</td>
<td>3,787</td>
<td>8,854</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>(3,878)</td>
<td>(3,878)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disposals</td>
<td>(23,680)</td>
<td>(23,680)</td>
<td>(23,680)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfer to investment properties (note 13)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(315)</td>
<td>(315)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Translation adjustments</td>
<td>(3,878)</td>
<td>(315)</td>
<td>(3,563)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>32,678</strong></td>
<td><strong>3,563</strong></td>
<td><strong>29,115</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Net book amounts

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Net book amount in EUR '000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>At 31 July 2011</td>
<td>939,949</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Assets held under finance leases

The net book value in respect of assets held under finance leases and accordingly capitalised in property, plant and equipment is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Net book amount in EUR '000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>At 31 July 2012</td>
<td>5,071</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>At 31 July 2011</td>
<td>4,494</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:**
- Costs include capitalised interest on amounts expenditure of EUR 664 million.
- Long-term lease contracts relating to acquisition of property, plant and equipment have a residual value of EUR 0.6 million.
- The cost of new assets is capitalised at the date of their availability for use.
- The purchase price of assets acquired in a business combination is allocated to the individual assets or liabilities based on their relative fair values at the date of combination.
- Depreciation includes EUR 4.2 million of depreciation on property, plant and equipment held under finance leases.
- Impairment losses are reversed in the period in which the reversal is considered to be sustainable.
- Translation adjustments reflect the impact of changes in exchange rates on the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in foreign currencies.

** Definitions:**
- Cost includes all expenditure directly attributable to bringing the assets to the location and condition necessary for their intended use.
- Accumulated depreciation includes accumulated depreciation on assets held under finance leases:
- Net book amounts are calculated as the sum of cost, accumulated depreciation and translation adjustments.

**Group Financial Statements:**
- The Group's financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the European Union.
- The Group's financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis.
- The Group's financial statements are prepared on a basis consistent with prior year.
13 Investment properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>in EUR '000</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Balance at 1 August</td>
<td>32,180</td>
<td>20,648</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfer from property, plant and equipment (note 12)</td>
<td>7,456</td>
<td>10,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disposals</td>
<td>(485)</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fair value adjustments (note 2)</td>
<td>(9,665)</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Translation adjustment</td>
<td>(218)</td>
<td>832</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance at 31 July</td>
<td>29,268</td>
<td>32,180</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Investment property is principally comprised of property previously used in operations, which was transferred to investment property upon the determination that the property would no longer be used in operations, but instead would be held as an investment for capital appreciation.

During the year ended 31 July 2012, Origin recorded a fair value adjustment to the carrying value of investment properties of €9,665,000. Origin’s directors determined that this adjustment to the fair value of Origin’s investment properties was necessary as a result of the continuing decline in the Irish property market. Additionally, as some of Origin’s land and buildings were no longer used in the Group’s businesses, the directors concluded that these items should be transferred to investment property. The property had an estimated market value of €7,456,000 at the date of the transfer.

During the year ended 31 July 2011, a property that was no longer in operational use in the Food Group was transferred to investment property. The property was located in Dublin, Ireland, and had an estimated market value of €10,700,000 at the date of transfer.

Rental income and direct operating expenses recognised in the income statement relating to investment property were not significant.

The directors have reviewed the carrying amount of investment properties and are satisfied that the carrying value appropriately reflects the estimated fair value of these properties as of 31 July 2012.
### 14  Goodwill and intangible assets

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>31 July 2012</th>
<th>Goodwill</th>
<th>Customer relationships</th>
<th>Brands</th>
<th>Computer-related</th>
<th>ERP-related intangibles</th>
<th>Patents and other</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>in EUR ’000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cost</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>At 1 August 2011</td>
<td>1,613,057</td>
<td>905,724</td>
<td>284,319</td>
<td>36,205</td>
<td>48,934</td>
<td>14,319</td>
<td>2,902,558</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additions</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>575</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>3,131</td>
<td>34,229</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>37,935</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arising on business combination (note 29)</td>
<td>51,613</td>
<td>26,708</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>19,077</td>
<td>97,398</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfer from/(to) ERP-related intangibles</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(4,614)</td>
<td>4,614</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Restructuring-related disposals</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(601)</td>
<td>(1,647)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(2,248)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disposals</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(739)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(739)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Translation adjustments</td>
<td>126,814</td>
<td>73,575</td>
<td>8,747</td>
<td>2,508</td>
<td>648</td>
<td>3,140</td>
<td>215,432</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>At 31 July 2012</td>
<td>1,791,484</td>
<td>1,006,582</td>
<td>293,066</td>
<td>35,890</td>
<td>86,778</td>
<td>36,536</td>
<td>3,250,336</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accumulated amortisation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>At 1 August 2011</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>152,200</td>
<td>66,838</td>
<td>27,170</td>
<td>4,005</td>
<td>251,602</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amortisation</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>82,949</td>
<td>18,053</td>
<td>2,462</td>
<td>5,307</td>
<td>111,491</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfer from/(to) ERP-related intangibles</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>631</td>
<td>(631)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Restructuring-related disposals</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(163)</td>
<td>(716)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(879)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disposals</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(739)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(739)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Translation adjustments</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>12,171</td>
<td>1,927</td>
<td>2,399</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>339</td>
<td>16,879</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>At 31 July 2012</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>247,320</td>
<td>86,818</td>
<td>31,760</td>
<td>8,008</td>
<td>4,448</td>
<td>378,354</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net book amounts</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>At 31 July 2012</td>
<td>1,791,484</td>
<td>759,262</td>
<td>206,248</td>
<td>4,130</td>
<td>78,770</td>
<td>32,088</td>
<td>2,871,982</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>At 31 July 2011</td>
<td>1,613,057</td>
<td>753,524</td>
<td>217,481</td>
<td>9,035</td>
<td>44,929</td>
<td>12,930</td>
<td>2,650,956</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) for the year ended 31 July 2012

**Cost**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Goodwill</th>
<th>Customer relationships</th>
<th>Brands</th>
<th>Computer-related intangibles</th>
<th>ERP-related intangibles</th>
<th>Patents and other</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>At 1 August 2010</td>
<td>1,366,699</td>
<td>717,058</td>
<td>282,359</td>
<td>35,776</td>
<td>27,464</td>
<td>14,867</td>
<td>2,444,223</td>
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<tr>
<td>Additions</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>4,998</td>
<td>23,350</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>28,348</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arising on business combination (note 29)</td>
<td>284,551</td>
<td>203,082</td>
<td>8,696</td>
<td>1,224</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>497,553</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disposal of subsidiaries (20,928)</td>
<td>(20,928)</td>
<td>(10,600)</td>
<td>(13,500)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(45,028)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Restructuring-related disposals</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(480)</td>
<td>(355)</td>
<td>(2,113)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(2,948)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disposals</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(4,131)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(4,131)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other (note 19)</td>
<td>(5,392)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(5,392)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Translation adjustments</td>
<td>(11,873)</td>
<td>(3,816)</td>
<td>7,244</td>
<td>(925)</td>
<td>233</td>
<td>(548)</td>
<td>(9,685)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>At 31 July 2011</strong></td>
<td>1,613,057</td>
<td>905,724</td>
<td>284,319</td>
<td>36,205</td>
<td>48,934</td>
<td>14,319</td>
<td>2,902,558</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Accumulated amortisation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Goodwill</th>
<th>Customer relationships</th>
<th>Brands</th>
<th>Computer-related intangibles</th>
<th>ERP-related intangibles</th>
<th>Patents and other</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>At 1 August 2010</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>84,066</td>
<td>48,656</td>
<td>29,368</td>
<td>661</td>
<td>709</td>
<td>163,460</td>
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<tr>
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<td>16,859</td>
<td>3,123</td>
<td>3,401</td>
<td>726</td>
<td>94,228</td>
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<tr>
<td>Disposal of subsidiaries</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(2,296)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(2,296)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Restructuring-related disposals</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(88)</td>
<td>(127)</td>
<td>(57)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(272)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disposals</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(4,066)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(4,066)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Translation adjustments</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>311</td>
<td>1,411</td>
<td>(1,128)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(46)</td>
<td>548</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>At 31 July 2011</strong></td>
<td>–</td>
<td>152,200</td>
<td>66,838</td>
<td>27,170</td>
<td>4,005</td>
<td>1,389</td>
<td>251,602</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Net book amounts**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Goodwill</th>
<th>Customer relationships</th>
<th>Brands</th>
<th>Computer-related intangibles</th>
<th>ERP-related intangibles</th>
<th>Patents and other</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>At 31 July 2011</td>
<td>1,613,057</td>
<td>753,524</td>
<td>217,481</td>
<td>9,035</td>
<td>44,929</td>
<td>12,930</td>
<td>2,650,956</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>At 31 July 2010</td>
<td>1,366,699</td>
<td>632,992</td>
<td>233,703</td>
<td>6,408</td>
<td>26,803</td>
<td>14,158</td>
<td>2,280,763</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 Other is comprised of adjustments made to goodwill arising out of reductions to the expected deferred consideration payable on acquisitions that occurred prior to the implementation of IFRS 3 (Revised), Business Combinations.

**Impairment testing on goodwill**

Goodwill acquired through business combinations is allocated at acquisition to the cash-generating units, or groups of cash generating-units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the business combination. Historically, this allocation was performed at the acquired business unit level, as this represented the lowest level within the entity at which goodwill was monitored for internal management purposes. This was the case as significant integration of the individually acquired businesses had not occurred and the business units were managed autonomously. Due to the significant reorganisation of historical acquired business units as part of the ARYZTA Transformation Initiative, effective during the first quarter of fiscal year 2013, management began formally evaluating business performance and allocating resources at the operating segment level and no longer at the former business unit level. As such, this will become the lowest level within the entity at which goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. In line with this change, allocation of any goodwill from future acquisitions, as well as future annual impairment testing, will be performed at the operating segment level.
The carrying amount of goodwill allocated to the historical individual cash-generating units, as well as the relevant operating segments, are summarised as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cash-generating Unit</th>
<th>Pre-tax discount rate</th>
<th>Pre-tax discount rate</th>
<th>Projection period</th>
<th>Terminal growth rate</th>
<th>Carrying value 2012</th>
<th>Carrying value 2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hiestand Europe</td>
<td>6.2%</td>
<td>6.6%</td>
<td>2 years</td>
<td>2%</td>
<td>426,564</td>
<td>437,340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Groupe Hubert</td>
<td>9.4%</td>
<td>9.0%</td>
<td>2 years</td>
<td>2%</td>
<td>105,812</td>
<td>105,812</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fresh Start Bakeries Europe</td>
<td>7.4%</td>
<td>8.2%</td>
<td>2 years</td>
<td>2%</td>
<td>34,215</td>
<td>34,078</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other1</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>156,674</td>
<td>98,136</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Food Europe</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>723,265</td>
<td>675,366</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Otis Spunkmeyer</td>
<td>6.7%</td>
<td>7.5%</td>
<td>2 years</td>
<td>2%</td>
<td>445,989</td>
<td>385,176</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>La Brea Bakery</td>
<td>8.7%</td>
<td>9.4%</td>
<td>2 years</td>
<td>2%</td>
<td>59,114</td>
<td>50,916</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Great Kitchens</td>
<td>8.7%</td>
<td>9.8%</td>
<td>2 years</td>
<td>2%</td>
<td>83,149</td>
<td>71,812</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fresh Start Bakeries North America</td>
<td>8.7%</td>
<td>9.8%</td>
<td>2 years</td>
<td>2%</td>
<td>29,240</td>
<td>25,390</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maidstone Bakeries</td>
<td>7.1%</td>
<td>7.9%</td>
<td>2 years</td>
<td>2%</td>
<td>295,691</td>
<td>268,816</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Food North America</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>913,183</td>
<td>802,110</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fresh Start Bakeries Rest of World</td>
<td>7.8%</td>
<td>8.9%</td>
<td>2 years</td>
<td>2%</td>
<td>65,010</td>
<td>53,480</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hiestand Rest of World1</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>8,105</td>
<td>7,092</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Food Rest of World</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>73,115</td>
<td>60,572</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agri</td>
<td>11.6%</td>
<td>9.9%</td>
<td>3 years</td>
<td>2%</td>
<td>68,186</td>
<td>62,356</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other1</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>13,735</td>
<td>12,653</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Origin</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>81,921</td>
<td>75,009</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Goodwill arising on investments</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1,791,484</td>
<td>1,613,057</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>in JVs and associates</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>72,746</td>
<td>49,336</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 Comprise of goodwill in a number of cash-generating units which are individually insignificant.

The Group tests goodwill for impairment annually, during the last quarter of the financial year, or more frequently if changes in circumstances indicate a potential impairment. No impairment losses have been recognised related to the Group’s goodwill during the years ended 31 July 2012 and 31 July 2011.

The recoverable amounts of cash-generating units are based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations use pre-tax cash flow projections based on expected future operating results and related cash flows at the time the impairment test is performed. These projections are based on current operating results of the individual cash-generating units and an assumption regarding future organic growth. For the purposes of the calculation of value-in-use, the cash flows are projected based on financial budgets approved by management, with additional cash flows in subsequent years calculated using a terminal value methodology and discounted using the relevant rate, as disclosed in the table above.
Any significant adverse change in the expected future operational results and cash flows may result in the value-in-use being less than the carrying amount of a cash-generating unit and would require that the carrying amount of the cash-generating unit be impaired and stated at the recoverable amount of the business unit. However, based on the results of the impairment testing undertaken during the years ended 31 July 2012 and 31 July 2011, sufficient headroom exists such that any reasonable movement in any of the underlying assumptions would not give rise to an impairment charge. Key assumptions include management’s estimates of future profitability, specifically the terminal growth rate, as well as the discount rate used.

The terminal growth rate within the discounted cash flow model is a significant factor in determining the value-in-use of the cash-generating units. A terminal growth rate is included to take into account the Group’s strong financial position, its established history of earnings growth, ongoing cash flow generation and its proven ability to pursue and integrate value-enhancing acquisitions. The terminal growth rates utilised approximated the relevant long-term inflation rates. While the terminal growth rate is a significant factor in the goodwill impairment testing, reducing the terminal growth rate to 0.0% would not give rise to a material impairment.

The discount rate used is also a significant factor in determining the value-in-use of the cash-generating units. These rates are based on the relevant risk-free rate, adjusted to reflect the risk associated with the respective future cash flows from that cash-generating unit. While the discount rate is a significant factor in the goodwill impairment testing, increasing the discount rate by 1% would not give rise to a material impairment.

The goodwill included within the carrying amount of investments in associates and joint ventures is subject to impairment testing when an indicator of impairment arises.
15 Investments in associates and joint ventures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>31 July 2012</th>
<th>Share of associates net assets</th>
<th>Share of joint ventures net assets</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>in EUR ’000</td>
<td>Notes</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>At 1 August 2011</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Share of profits, after tax and before acquisition and restructuring related costs</td>
<td>49,571</td>
<td>74,486</td>
<td>124,057</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group share of acquisition and restructuring related costs</td>
<td>7,099</td>
<td>7,101</td>
<td>14,200</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gain on dilution of investment 2</td>
<td>2,305</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>2,305</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net contributions to existing associates and JVs</td>
<td>7,745</td>
<td>(14)</td>
<td>7,731</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dividends received</td>
<td>(5,329)</td>
<td>(5,744)</td>
<td>(11,073)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disposal of interest in Joint Venture 2</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(3,258)</td>
<td>(3,258)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Losses)/gains through other comprehensive income</td>
<td>(2,305)</td>
<td>254</td>
<td>(2,051)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Translation adjustments</td>
<td>1,304</td>
<td>2,517</td>
<td>3,821</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>At 31 July 2012</td>
<td>52,042</td>
<td>75,342</td>
<td>127,384</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>31 July 2011</th>
<th>Share of associates net assets</th>
<th>Share of joint ventures net assets</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>in EUR ’000</td>
<td>Notes</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>At 1 August 2010</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Share of profits, after tax and before acquisition and restructuring related costs</td>
<td>37,770</td>
<td>125,111</td>
<td>162,881</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subsidiaries becoming associate/joint venture</td>
<td>5,354</td>
<td>14,125</td>
<td>19,479</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loss on dilution of investment 2</td>
<td>17,108</td>
<td>11,055</td>
<td>28,163</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contributions to existing associates and JVs</td>
<td>419</td>
<td>709</td>
<td>1,128</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arising on business combinations 29</td>
<td>232</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>232</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dividends received</td>
<td>(2,136)</td>
<td>(9,454)</td>
<td>(11,590)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JV becoming a subsidiary 29</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(64,854)</td>
<td>(64,854)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Losses)/gains through other comprehensive income</td>
<td>(4,269)</td>
<td>254</td>
<td>(4,015)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Translation adjustments</td>
<td>(3,749)</td>
<td>(2,968)</td>
<td>(6,717)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>At 31 July 2011</td>
<td>49,571</td>
<td>74,486</td>
<td>124,057</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The amounts included in these Group consolidated financial statements in respect of the post-acquisition profits or losses of associates and joint ventures are taken from their latest financial statements prepared up to their respective year-ends, together with management accounts for the intervening periods to the Group’s year-end. All joint ventures of the Group have a 31 December year-end. All associates of the Group have a 31 July year-end, with the exception of Continental Farmers Group plc, which has a year-end of 31 December and Valeo, which has a year-end of 31 March.
The investment in associates and joint ventures is analysed as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>31 July 2012</th>
<th>31 July 2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>in EUR '000</td>
<td>in EUR '000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Associates</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-current assets</td>
<td>37,906</td>
<td>42,002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current assets</td>
<td>69,088</td>
<td>61,850</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-current liabilities</td>
<td>(70,816)</td>
<td>(52,605)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current liabilities</td>
<td>(38,184)</td>
<td>(35,001)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Joint ventures</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-current assets</td>
<td>55,548</td>
<td>50,502</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current assets</td>
<td>70,584</td>
<td>62,228</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-current liabilities</td>
<td>(34,695)</td>
<td>(20,621)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current liabilities</td>
<td>(34,793)</td>
<td>(33,634)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>93,454</td>
<td>92,504</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net (liabilities)/assets</strong></td>
<td>(2,006)</td>
<td>16,246</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Goodwill</td>
<td>54,048</td>
<td>33,325</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>At 31 July 2012</strong></td>
<td>52,042</td>
<td>49,571</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Raw materials</strong></td>
<td>69,913</td>
<td>71,714</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Finished goods</strong></td>
<td>187,354</td>
<td>160,535</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Consumable stores</strong></td>
<td>24,650</td>
<td>19,167</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>281,917</td>
<td>251,416</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A total expense of €5,898,000 (2011: €3,491,000) was recognised in the Group Consolidated Income Statement arising from write-down of inventory.
### 17 Trade and other receivables

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Non-current</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loan note due from associate</td>
<td>37,223</td>
<td>35,013</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Current</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trade receivables, net</td>
<td>490,691</td>
<td>420,217</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trade receivables due from associates and joint ventures</td>
<td>1,709</td>
<td>3,583</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VAT recoverable</td>
<td>17,717</td>
<td>9,304</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prepayments and accrued income</td>
<td>26,415</td>
<td>24,939</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other receivables</td>
<td>17,034</td>
<td>19,916</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>553,566</td>
<td>477,959</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A total expense of €2,410,000 (2011: €3,950,000) was recognised in the Group Consolidated Income Statement arising from impairment of trade receivables.

### 18 Trade and other payables

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Non-current</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other payables</td>
<td>11,134</td>
<td>10,749</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-controlling interest forward contract</td>
<td>13,446</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>24,580</td>
<td>10,749</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Current</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trade payables</td>
<td>595,487</td>
<td>488,783</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trade payables due to associates and joint ventures</td>
<td>1,567</td>
<td>3,263</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accruals and other payables(^1)</td>
<td>320,945</td>
<td>344,351</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employee-related tax and social welfare</td>
<td>10,604</td>
<td>8,501</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Value-added tax</td>
<td>13,737</td>
<td>12,662</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>942,340</td>
<td>857,560</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(^1\) Accruals and other payables consist primarily of balances due for goods and services received not yet invoiced and for staff compensation.
Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) for the year ended 31 July 2012

19  Deferred consideration
Deferred consideration comprises the net present value of the amounts expected to be payable arising on business combinations. Residual deferred consideration is due entirely within five years of the related acquisition and is payable subject to the achievement of earnings-based targets.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Balance at 1 August</td>
<td>21,358</td>
<td>38,298</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arising on business combination (note 29)</td>
<td>245</td>
<td>1,080</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Discounting unwind (note 3)</td>
<td>588</td>
<td>1,059</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payments of deferred consideration</td>
<td>(13,346)</td>
<td>(12,900)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Written off against goodwill1 (note 14)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(5,392)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Translation adjustment</td>
<td>1,197</td>
<td>(787)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Balance at 31 July</strong></td>
<td>10,042</td>
<td>21,358</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Classified as:**
- **Current – due within one year**                  | 10,042 | 12,149 |
- **Non-current – due after more than one year**     | –      | 9,209  |

1  The balance written off against goodwill is comprised of adjustments made to goodwill arising out of reductions to the expected deferred consideration payable on acquisitions that occurred prior to the implementation of IFRS 3 (Revised), Business Combinations.

20  Cash and cash equivalents
In accordance with IAS 7, Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances held for the purposes of meeting short-term cash commitments and investments, which are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Bank overdrafts are included within current interest-bearing loans and borrowings in the Group Consolidated Balance Sheet.

As set out further in note 21 of these Group consolidated financial statements, the Group operates two distinct debt funding structures, which are segregated in line with its segmental and corporate reporting structures. One Group funding structure finances the Food Group segments as a whole. The second funding structure finances the Group’s separately listed subsidiary, Origin Enterprises plc, and its related subsidiaries.

The cash and cash equivalents included in the Group Consolidated Cash Flow Statement are analysed as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Food Group cash at bank and in hand</td>
<td>452,175</td>
<td>426,733</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Origin cash at bank and in hand</td>
<td>95,299</td>
<td>55,496</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total cash at bank and in hand</strong></td>
<td>547,474</td>
<td>482,229</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Food Group bank overdraft</td>
<td>(195,908)</td>
<td>(159,224)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Origin bank overdraft</td>
<td>(6,477)</td>
<td>(5,369)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Bank overdrafts (note 21)</strong></td>
<td>(202,385)</td>
<td>(164,593)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Included in the Group Consolidated Cash Flow Statement 345,089 317,636
Cash at bank and in hand earns interest at floating rates based on daily deposit bank rates. Short-term deposits are made for varying periods of between one day and three months, depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective short-term deposit rates.

21 Interest-bearing loans and borrowings
As indicated in note 20, the Group operates two distinct debt funding structures, which are segregated in line with its segmental and corporate reporting structures. One Group funding structure finances the Food Group segments as a whole. The second funding structure finances the Group’s separately listed subsidiary, Origin Enterprises plc, and its related subsidiaries.

Each of the Food Group and Origin funding structures has been independently negotiated. As a result, these two parts of the Group effectively act as separate independent counterparties from a third-party borrowing perspective. There are no cross guarantees between the Food Group and Origin segments of the Group in respect of their separate funding facilities.

All Group borrowings within the Food Group funding structures are secured by guarantees from ARYZTA AG and upstream guarantees from various companies within the Food Group.

All Group borrowings within the Origin structure are guaranteed by Origin Enterprises plc and its main trading subsidiaries. The Origin borrowings do not have recourse to ARYZTA AG or any Group subsidiaries outside of the Origin Group.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Included in non-current liabilities</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Food Group loans</td>
<td>1,173,360</td>
<td>1,221,232</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Origin loans</td>
<td>155,825</td>
<td>141,029</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total bank loans</td>
<td>1,329,185</td>
<td>1,362,261</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finance leases</td>
<td>1,261</td>
<td>1,632</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-current interest-bearing loans and borrowings</td>
<td>1,330,446</td>
<td>1,363,893</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Included in current liabilities</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Food Group loans</td>
<td>56,303</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bank overdrafts</td>
<td>202,385</td>
<td>164,593</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finance leases</td>
<td>2,431</td>
<td>1,331</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current interest-bearing loans and borrowings</td>
<td>261,119</td>
<td>165,924</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total bank loans and overdrafts</td>
<td>1,587,873</td>
<td>1,526,854</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total finance leases</td>
<td>3,692</td>
<td>2,963</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total interest-bearing loans and borrowings</td>
<td>1,591,565</td>
<td>1,529,817</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) for the year ended 31 July 2012

### Analysis of net debt

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>1 August 2011</th>
<th>Arising on business combination</th>
<th>Non-cash movements</th>
<th>Translation adjustment</th>
<th>31 July 2012</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cash</strong></td>
<td>482,229</td>
<td>48,058</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>17,187</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Overdrafts</strong></td>
<td>(164,593)</td>
<td>(25,251)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(12,541)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cash and cash equivalents</strong></td>
<td>317,636</td>
<td>22,807</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>4,646</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Loans</strong></td>
<td>(1,362,261)</td>
<td>142,255</td>
<td>(5,957)</td>
<td>(3,012)</td>
<td>(156,513)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Finance leases</strong></td>
<td>(2,963)</td>
<td>2,708</td>
<td>(2,971)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(466)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net debt</strong></td>
<td>(1,047,588)</td>
<td>167,770</td>
<td>(8,928)</td>
<td>(3,012)</td>
<td>(152,333)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Split of net debt

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>1 August 2011</th>
<th>Arising on business combination</th>
<th>Non-cash movements</th>
<th>Translation adjustment</th>
<th>31 July 2012</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Food Group net debt</strong></td>
<td>(955,468)</td>
<td>129,551</td>
<td>(8,928)</td>
<td>(2,222)</td>
<td>(139,216)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Origin net debt</strong></td>
<td>(92,120)</td>
<td>38,219</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(790)</td>
<td>(13,117)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net debt</strong></td>
<td>(1,047,588)</td>
<td>167,770</td>
<td>(8,928)</td>
<td>(3,012)</td>
<td>(152,333)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The terms of outstanding loans are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>Currency</th>
<th>Calendar year of maturity</th>
<th>Nominal value in EUR '000</th>
<th>Carrying amount in EUR '000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Food Group loans</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Senior secured revolving working capital facility</td>
<td>Various</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>183,799</td>
<td>177,247</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Swiss Bond</td>
<td>CHF</td>
<td>2015</td>
<td>166,522</td>
<td>165,359</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Private placement 2010</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series A</td>
<td>USD</td>
<td>2013</td>
<td>56,589</td>
<td>56,303</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series B</td>
<td>USD</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>32,336</td>
<td>32,173</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series C</td>
<td>USD</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>48,504</td>
<td>48,260</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series D</td>
<td>USD</td>
<td>2021</td>
<td>121,261</td>
<td>120,649</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series E</td>
<td>USD</td>
<td>2022</td>
<td>80,841</td>
<td>80,433</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series F</td>
<td>EUR</td>
<td>2020</td>
<td>25,000</td>
<td>24,874</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Private placement 2009</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series A</td>
<td>USD</td>
<td>2021</td>
<td>64,673</td>
<td>64,233</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series B</td>
<td>USD</td>
<td>2024</td>
<td>32,336</td>
<td>32,116</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series C</td>
<td>USD</td>
<td>2029</td>
<td>64,673</td>
<td>64,233</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Private placement 2007</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series A</td>
<td>USD</td>
<td>2014</td>
<td>121,261</td>
<td>121,261</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series B</td>
<td>USD</td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>202,102</td>
<td>202,102</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series C</td>
<td>USD</td>
<td>2019</td>
<td>40,420</td>
<td>40,420</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| **Origin loan facilities** | | | | | |
| Unsecured revolving credit facility | GBP | 2016 | 38,197 | 37,752 |
| Unsecured term loan facility | GBP | 2016 | 89,127 | 88,088 |
| Unsecured term loan facility | EUR | 2015 | 30,000 | 29,985 |

**1,397,641** | **1,385,488**
Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) for the year ended 31 July 2012

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2011</th>
<th>Currency</th>
<th>Calendar year of maturity</th>
<th>Nominal value in EUR '000</th>
<th>Carrying amount in EUR '000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Food Group loans</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Senior secured revolving working capital facility</td>
<td>Various</td>
<td>2014</td>
<td>284,263</td>
<td>279,633</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Swiss Bond</td>
<td>CHF</td>
<td>2015</td>
<td>174,462</td>
<td>172,777</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Private placement 2010</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series A</td>
<td>USD</td>
<td>2013</td>
<td>48,872</td>
<td>48,534</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series B</td>
<td>USD</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>27,927</td>
<td>27,734</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series C</td>
<td>USD</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>41,891</td>
<td>41,601</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series D</td>
<td>USD</td>
<td>2021</td>
<td>104,727</td>
<td>104,002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series E</td>
<td>USD</td>
<td>2022</td>
<td>69,818</td>
<td>69,334</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series F</td>
<td>EUR</td>
<td>2020</td>
<td>25,000</td>
<td>24,827</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Private placement 2009</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series A</td>
<td>USD</td>
<td>2021</td>
<td>55,854</td>
<td>55,444</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series B</td>
<td>USD</td>
<td>2024</td>
<td>27,927</td>
<td>27,722</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series C</td>
<td>USD</td>
<td>2029</td>
<td>55,854</td>
<td>55,444</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Private placement 2007</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series A</td>
<td>USD</td>
<td>2014</td>
<td>104,727</td>
<td>104,727</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series B</td>
<td>USD</td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>174,544</td>
<td>174,544</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series C</td>
<td>USD</td>
<td>2019</td>
<td>34,909</td>
<td>34,909</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Origin loan facilities</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unsecured revolving credit facility</td>
<td>GBP</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>102,723</td>
<td>101,504</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unsecured term loan facility</td>
<td>EUR</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>40,000</td>
<td>39,525</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>1,373,498</strong></td>
<td><strong>1,362,261</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The weighted average effective interest rate in respect of the Group’s interest-bearing loans was as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Food Group loans</td>
<td>4.68%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Origin Loans</td>
<td>3.16%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total bank loans</strong></td>
<td><strong>4.51%</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The pre-tax weighted average cost of capital associated with the Group’s financing structures was as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Food Group</td>
<td>8.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Origin</td>
<td>11.6%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) for the year ended 31 July 2012

Repayment schedule – loans and overdrafts (nominal values) in EUR `000

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Less than one year</td>
<td>258,974</td>
<td>164,593</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Between one and five years</td>
<td>863,344</td>
<td>782,974</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>After five years</td>
<td>477,708</td>
<td>590,524</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>1,600,026</td>
<td>1,538,091</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Repayment schedule – finance leases in EUR `000

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Less than one year</td>
<td>2,550</td>
<td>119</td>
<td>2,431</td>
<td>1,488</td>
<td>157</td>
<td>1,331</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Between one and five years</td>
<td>1,313</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>1,261</td>
<td>1,765</td>
<td>133</td>
<td>1,632</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>After five years</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>3,863</td>
<td>171</td>
<td>3,692</td>
<td>3,253</td>
<td>290</td>
<td>2,963</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

22 Financial instruments and financial risk

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities, together with the carrying amounts shown in the balance sheet, are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Fair value hierarchy</th>
<th>Fair value through income statement 2012</th>
<th>Hedge instruments 2012</th>
<th>Loans and receivables 2012</th>
<th>Liabilities at amortised cost 2012</th>
<th>Total carrying amount 2012</th>
<th>Fair value 2012</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2012 in EUR `000 Trade and other receivables (excluding prepayments)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>546,657</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>546,657</td>
<td>546,657</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash and cash equivalents</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>547,474</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>547,474</td>
<td>547,474</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Derivative financial assets</td>
<td>Level 2</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>422</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>422</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total financial assets</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>422</td>
<td>1,094,131</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>1,094,553</td>
<td>1,094,553</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trade and other payables (excluding non-financial liabilities)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(929,133)</td>
<td>(929,133)</td>
<td>(929,133)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bank overdrafts</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(202,385)</td>
<td>(202,385)</td>
<td>(202,385)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bank borrowings</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(1,385,488)</td>
<td>(1,385,488)</td>
<td>(1,531,545)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finance lease liabilities</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(3,692)</td>
<td>(3,692)</td>
<td>(3,692)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forward purchase obligation</td>
<td>Level 3</td>
<td>(13,446)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(13,446)</td>
<td>(13,446)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Derivative financial liabilities</td>
<td>Level 2</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(5,924)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(5,924)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total financial liabilities</td>
<td>(13,446)</td>
<td>(5,924)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(2,520,698)</td>
<td>(2,540,068)</td>
<td>(2,686,125)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Hedge instruments 2011</th>
<th>Loans and receivables 2011</th>
<th>Liabilities at amortised cost 2011</th>
<th>Total carrying amount 2011</th>
<th>Fair value 2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2011 in EUR `000 Trade and other receivables (excluding prepayments)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(847,146)</td>
<td>(847,146)</td>
<td>(847,146)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash and cash equivalents</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>482,229</td>
<td>482,229</td>
<td>482,229</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Derivative financial assets</td>
<td>Level 2</td>
<td>608</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>608</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total financial assets</td>
<td>608</td>
<td>960,958</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>961,566</td>
<td>961,566</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trade and other payables (excluding non-financial liabilities)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(847,146)</td>
<td>(847,146)</td>
<td>(847,146)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bank overdrafts</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(164,593)</td>
<td>(164,593)</td>
<td>(164,593)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bank borrowings</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(1,362,261)</td>
<td>(1,362,261)</td>
<td>(1,480,312)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finance lease liabilities</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(2,963)</td>
<td>(2,963)</td>
<td>(2,963)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Derivative financial liabilities</td>
<td>Level 2</td>
<td>(3,432)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(3,432)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total financial liabilities</td>
<td>(3,432)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(2,376,963)</td>
<td>(2,380,395)</td>
<td>(2,498,446)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Estimation of fair values

Set out below are the major methods and assumptions used in estimating the fair values of the financial assets and liabilities disclosed in the preceding table.

Trade and other receivables/payables
All trade and other receivables or payables, other than the forward purchase obligation mentioned below, are carried at amortised cost, less any impairment provision. For any trade and other receivables or payables with a remaining life of less than six months or demand balances, the carrying value, less impairment provision where appropriate, is deemed to reflect fair value.

Cash and cash equivalents, including short-term bank deposits
For short-term bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents, all of which have an original and remaining maturity of less than three months, the nominal amount is deemed to reflect fair value.

Derivatives (forward currency contracts and interest rate swaps)
Forward currency contracts are marked to market using quoted forward exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The fair value of interest rate swaps is calculated as the present value of the estimated future cash flows based on observable yield curves.

Interest-bearing loans and borrowings
For interest-bearing loans and borrowings with a contractual re-pricing date of less than six months, the nominal amount is considered to approximate fair value for disclosure purposes. For loans with a re-pricing date of greater than six months, the fair value is calculated based on the expected future principal and interest cash flows, discounted at appropriate current market interest rates.

Finance lease liabilities
Fair value is based on the present value of future cash flows discounted at implicit interest rates.

Forward purchase obligation
The other long-term liability related to the HiCoPain forward purchase contract (notes 18 and 26) is carried at fair value through profit and loss. In accordance with the terms of that agreement, the fair value of this financial instrument is based on the estimated net book value of HiCoPain AG upon the final exit of the minority shareholder. As the fair value of this obligation is based on inputs not observable within the market, it has been classified as a Level 3 financial liability. No gains or losses related to changes in the fair value of this liability were recognised within the Group Consolidated Income Statement or Group Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income during the year and no reasonably possible changes in assumptions would result in a material change in the fair value of this financial obligation.
Fair value hierarchy
The tables at the beginning of this note summarise the financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method. Fair value classification levels have been assigned to the Group's financial instruments carried at fair value. The different levels assigned are defined as follows:

Level 1: Prices quoted in active markets
Level 2: Valuation techniques based on observable market data
Level 3: Valuation techniques based on unobservable inputs

Risk exposures
Group risk management
Risk management is a fundamental element of the Group's business practice at all levels and encompasses different types of risks. This overall Group risk management process includes the performance of a risk assessment that is described in more detail in note 33. Financial risk management specifically is described in further detail below.

Financial risk management
The Group's international operations expose it to different financial risks that include:
- credit risks,
- liquidity risks,
- foreign exchange rate risks,
- interest rate risks, and
- commodity price risks.

The Group has a risk management programme in place, which seeks to limit the impact of these risks on the financial performance of the Group. The Board has determined the policies for managing these risks. It is the policy of the Board to manage these risks in a non-speculative manner.

Credit risk
Exposure to credit risk
Credit risk arises from credit issued to customers on outstanding receivables and outstanding transactions, as well as cash and cash equivalents, derivative financial instruments and deposits with banks and financial institutions.

Trade and other receivables
The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. There is no concentration of credit risk by dependence on individual customers or geographically.

The Group has detailed procedures for monitoring and managing the credit risk related to its trade receivables based on experience, customer's track record and historic default rates. Individual risk limits are generally set by customer, and risk is only accepted above such limits in defined circumstances. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored. Impairment provisions are used to record impairment losses, unless the Group is satisfied that no recovery of the amount owing is possible. At that point the amount is considered irrecoverable and is written off directly against the trade receivable.
Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) for the year ended 31 July 2012

The Group establishes an allowance for impairment that represents its estimate of incurred losses in respect of trade and other receivables and investments. The main components of this allowance are a specific loss component that relates to individually significant exposures and a collective loss component established for groups of similar assets in respect of losses that have been incurred but not yet identified.

The Group also manages credit risk through the use of a receivables purchase arrangement with a financial institution. Under the terms of this non-recourse agreement, the Group has transferred credit risk and control of certain trade receivables, amounting to €28,114,000 (2011: €38,705,000). The Group has continued to recognise an asset of €352,000 (2011: €680,000), representing the maximum extent of its continuing involvement or exposure and an associated liability of a similar amount.

Cash and short-term bank deposits
Cash and short-term bank deposits are invested with institutions with the highest short-term credit rating, with limits on amounts held with individual banks or institutions at any one time. Management does not expect any losses from non-performance by these counterparties.

Exposure to credit risk
The carrying amount of financial assets, net of impairment provisions, represents the Group’s maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at year-end was as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Carrying amount 2012</th>
<th>Carrying amount 2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Trade and other receivables</td>
<td>546,657</td>
<td>478,729</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash and cash equivalents</td>
<td>547,474</td>
<td>482,229</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Derivative financial assets</td>
<td>422</td>
<td>608</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>1,094,553</strong></td>
<td><strong>961,566</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The maximum exposure to credit risk for trade receivables at the reporting date by geographic region was as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Carrying amount 2012</th>
<th>Carrying amount 2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>381,370</td>
<td>307,110</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North America</td>
<td>86,440</td>
<td>94,249</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rest of World</td>
<td>22,881</td>
<td>18,858</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>490,691</strong></td>
<td><strong>420,217</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The maximum exposure to credit risk for trade receivables at the reporting date by type of customer was as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Carrying amount 2012</th>
<th>Carrying amount 2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Food Group trade receivables</td>
<td>228,548</td>
<td>212,333</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Origin trade receivables</td>
<td>262,143</td>
<td>207,884</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>490,691</strong></td>
<td><strong>420,217</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) for the year ended 31 July 2012

The aging of trade receivables at the reporting date was as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not past due</td>
<td>369,987</td>
<td>114</td>
<td>322,292</td>
<td>371</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Past due 0–30 days</td>
<td>96,800</td>
<td>278</td>
<td>79,762</td>
<td>222</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Past due 31–120 days</td>
<td>32,660</td>
<td>8,364</td>
<td>24,766</td>
<td>8,814</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Past due more than 121 days</td>
<td>5,320</td>
<td>5,320</td>
<td>6,651</td>
<td>3,847</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>504,767</strong></td>
<td><strong>14,076</strong></td>
<td><strong>433,471</strong></td>
<td><strong>13,254</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Group standard payment terms are typically 0–60 days. With the exception of the long-term note due from an associate, all other receivables are due in less than six months. All other receivables are deemed to be fully recoverable.

Analysis of movement in impairment provisions in respect of trade receivables was as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Balance at 1 August</td>
<td>13,254</td>
<td>13,837</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arising on business combination</td>
<td>544</td>
<td>1,297</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arising on disposal of subsidiaries</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(1,881)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charged during the year</td>
<td>2,410</td>
<td>3,950</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Released during the year</td>
<td>(2,544)</td>
<td>(3,752)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Translation adjustment</td>
<td>412</td>
<td>(197)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance at 31 July</td>
<td><strong>14,076</strong></td>
<td><strong>13,254</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due.

The Group’s objective is to maintain a balance between flexibility and continuity of funding. The Group’s policy is that not more than 40% of total bank borrowing facilities should mature in any twelve-month period. At 31 July 2012, 16% of the Group’s total borrowings will mature within the next 12 months.

In November 2011, the Food Group agreed an amendment to its existing syndicated loan facility, which increased the amount available from CHF 600,000,000 (€499,567,000) to CHF 970,000,000 (€807,633,000) and extended the maturity of the facility by two years to December 2016, with unchanged interest rate margins and financial covenants. The Food Group also has USD 1,070,000,000 (€864,996,000) and €25,000,000 private placement facilities and a CHF 200,000,000 (€166,522,000) Swiss-listed bond. Short-term flexibility is achieved through the availability of overdraft facilities totalling €339,683,000.

In July 2011, Origin negotiated new syndicated loan facilities with an available principal of €300,000,000, which matures in July 2016. In March 2012, Origin additionally arranged an unsecured term loan facility with an available principal of €30,000,000, which matures in March 2015. Short-term flexibility is achieved through the availability of overdraft facilities totalling €59,334,000.
The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Carrying amount</th>
<th>Contractual cash flows</th>
<th>6 mths or less</th>
<th>6 – 12 mths</th>
<th>1 – 2 years</th>
<th>2 – 5 years</th>
<th>More than 5 years</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>EUR '000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-derivative financial liabilities</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fixed rate bank loans</td>
<td>(1,052,416)</td>
<td>(1,422,451)</td>
<td>(24,161)</td>
<td>(86,162)</td>
<td>(173,167)</td>
<td>(523,604)</td>
<td>(615,357)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Variable rate bank loans</td>
<td>(333,072)</td>
<td>(380,358)</td>
<td>(5,002)</td>
<td>(5,002)</td>
<td>(10,002)</td>
<td>(360,352)</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finance lease liabilities</td>
<td>(3,692)</td>
<td>(3,863)</td>
<td>(1,389)</td>
<td>(1,161)</td>
<td>(969)</td>
<td>(344)</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bank overdrafts</td>
<td>(202,385)</td>
<td>(202,385)</td>
<td>(202,385)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trade and other payables</td>
<td>(929,133)</td>
<td>(900,398)</td>
<td>(17,601)</td>
<td>(2,962)</td>
<td>(3,461)</td>
<td>(4,711)</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forward purchase obligation</td>
<td>(13,446)</td>
<td>(13,446)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(13,446)</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Derivative financial instruments</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest rate swaps used for hedging</td>
<td>(3,112)</td>
<td>(3,112)</td>
<td>(560)</td>
<td>(544)</td>
<td>(1,026)</td>
<td>(982)</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Currency forward contracts used for hedging</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>– Inflows</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>77,325</td>
<td>75,056</td>
<td>2,269</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>– Outflows</td>
<td>(2,812)</td>
<td>(80,137)</td>
<td>(77,717)</td>
<td>(2,420)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(2,540,068)</td>
<td>(2,957,560)</td>
<td>(1,136,556)</td>
<td>(110,621)</td>
<td>(188,126)</td>
<td>(902,189)</td>
<td>(620,068)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>EUR '000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-derivative financial liabilities</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fixed rate bank loans</td>
<td>(941,599)</td>
<td>(1,306,798)</td>
<td>(20,945)</td>
<td>(26,615)</td>
<td>(96,432)</td>
<td>(427,406)</td>
<td>(735,400)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Variable rate bank loans</td>
<td>(420,662)</td>
<td>(483,540)</td>
<td>(7,515)</td>
<td>(7,515)</td>
<td>(15,030)</td>
<td>(453,480)</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finance lease liabilities</td>
<td>(2,963)</td>
<td>(3,253)</td>
<td>(657)</td>
<td>(831)</td>
<td>(1,137)</td>
<td>(628)</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bank overdrafts</td>
<td>(164,593)</td>
<td>(164,593)</td>
<td>(164,593)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trade and other payables</td>
<td>(847,146)</td>
<td>(817,344)</td>
<td>(19,053)</td>
<td>(4,411)</td>
<td>(3,621)</td>
<td>(2,717)</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Derivative financial instruments</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest rate swaps used for hedging</td>
<td>(206)</td>
<td>(206)</td>
<td>(46)</td>
<td>(46)</td>
<td>(60)</td>
<td>(54)</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Currency forward contracts used for hedging</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>– Inflows</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>98,879</td>
<td>72,079</td>
<td>21,770</td>
<td>5,030</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>– Outflows</td>
<td>(3,226)</td>
<td>(102,105)</td>
<td>(73,891)</td>
<td>(22,999)</td>
<td>(5,215)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(2,380,395)</td>
<td>(2,808,762)</td>
<td>(1,012,912)</td>
<td>(55,289)</td>
<td>(117,255)</td>
<td>(885,189)</td>
<td>(738,117)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Accounting for derivatives and hedging activities

The fair value of derivative financial assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date is set out in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>in EUR '000</th>
<th>Assets</th>
<th>Liabilities</th>
<th>Assets</th>
<th>Liabilities</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2012</td>
<td>2012</td>
<td>2011</td>
<td>2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash flow hedges</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Currency forward contracts</td>
<td>416</td>
<td>(2,812)</td>
<td>608</td>
<td>(3,226)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest rate swaps</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>(3,112)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(206)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>At 31 July</td>
<td>422</td>
<td>(5,924)</td>
<td>608</td>
<td>(3,432)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Cash flow hedges

Cash flow hedges are those of highly probable forecasted future income or expenses. In order to qualify for hedge accounting, the Group is required to document the relationship between the item being hedged and the hedging instrument and demonstrate, at inception, that the hedge relationship will be highly effective on an ongoing basis. The hedge relationship must be tested for effectiveness on subsequent reporting dates. There is no significant difference between the timing of the cash flows and the income statement effect of cash flow hedges.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices and indices, such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates, will affect the Group’s income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments.

Foreign exchange risk

In addition to the Group’s operations carried out in eurozone economies, it also has significant operations in the UK, Switzerland and North America. As a result, the Group Consolidated Balance Sheet is exposed to currency fluctuations including, in particular, sterling, US dollar, Canadian dollar and Swiss franc movements. The Group manages its balance sheet having regard to the currency exposures arising from its assets being denominated in a wide range of currencies.

Net investment hedges

As part of its approach towards mitigating its exposure to foreign currency risk, the Group will, when required, fund foreign currency assets in the currency of the related assets. These relationships are typically designated by the Group as net investment hedges of foreign currency exposures on net investments in foreign operations using the borrowings as the hedging instrument. These hedge designations allow the Group to mitigate the risk of foreign currency exposures on the carrying amount of net assets in foreign operations in its Group consolidated financial statements.

The borrowings designated in net investment hedge relationships are measured at fair value, with the effective portion of the change in value of the borrowings being recognised directly through equity in the foreign currency translation reserve. Any ineffectiveness arising on such hedging relationships is recognised immediately in the income statement.
Currency swaps

The Group also hedges a portion of its transactional currency exposure through the use of currency swaps. Transactional exposures arise from sales or purchases by an operating unit in currencies other than the unit’s functional currency. The Group requires its operating units to use forward currency contracts to eliminate the currency exposures on certain foreign currency purchases. The forward currency contracts must be in the same currency and match the settlement terms of the hedged item.

The following table details the Group’s exposure to transactional foreign currency risk at 31 July 2012:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012 in EUR '000</th>
<th>GBP</th>
<th>USD</th>
<th>CAD</th>
<th>CHF</th>
<th>EUR</th>
<th>Other</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Trade receivables</td>
<td>4,728</td>
<td>1,637</td>
<td>5,174</td>
<td>1,847</td>
<td>4,334</td>
<td>2,227</td>
<td></td>
<td>19,947</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other receivables</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>46</td>
<td>154</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash and cash equivalents</td>
<td>931</td>
<td>4,158</td>
<td>4,531</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>11,286</td>
<td>773</td>
<td></td>
<td>21,716</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trade payables</td>
<td>(4,191)</td>
<td>(3,655)</td>
<td>(2,743)</td>
<td>(837)</td>
<td>(30,172)</td>
<td>(180)</td>
<td>41,778</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other payables</td>
<td>(1,224)</td>
<td>(580)</td>
<td>(2,601)</td>
<td>(1,821)</td>
<td>(1,956)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(8,182)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Derivative financial instruments</td>
<td>(2,170)</td>
<td>(274)</td>
<td>(207)</td>
<td>(59)</td>
<td>(1,887)</td>
<td>(147)</td>
<td>(4,744)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>At 31 July 2012</td>
<td>(1,926)</td>
<td>1,366</td>
<td>4,182</td>
<td>(833)</td>
<td>(18,395)</td>
<td>2,719</td>
<td></td>
<td>(12,887)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The following table details the Group’s exposure to transactional foreign currency risk at 31 July 2011:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2011 in EUR '000</th>
<th>GBP</th>
<th>USD</th>
<th>CAD</th>
<th>CHF</th>
<th>EUR</th>
<th>Other</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Trade receivables</td>
<td>3,334</td>
<td>1,380</td>
<td>6,310</td>
<td>1,764</td>
<td>8,817</td>
<td>1,972</td>
<td></td>
<td>23,577</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other receivables</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>215</td>
<td>46</td>
<td>372</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash and cash equivalents</td>
<td>4,484</td>
<td>1,606</td>
<td>3,004</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>10,255</td>
<td>251</td>
<td>19,609</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trade payables</td>
<td>(4,071)</td>
<td>(9,055)</td>
<td>(4,482)</td>
<td>(813)</td>
<td>(24,186)</td>
<td>(56)</td>
<td>(42,663)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other payables</td>
<td>(355)</td>
<td>(180)</td>
<td>(2,168)</td>
<td>(638)</td>
<td>(1,778)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(5,119)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Derivative financial instruments</td>
<td>89</td>
<td>(877)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>(474)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(1,220)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>At 31 July 2011</td>
<td>3,481</td>
<td>(7,071)</td>
<td>2,720</td>
<td>364</td>
<td>(7,151)</td>
<td>2,213</td>
<td></td>
<td>(5,444)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Currency sensitivity analysis

A 10% strengthening or weakening of the euro against the following currencies at 31 July would have increased/(decreased) equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis as in the prior year.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Currency</th>
<th>10% strengthening income statement</th>
<th>10% strengthening equity</th>
<th>10% weakening income statement</th>
<th>10% weakening equity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GBP</td>
<td>(22)</td>
<td>20,696</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>(25,295)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USD</td>
<td>(149)</td>
<td>12,350</td>
<td>182</td>
<td>(15,094)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAD</td>
<td>(399)</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>488</td>
<td>(30)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHF</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>(86)</td>
<td>(7)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

At 31 July 2012

(500) 33,075 611 (40,426)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Currency</th>
<th>10% strengthening income statement</th>
<th>10% strengthening equity</th>
<th>10% weakening income statement</th>
<th>10% weakening equity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GBP</td>
<td>(308)</td>
<td>9,331</td>
<td>377</td>
<td>(11,404)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USD</td>
<td>563</td>
<td>21,034</td>
<td>(688)</td>
<td>(25,709)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAD</td>
<td>(247)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>302</td>
<td>(1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHF</td>
<td>(29)</td>
<td>(4)</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

At 31 July 2011

(21) 30,362 27 (37,109)

The impact on equity from changing exchange rates results principally from foreign currency loans designated as net investment hedges. This impact would be offset by the revaluation of the hedged net assets, which would also be recorded in equity.

Interest rate risk

The Group’s debt bears both floating and fixed rates of interest as per the original contracts. Fixed rate debt is achieved through the issuance of fixed rate debt or the use of interest rate swaps. At 31 July, the interest rate profile of the Group’s interest-bearing financial instruments was as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Financial instruments</th>
<th>Carrying amount 2012</th>
<th>Carrying amount 2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Fixed rate instruments</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bank borrowings</td>
<td>(1,052,416)</td>
<td>(941,599)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finance lease liabilities</td>
<td>(3,692)</td>
<td>(2,963)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total fixed rate instruments</strong></td>
<td>(1,056,108)</td>
<td>(944,562)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Variable rate instruments</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash and cash equivalents</td>
<td>547,474</td>
<td>482,229</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bank overdrafts</td>
<td>(202,385)</td>
<td>(164,593)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bank borrowings</td>
<td>(333,072)</td>
<td>(420,662)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total interest-bearing financial instruments</strong></td>
<td>(1,044,091)</td>
<td>(1,047,588)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate liabilities

A change of 50 basis points ('bp') in interest rates at the reporting date would have had the effect as shown below on the Group Consolidated Income Statement and equity. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest earned on cash and cash equivalents and foreign currency exchange rates, remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis as in the prior year.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2012 in EUR '000</th>
<th>Principal amount</th>
<th>Impact of 50 bp increase on Income Statement</th>
<th>Impact of 50 bp increase on equity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bank overdrafts</td>
<td>(202,385)</td>
<td>(1,012)</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Variable rate bank borrowings</td>
<td>(333,072)</td>
<td>(1,665)</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest rate swaps</td>
<td>134,591</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>673</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash flow sensitivity, net</td>
<td>(400,866)</td>
<td>(2,677)</td>
<td>673</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2011 in EUR '000</th>
<th>Principal amount</th>
<th>Impact of 50 bp increase on Income Statement</th>
<th>Impact of 50 bp increase on equity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bank overdrafts</td>
<td>(164,593)</td>
<td>(823)</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Variable rate bank borrowings</td>
<td>(420,662)</td>
<td>(2,103)</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest rate swaps</td>
<td>85,655</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>428</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash flow sensitivity, net</td>
<td>(499,600)</td>
<td>(2,926)</td>
<td>428</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Commodity price risk

The Group purchases and sells certain commodities for the purposes of receipt or delivery and uses derivative contracts to protect itself from movements in prices other than exchange differences. These contracts are classified as ‘own use’ contracts, as they were entered into and continue to be held for the purpose of the receipt or delivery of the non-financial item, in accordance with the business unit's expected purchase, sale or usage requirements. ‘Own use’ contracts are outside the scope of IAS 39, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, and are accounted for on an accruals basis. Where a commodity contract is not entered into, or does not continue to be held to meet the Group’s own purchase, sale or usage requirements, it is treated as a derivative financial instrument, and the recognition and measurement requirements of IAS 39 are applied.
23 Deferred income from government grants

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>At 1 August</td>
<td>11,246</td>
<td>18,477</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Received during the year</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arising on business combination</td>
<td>842</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disposals</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(2,321)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grants released on rationalisation</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(3,538)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Translation adjustment</td>
<td>(297)</td>
<td>1,639</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recognised in Group Consolidated Income Statement</td>
<td>(1,581)</td>
<td>(3,036)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>At 31 July</td>
<td>10,210</td>
<td>11,246</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

24 Deferred tax

The deductible and taxable temporary differences at the balance sheet date, in respect of which deferred tax has been recognised, are analysed as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Deferred tax assets (deductible temporary differences)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property, plant and equipment</td>
<td>2,505</td>
<td>5,033</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employee compensation</td>
<td>4,386</td>
<td>3,310</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pension related</td>
<td>5,037</td>
<td>6,002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financing related</td>
<td>9,955</td>
<td>6,092</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tax loss carry-forwards and tax credits</td>
<td>37,814</td>
<td>34,597</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>25,768</td>
<td>24,039</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>85,465</strong></td>
<td><strong>79,073</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Deferred tax liabilities (taxable temporary differences) | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | (107,149) | (95,853) |
| Investment properties | (3,368) | (1,744) |
| Intangible assets | (267,555) | (268,266) |
| Pension related | (195) | (700) |
| Financing related | (5,912) | (10,759) |
| Other | (27,943) | (11,176) |
| **Total** | **(412,122)** | **(388,498)** |

Unrecognised deferred taxes

The deductible temporary differences, as well as the unused tax losses and tax credits, for which no deferred tax assets are recognised expire as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Within one year</td>
<td>722</td>
<td>367</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Between one and five years</td>
<td>2,550</td>
<td>2,465</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>After five years</td>
<td>19,667</td>
<td>11,948</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total unrecognised tax losses</strong></td>
<td><strong>22,939</strong></td>
<td><strong>14,780</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Deferred income tax liabilities of €4,970,000 (2011: €4,224,000) have not been recognised for the withholding tax and other taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings of certain subsidiaries as the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Movements in net deferred tax assets/(liabilities), during the year, were as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012 (in EUR '000)</th>
<th></th>
<th>2011 (in EUR '000)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Property, plant &amp; equipment</td>
<td>Investment Properties</td>
<td>Intangible assets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>At 1 August 2011</td>
<td>90,820</td>
<td>1,744</td>
<td>(268,266)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recognised in Group Consolidated Income Statement</td>
<td>3,434</td>
<td>238</td>
<td>30,354</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recognised in Group Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income</td>
<td>622</td>
<td>(236)</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arising on business combination (note 29)</td>
<td>1,238</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(11,016)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reclassifications</td>
<td>1,626</td>
<td>(1,626)</td>
<td>4,615</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Translation adjustments and other</td>
<td>10,156</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(23,242)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>At 31 July 2012</td>
<td>(104,644)</td>
<td>(3,368)</td>
<td>(267,555)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>At 1 August 2010</td>
<td>(84,058)</td>
<td>7,065</td>
<td>(250,369)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recognised in Group Consolidated Income Statement</td>
<td>(4,908)</td>
<td>(54)</td>
<td>18,691</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recognised in Group Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arising on business combination (note 29)</td>
<td>(2,911)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(31,811)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arising on disposal of subsidiaries</td>
<td>2,253</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>2,713</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reclassifications</td>
<td>(5,413)</td>
<td>5,413</td>
<td>(14,514)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Translation adjustments and other</td>
<td>4,217</td>
<td>(38)</td>
<td>7,024</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>At 31 July 2011</td>
<td>(90,820)</td>
<td>(1,744)</td>
<td>(268,266)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
25 Employee benefits

The Group operates a number of defined benefit and defined contribution pension plans in various jurisdictions within both the Food Group and Origin business segments. The majority of plans are externally funded with plan assets held in corresponding separate trustee-administered funds governed by local regulations and practice in each country.

Long-term employee benefits included in the Group Consolidated Balance Sheet comprises the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Deficit in Food Group defined benefit plans</td>
<td>11,247</td>
<td>6,851</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deficit in Origin defined benefit plans</td>
<td>8,559</td>
<td>5,258</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total deficit in defined benefit plans</td>
<td>19,806</td>
<td>12,109</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>3,904</td>
<td>3,917</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>23,710</td>
<td>16,026</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 Other includes provisions to meet unfunded pension fund deficiencies in a variety of insignificant subsidiaries.

The residual actuarial deficit is being paid over the remaining lifetime of the pensioners.

The calculation of the defined benefit plan obligations and related overall deficit were performed by an independent, qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. The main assumptions used were determined based on management experience and expectations in each country, as well as actuarial advice based on published statistics.

An average of these assumptions across all plans were as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rate of increase in salaries</td>
<td>2.00%</td>
<td>2.01%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rate of increases in pensions in payment and deferred benefits</td>
<td>2.34%</td>
<td>2.75%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Discount rate on plan liabilities</td>
<td>3.70%</td>
<td>4.24%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inflation rate</td>
<td>2.20%</td>
<td>2.71%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The mortality assumptions imply the following life expectancies in years of an active member on retiring at age 65, 20 years from now:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Male</td>
<td>23.3</td>
<td>22.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female</td>
<td>25.4</td>
<td>24.7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The mortality assumptions imply the following life expectancies in years of an active member, aged 65, retiring now:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Male</td>
<td>21.6</td>
<td>21.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female</td>
<td>23.7</td>
<td>23.6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The expected and applied long-term rates of return on the assets of the plans were:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Equities</td>
<td>6.8%</td>
<td>7.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bonds</td>
<td>3.0%</td>
<td>4.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property</td>
<td>5.1%</td>
<td>6.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>2.6%</td>
<td>3.5%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) for the year ended 31 July 2012

### Net pension liability

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fair value of plan assets:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equities</td>
<td>43,087</td>
<td>42,230</td>
<td>28,035</td>
<td>34,896</td>
<td>38,579</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bonds</td>
<td>73,718</td>
<td>57,675</td>
<td>34,891</td>
<td>14,886</td>
<td>16,785</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property</td>
<td>9,545</td>
<td>12,301</td>
<td>6,061</td>
<td>5,086</td>
<td>6,743</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>21,355</td>
<td>20,988</td>
<td>22,219</td>
<td>40,191</td>
<td>927</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total fair value of assets</td>
<td>147,705</td>
<td>133,194</td>
<td>91,206</td>
<td>95,059</td>
<td>63,079</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Present value of plan liabilities</td>
<td>(167,511)</td>
<td>(145,303)</td>
<td>(103,034)</td>
<td>(120,295)</td>
<td>(86,444)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deficit in the plans</td>
<td>(19,806)</td>
<td>(12,109)</td>
<td>(11,828)</td>
<td>(25,236)</td>
<td>(23,365)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Related deferred tax asset</td>
<td>4,842</td>
<td>5,302</td>
<td>3,998</td>
<td>3,610</td>
<td>3,514</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net pension liability</strong></td>
<td>(14,964)</td>
<td>(6,807)</td>
<td>(7,830)</td>
<td>(21,626)</td>
<td>(19,851)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Movement in the fair value of Plan assets

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fair value of plan assets at 1 August</td>
<td>133,194</td>
<td>91,206</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expected return on plan assets</td>
<td>5,904</td>
<td>4,824</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employer contributions</td>
<td>6,094</td>
<td>5,459</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employee contributions</td>
<td>2,737</td>
<td>2,744</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arising on business combination</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>23,791</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Translation adjustments</td>
<td>4,934</td>
<td>5,540</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benefit payments (made)/received</td>
<td>(4,569)</td>
<td>1,003</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>(1,301)</td>
<td>(1,310)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actuarial gain/(loss) on plan assets</td>
<td>712</td>
<td>(63)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Fair value of plan assets at 31 July</strong></td>
<td>147,705</td>
<td>133,194</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) for the year ended 31 July 2012

### Movement in the present value of Plan obligations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Value of plan obligations at 1 August</td>
<td>(145,303)</td>
<td>(103,034)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current service cost</td>
<td>(3,277)</td>
<td>(3,112)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest on plan obligations</td>
<td>(5,965)</td>
<td>(4,996)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employee contributions</td>
<td>(2,737)</td>
<td>(2,744)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arising on business combination</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(23,347)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benefit payments made/(received)</td>
<td>4,569</td>
<td>1,003</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Translation adjustments</td>
<td>(4,677)</td>
<td>(6,368)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>1,301</td>
<td>1,310</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Settlement loss on transfer of members to defined contribution plan</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(400)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Curtailment gain</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>209</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actuarial loss</td>
<td>(11,422)</td>
<td>(1,818)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Present value of plan obligations at 31 July</strong></td>
<td>(167,511)</td>
<td>(145,303)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Movement in net liability recognised in the Group Consolidated Balance Sheet

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Net liability in plans at 1 August</td>
<td>(12,109)</td>
<td>(11,828)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current service cost</td>
<td>(3,277)</td>
<td>(3,112)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employer contributions</td>
<td>6,094</td>
<td>5,459</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other finance expense</td>
<td>(61)</td>
<td>(172)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actuarial loss</td>
<td>(10,710)</td>
<td>(1,881)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arising on acquisition</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>444</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Settlement loss on transfer of members to defined contribution plan</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(400)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Curtailment gain</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>209</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Translation adjustments</td>
<td>257</td>
<td>(828)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net liability in plans at 31 July</strong></td>
<td>(19,806)</td>
<td>(12,109)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The estimated contributions expected to be paid during the year ending 31 July 2013 in respect of the Group’s defined benefit plans is €5,457,000.
## Analysis of defined benefit expense recognised in the Group Consolidated Income Statement in EUR `000

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Current service cost</td>
<td>3,277</td>
<td>3,112</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Settlement loss on transfer of members to defined contribution plan</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Curtailment gain</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(209)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-financing expense recognised in Group Consolidated Income Statement</td>
<td>3,277</td>
<td>3,303</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Expected return on Plan assets (note 3)</td>
<td>(5,904)</td>
<td>(4,824)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest cost on Plan liabilities (note 3)</td>
<td>5,965</td>
<td>4,996</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Included in financing costs, net</td>
<td>61</td>
<td>172</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net charge to Group Consolidated Income Statement</td>
<td>3,338</td>
<td>3,475</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<p>| | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Actual return on pension Plan assets</td>
<td>6,616</td>
<td>4,761</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Additionally, a charge of €11,311,000 (2011: €9,074,000) was recorded in the Group Consolidated Income Statement in respect of the Group’s defined contribution plans.

## Defined benefit pension expense recognised in the Group Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income in EUR `000

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Actual return/(loss) less expected return on Plan assets</td>
<td>712</td>
<td>(63)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Experience losses on Plan liabilities</td>
<td>(880)</td>
<td>(343)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Changes in demographic and financial assumptions</td>
<td>(10,542)</td>
<td>(1,475)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actuarial loss</td>
<td>(10,710)</td>
<td>(1,881)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deferred tax effect of actuarial loss</td>
<td>2,002</td>
<td>67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actuarial loss recognised in Group Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income</td>
<td>(8,708)</td>
<td>(1,814)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### History of experience gains and losses:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Difference between expected and actual return on plan assets and losses:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>– Amount (in €’000)</td>
<td>712</td>
<td>(63)</td>
<td>3,700</td>
<td>(10,119)</td>
<td>(18,870)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>– % of Plan assets</td>
<td>0.48%</td>
<td>(0.05)%</td>
<td>4.06%</td>
<td>(10.64)%</td>
<td>(29.91)%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Experience (losses)/gains on plan obligations:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>– Amount (in €’000)</td>
<td>(880)</td>
<td>(343)</td>
<td>2,681</td>
<td>3,177</td>
<td>(1,714)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>– % of Plan obligations</td>
<td>(0.53)%</td>
<td>(0.24)%</td>
<td>2.60%</td>
<td>2.64%</td>
<td>(1.98)%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Total actuarial losses recognised in Group Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>– Amount (in €’000)</td>
<td>(10,710)</td>
<td>(1,881)</td>
<td>(2,336)</td>
<td>(3,913)</td>
<td>(19,577)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>– % of Plan obligations</td>
<td>(6.39)%</td>
<td>(1.29)%</td>
<td>(2.27)%</td>
<td>(3.25)%</td>
<td>(22.65)%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
26 Shareholders equity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Registered shares of CHF 0.02 each – authorised, issued and fully paid</th>
<th>2012 `000</th>
<th>2012 in EUR `000</th>
<th>2011 `000</th>
<th>2011 in EUR `000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>At 1 August</td>
<td>85,045</td>
<td>1,061</td>
<td>85,045</td>
<td>1,061</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Issue of registered shares (CHF 0.02)</td>
<td>6,766</td>
<td>111</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>At 31 July</td>
<td>91,811</td>
<td>1,172</td>
<td>85,045</td>
<td>1,061</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

On 22 November 2011, the issued shares were increased to 87,558,295 registered shares by the issue of 2,513,500 registered shares with a nominal value of CHF 0.02 each, pursuant to a share subscription on behalf of ARY LTIP Trustee. ARY LTIP Trustee is a wholly owned subsidiary of ARYZTA, formed for the purpose of holding shares subject to the ARYZTA LTIP. ARY LTIP Trustee holds all treasury shares, pending satisfaction of the applicable terms of the ARYZTA LTIP.

At the Annual General Meeting on 1 December 2011, the shareholders approved the resolution to abolish Article 4 of the Articles of Association, which previously established conditional share capital for Employee Benefit Plans.

Furthermore, the shareholders also approved the resolution to modify Article 5 of the Articles of Association (governing Authorised Share Capital for General Purposes). Pursuant to these modifications, the Board of Directors was authorised to increase the share capital at any time until 30 November 2013 by an amount not exceeding CHF 255,134.38 through the issue of up to 12,756,719 fully paid-up registered shares with a nominal value of CHF 0.02 each. The Board of Directors was authorised to exclude the subscription rights of the shareholders and to allocate them to third parties if the shares are used for the following purposes:

1. acquisition of enterprises or parts thereof or participations therein, new investments or the financing of any of those transactions (maximum of 8,504,479 fully paid-up registered shares),
2. broadening the shareholder constituency (maximum of 4,252,239 fully paid-up registered shares), or
3. for the purpose of the participation of employees (maximum of 2,551,343 fully paid-up registered shares).

On 16 January 2012, the issued shares were increased to 91,810,534 by the issue of 4,252,239 registered shares at CHF 41.00 per share. As part of the issuance of these shares, the Board also approved the resolution to modify Article 5 of the Articles of Association to remove item (2) above. Pursuant to these modifications, the Board of Directors is now authorised to increase the share capital at any time until 30 November 2013 by an amount not exceeding CHF 170,089.58 through the issue of up to 8,504,480 fully paid-up registered shares.

These increases in share capital in November 2011 and January 2012 resulted in proceeds of €140,854,000, net of associated share registration, stamp duty and issuance costs.
Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) for the year ended 31 July 2012

Treasury shares of CHF 0.02 each – authorised, called up and fully paid

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012 in EUR '000</th>
<th>2012 in EUR '000</th>
<th>2011 in EUR '000</th>
<th>2011 in EUR '000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>At 1 August</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Creation and issue of shares to ARY LTIP Trustee</td>
<td>2,234</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>2,234</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Release of treasury shares upon vesting and exercise of matching shares</td>
<td>2,514</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>At 31 July</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3,773</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>2,234</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

On 23 September 2011, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee approved the vesting of all equity entitlements outstanding under the ARYZTA Matching Plan LTIP, as all performance conditions associated with those awards were met as of 31 July 2011. As the share subscription price associated with these equity entitlements was paid by plan participants to ARY LTIP Trustee at the inception of the plan, in accordance with the terms of the plan, upon approval of vesting the associated shares were issued to plan participants out of shares previously held in treasury by ARY LTIP Trustee. The share price at the time of the exercise was CHF 39.05 per share.

Other equity reserve
In October 2010, the Group raised CHF 400,000,000 through the issuance of a Perpetual Callable Subordinated Instrument (‘Hybrid Instrument’), which has been recognised at a carrying value of €285,004,000 within equity, net of transaction costs of €7,436,000. The Hybrid Instrument offers a coupon of 5%, accruing €16,642,000 to 31 July 2012 (2011: €11,801,000), and has no maturity date, with an initial call date by ARYZTA after four years from issuance. In the event that the call option is not exercised after four years, the coupon would be 905 bp plus the 3-month CHF LIBOR.

Cash flow hedge reserve
The cash flow hedge reserve comprises the effective portion of the cumulative net change in the fair value of cash flow hedging instruments related to hedged transactions that have not yet occurred.

Revaluation reserve
The revaluation reserve as of 31 July 2012 relates to surpluses arising on revaluations of land and buildings previously held as investment property. During the year £1,361,000 was transferred from the revaluation reserve to retained earnings in connection with ARYZTA equity shareholders’ portion of the fair value adjustments to investment properties held in Origin. During prior years the revaluation reserve also included £17,960,000 related to the revaluation of the Origin Food business, which was transferred from the revaluation reserve to retained earnings upon disposal of that associate interest in 2011.

Share-based payment reserve
This reserve comprises amounts credited to reserves in connection with equity awards, less the effect of any exercises of such awards.

Foreign currency translation reserve
The translation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences from 1 August 2004, the date of the Group’s transition to IFRS, arising from the translation of the net assets of the Group’s non-euro-denominated operations, including the translation of the profits of such operations from the average exchange rate for the year to the exchange rate at the balance sheet date, net of hedging.
Transaction with non-controlling interest

During March 2012, the Group entered into an agreement to acquire the remaining 40% interest in HiCoPain AG. Based on this agreement, the minority shareholder continues to participate in the risk and rewards of the business until the final exit date, which is expected to occur between 2016 and 2020. At that time consideration based on the net book value of HiCoPain AG will be paid to the minority shareholder.

A liability of CHF 16,149,000 (€13,429,000 as of the date of the agreement and €13,446,000 as of 31 July 2012) has been recorded representing the estimated future consideration to be paid, with a corresponding reduction in retained earnings of the Group. Upon final exit of the minority shareholder, the related carrying value of the non-controlling interest will be eliminated as a corresponding increase in retained earnings.

Capital management

The capital managed by the Group consists of the Group equity of €2,509,355,000 (2011: €2,196,506,000). The Group has set the following goals for the management of its capital:

– To maintain prudent net debt (as set out in note 21 of these Group consolidated financial statements) to EBITDA\(^1\) and interest cover (EBITDA\(^1\) to interest) ratios to support a prudent capital base and ensure a long-term sustainable business.
– To achieve a return for investors in excess of the Group’s weighted average cost of capital.
– To apply a dividend policy which takes into account the Group’s financial performance and position, the Group’s future outlook and other relevant factors including tax and other legal considerations.

As set out in note 21 of these Group consolidated financial statements, the Group operates two distinct debt funding structures.

– The Food Group net debt amounted to €976,283,000 at 31 July 2012 (2011: €955,468,000) and relates to the ARYZTA Food segments of the group.
– The Group’s separately listed subsidiary, Origin Enterprises plc, has separate funding structures, which are financed without recourse to ARYZTA AG. Origin net debt amounted to €67,808,000 at 31 July 2012 (2011: €92,120,000).

The Food Group employs four ratio targets to monitor equity and its financing covenants:

– The Food Group’s net debt to EBITDA\(^1\) ratio is below 3.5 times – the ratio was 2.05 times at 31 July 2012 (2011: 2.24 times).
– The Food Group’s interest cover (EBITDA\(^1\) to interest) is above 4 times – the ratio was 8.10 times at 31 July 2012 (2011: 7.4 times).
– The Food Group’s minimum equity shall not be below €1,000,000,000 at any time – the equity at 31 July 2012 was €2,317,810,000 (2011: €2,029,733,000).
– The Food Group’s minimum equity ratio (equity/consolidated assets) shall amount to at least 35% at any time – the ratio was 49% at 31 July 2012 (2011: 47%).

These ratios are reported to the Board of Directors at regular intervals through internal financial reporting.

\(^1\) Calculated based on the Food Group EBITDA for the year ended 31 July 2012 of €465.2m, which is then adjusted by the dividend received from Origin of €10.5m and for the pro forma full-year contribution of Food Group acquisitions.
The proposed payout ratio to shareholders for the Group’s financial year to 31 July 2012 is 15% of fully diluted underlying earnings per share. The payout will be in the form of a dividend. The payout ratio and form of payout proposed by the Board will be reviewed on an annual basis and is subject to the decision of the Annual General Meeting of the shareholders.

27 Non-controlling interests

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>in EUR '000</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Balance at 1 August</td>
<td>72,410</td>
<td>59,648</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Share of profit for the year</td>
<td>16,290</td>
<td>15,755</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Share of (loss)/income recognised in other comprehensive income</td>
<td>(2,039)</td>
<td>2,327</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dividends paid to non-controlling interests</td>
<td>(6,437)</td>
<td>(5,582)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Portion of share-based payment charge</td>
<td>193</td>
<td>262</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dilution of equity shareholders interest in Origin due to vesting of Origin management equity entitlements</td>
<td>5,808</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance at 31 July</td>
<td>86,225</td>
<td>72,410</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Transactions with non-controlling interests

As discussed in note 8, during April 2012, a total of 5,003,238 Origin management equity entitlements were converted, on a one for one basis, into ordinary shares of Origin. While the ARYZTA continues to hold the same number of ordinary shares of Origin, due to the issuance of these additional Origin ordinary shares to third parties, the ARYZTA’s ownership interest was diluted from 71.4% to 68.8%. As a result of this dilution, the Group has recorded a reduction in the individual equity balances within the Group’s total shareholders’ equity and allocated these balances as an increase in non-controlling interests.

28 Commitments

28.1 Commitments under operating leases

Non-cancellable operating lease rentals are payable as set out below. These amounts represent minimum future lease payments, in aggregate, that the Group is required to make under existing lease agreements.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>in EUR '000</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Operating lease commitments payable:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Within one year</td>
<td>52,746</td>
<td>39,583</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In two to five years</td>
<td>131,081</td>
<td>100,085</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>After more than five years</td>
<td>93,832</td>
<td>82,456</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>277,659</td>
<td>222,124</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
28.2 Capital commitments
Capital expenditure contracted for at the end of the reporting period, but not yet incurred, is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Property, plant and equipment</td>
<td>50,331</td>
<td>15,422</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intangible assets</td>
<td>8,573</td>
<td>3,444</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>58,904</strong></td>
<td><strong>18,866</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

28.3 Other commitments
ARYZTA AG has guaranteed the liabilities of its subsidiaries within the Food Group and has also guaranteed contractual trade payments amounting to €1,247,000 (2011: €1,077,000) relating to letters of credit given on behalf of joint ventures. The Group’s 68.8% subsidiary Origin Enterprises plc has also given guarantees to secure the obligations of its subsidiary undertakings on all sums due in respect of bank loans and advances within the Origin Group.

29 Business combinations
29.1 Acquisitions in financial year 2012
During the year, the Group completed multiple acquisitions by acquiring all outstanding shares of those individual entities. The details of the combined net assets acquired and goodwill arising from these various business combinations are set out below and the entity information of any significant new subsidiaries is included in note 35. The goodwill arising on these business combinations is attributable to the skills and talent of the in-place work-force and the synergies expected to be achieved from integrating the acquired operations into the Group’s existing businesses.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2012 in EUR '000</th>
<th>Provisional fair values</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Provisional fair value of net assets acquired:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property, plant and equipment</td>
<td>19,040</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intangible assets</td>
<td>45,785</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inventory</td>
<td>2,637</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trade and other receivables</td>
<td>11,766</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trade and other payables</td>
<td>(15,329)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debt acquired</td>
<td>(5,957)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finance leases</td>
<td>(2,971)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deferred tax</td>
<td>(12,466)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deferred income from government grants</td>
<td>(842)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corporation tax payable</td>
<td>(721)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net assets acquired</strong></td>
<td><strong>40,942</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Goodwill arising on acquisitions</td>
<td>51,613</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Consideration</strong></td>
<td><strong>92,555</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Satisfied by:**
- Cash consideration | 96,105
- Cash acquired | (3,795)
- **Net cash consideration** | **92,310**
- Deferred consideration | 245
- **Total consideration** | **92,555**
The net cash outflow on these acquisitions during the year is disclosed in the Group Consolidated Cash Flow Statement as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>in EUR '000</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cash flows from investing activities</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash consideration</td>
<td>96,105</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash acquired</td>
<td>(3,795)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>92,310</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>in EUR '000</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cash flows from financing activities</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debt acquired, including finance leases</td>
<td>8,928</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cost of acquisitions (including net debt acquired)</strong></td>
<td><strong>101,238</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Costs of €3,255,000 related to the transactions were charged to the net acquisition, disposal, and restructuring related costs and fair value adjustments in the Group Consolidated Income Statement during the year ended 31 July 2012.

The impact of these business combinations during the year on the Group Consolidated Income Statement is set out in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>in EUR '000</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Revenue</td>
<td>99,481</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profit for the year</td>
<td>13,142</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

As these acquisitions occurred near the beginning of the year, no material difference exists between the reported consolidated revenue and profit for the year and the amounts that would have been reported. In making this determination, management has assumed that the fair value adjustments that arose on the date of the acquisition would have been the same if the acquisition had occurred on 1 August 2011.

For the identification and estimation of the fair value of the intangibles acquired as part of these acquisitions, ARYZTA was assisted by a non-audit independent appraisal firm. The identified intangibles acquired include customer relationships and unpatented technology, which were valued using the income approach method.

The fair values presented in this note are based on provisional valuations due to the complexity of the transactions.

### 29.2 Acquisitions in financial year 2011

During the prior year, the Group completed the acquisition of Maidstone, as well as three smaller acquisitions in the Origin Agri-Services business.

#### Maidstone Acquisition

The Group completed the acquisition of the outstanding 50% of the Maidstone joint venture on 29 October 2010. As a result and from that date, Maidstone has been accounted for as a subsidiary undertaking and not as a joint venture.

The goodwill arising on this business combination was attributable to the skills and talent of the Maidstone work force, the synergies expected to be achieved from integrating Maidstone into the Group’s existing businesses and increasing capacity utilisation of the facility.
Origin acquisitions

During the prior year, Origin completed a number of acquisitions in the United Kingdom.

On 8 March 2011, the Group completed the acquisition of 100% of United Agri Products Limited, a premier provider of agronomy services to arable, fruit and vegetable growers.

On 9 March 2011, the Group acquired 100% of Rigby Taylor Limited, a leading service provider supplying advice and technical product solutions to the professional sports turf, landscape and amenity sectors.

On 13 July 2011, the Group acquired 100% of Origin Fertilisers 2011 Limited from Carrs Milling Industries plc. Origin Fertilisers 2011 Limited is a leading provider of branded specialist fertilisers together with integrated nutrient management systems servicing the arable, grassland, horticulture and forestry sectors.

As a result of the above acquisitions, Origin has built upon its core positions in the supply of specialist agronomy services and crop nutrition ingredients.

The goodwill recognised on the Origin acquisitions is attributable to the skills and technical talent of the work force, and the synergies expected to be achieved from integrating these companies into the Group’s existing business.

Details of net assets acquired and goodwill arising from these business combinations are set out below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2011 in EUR '000</th>
<th>Maidstone Bakeries</th>
<th>Other</th>
<th>Final fair values</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Final fair value of net assets acquired:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property, plant and equipment</td>
<td>94,267</td>
<td>12,733</td>
<td>107,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intangible assets</td>
<td>175,158</td>
<td>37,844</td>
<td>213,002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financial assets</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>232</td>
<td>232</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inventory</td>
<td>7,925</td>
<td>30,791</td>
<td>38,716</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trade and other receivables</td>
<td>6,592</td>
<td>36,975</td>
<td>43,567</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trade and other payables</td>
<td>(9,684)</td>
<td>(58,232)</td>
<td>(67,916)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finance leases</td>
<td>(25)</td>
<td>(402)</td>
<td>(427)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deferred tax</td>
<td>(24,290)</td>
<td>(7,930)</td>
<td>(32,220)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employee benefits</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>444</td>
<td>444</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income tax</td>
<td>(5,138)</td>
<td>(734)</td>
<td>(5,872)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net assets acquired</strong></td>
<td>244,805</td>
<td>51,721</td>
<td>296,526</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Goodwill arising on acquisition</td>
<td>258,003</td>
<td>26,548</td>
<td>284,551</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Consideration</strong></td>
<td>502,808</td>
<td>78,269</td>
<td>581,077</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Satisfied by:**

|                  | 334,719 | 94,608 | 429,327 |
| Cash consideration | (18,156) | (17,419) | (35,575) |
| Cash acquired | 316,563 | 77,189 | 393,752 |
| Net cash consideration | 64,854 | – | 64,854 |
| Investment in joint venture on acquisition date | 121,391 | – | 121,391 |
| Fair value gain on 50% equity interest held prior to acquisition date | – | 1,080 | 1,080 |
| Contingent consideration | 502,808 | 78,269 | 581,077 |
Notes to the Group Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) for the year ended 31 July 2012

Costs of €12,825,000 related to the above transactions were charged to net acquisition, disposal and restructuring related costs and fair value adjustments in the Group Consolidated Income Statement.

ARYZTA’s existing 50% equity interest in the joint venture was re-measured at its fair value, with the resulting gain, of €121,391,000, over the previous carrying value, recognised within the net acquisition, disposal and restructuring related costs and fair value adjustments in the Group Consolidated Income Statement.

The net cash outflow on acquisitions during the prior year was disclosed in the Group Consolidated Cash Flow Statement as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>in EUR '000</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cash consideration</td>
<td>429,327</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash acquired</td>
<td>(35,575)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>1,111</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total cash spend on acquisitions</strong></td>
<td><strong>394,863</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For the identification and estimation of the fair value of the intangibles acquired as part of these acquisitions, ARYZTA was assisted by independent non-audit appraisal firms. The identified intangibles acquired include customer relationships and brands, which were valued using the income approach method.

### 30 Contingent liabilities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>in EUR '000</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Government grants repayable if grant conditions are not met</td>
<td>3,489</td>
<td>3,489</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

During prior years, the Group reported on a legal claim made by a former Hiestand shareholder challenging the exchange ratio applied in the merger of Hiestand Holdings AG into ARYZTA AG. In March 2012, the Swiss Federal Court upheld a previous ruling by the local court in favour of ARYZTA, thereby dismissing the claim and bringing the proceedings on this matter to a conclusion.

The Group is also subject to other litigation risks and legal claims that arise in the ordinary course of business, for which the outcomes are not yet known. These claims are not currently expected to give rise to any material significant future cost or contingencies.

### 31 Related party transactions

In the normal course of business, the Group undertakes arm’s-length transactions with its associates, joint ventures and other related parties. A summary of transactions with these related parties, which relate primarily to transactions with associates and joint ventures during the year, is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>in EUR '000</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sale of goods</td>
<td>102,788</td>
<td>91,380</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Purchase of goods</td>
<td>(132,076)</td>
<td>(10,018)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provision of services</td>
<td>1,383</td>
<td>2,925</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receiving of services</td>
<td>(3,324)</td>
<td>(962)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The trading balances owing to the Group from related parties were €1,709,000 (2011: €3,583,000) and the trading balances owing from the Group to these related parties were €1,567,000 (2011: €3,820,000). Non-current other receivables on the Group Consolidated Balance Sheet comprises €37,223,000 (2011: €35,013,000) in relation to a vendor loan note made to Valeo, an associate undertaking. All outstanding balances with related parties are on an arm’s-length basis.

Compensation of key management
For the purposes of the disclosure requirements of IAS 24, Related Party Disclosures, the term ‘key management personnel’ (i.e. those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group) comprises the Board of Directors and the Group Executive Management which manages the business and affairs of the Group.

A summary of the compensation to key management is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>in EUR ’000</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Short-term employee benefits</td>
<td>3,147</td>
<td>3,310</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Post employment benefits</td>
<td>382</td>
<td>490</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance related bonus</td>
<td>1,562</td>
<td>2,144</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Long-term incentives (LTIP)</td>
<td>3,799</td>
<td>12,016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total key management compensation</strong></td>
<td><strong>8,890</strong></td>
<td><strong>17,960</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Further detailed disclosure in relation to the compensation entitlements of the Board of Directors and Executive Management is provided in note 10 of the ARYZTA AG Company financial statements.

32 Post balance sheet events – after 31 July 2012
As of 20 September 2012, the date of approval of the Group consolidated financial statements by the Board of Directors, there have been no significant events that would require adjustment or disclosure within the Group consolidated financial statements.

33 Risk assessment required by Swiss law
The Board and senior management of ARYZTA continue to invest significant time and resources in identifying specific risks across the Group, and in developing a culture of balanced risk minimisation. The Group has formal risk assessment processes in place through which risks and mitigating controls are evaluated. These processes are driven by local management of the business, who are best placed to identify the significant ongoing and emerging risks facing the business. The outputs of these risk assessment processes are subject to various levels of review by Group management and Internal Audit, and a consolidated Risk Map denoting potential frequency, severity and velocity of identified risks, is reviewed by the ARYZTA Board of Directors on an annual basis. Risks identified and associated mitigating controls are also subject to audit, as part of operational, financial and health and safety audit programmes.
34  Accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses.

Information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the Group consolidated financial statements are described below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Note</th>
<th>Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Note 8</td>
<td>Share-based payments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Note 13</td>
<td>Investment properties</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Note 14</td>
<td>Goodwill and intangible assets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Note 22</td>
<td>Financial instruments and financial risk</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Note 24</td>
<td>Deferred tax</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Note 25</td>
<td>Employee benefits</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Group has share-based incentive grants outstanding under various incentive plans. Estimating the value of these grants, and the period over which this value will be recognised as an expense, requires various management estimates and assumptions, as set out in note 8.

Investment property, principally comprised of land and buildings, is stated at fair value. The associated fair value is based on estimates of the market value of the underlying property, being the estimated amount for which a property could be exchanged in arm's length transaction, as set out in note 13.

Impairment testing of assets, particularly of goodwill, involves estimating the future cash flows for a cash-generating unit and an appropriate discount rate, in order to determine an estimated recoverable value, as set out in note 14.

The Group Consolidated Balance Sheet includes deferred tax assets of €85,465,000 (2011: €79,073,000) relating to deductible temporary differences, of which €37,814,000 (2011: €34,597,000) relate to tax loss carry-forwards expected to be utilisable, as set out in note 24. The recoverable value is based on forecasts of the corresponding Group company's taxable income over a period of several years. As actual results may differ from these forecasts, these deferred tax assets may need to be adjusted accordingly.

The estimation of employee benefit costs requires the use of actuaries and the determination of appropriate assumptions such as the discount rate, average life expectancy, expected long term rates of return on plan assets and other assumptions, as set out in note 25.
### Significant subsidiaries

A list of all of the Group's significant subsidiary undertakings as at 31 July 2012 and 2011 is provided in the table below. For the purposes of this note, a significant subsidiary is one which has third-party revenues equal to, or in excess of, 1% of total Group revenue and/or consolidated Group assets equal to, or in excess of 1% of total Group assets. A significant associate or joint venture is one in which the Group's Share of profits, after tax is equal to, or in excess of, 1% of total Group operating profit.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Nature of business</th>
<th>Currency</th>
<th>Share capital millions</th>
<th>Group % share 2012</th>
<th>Group % share 2011</th>
<th>Registered office</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>(a) Food subsidiaries – Ireland</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cuisine de France</td>
<td>Food manufacturing and distribution</td>
<td>EUR</td>
<td>0.063</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cuisine de France (Manufacturing)</td>
<td>Food manufacturing</td>
<td>EUR</td>
<td>0.889</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>(b) Food subsidiaries – United Kingdom</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delice de France, plc</td>
<td>Food manufacturing and distribution</td>
<td>GBP</td>
<td>0.250</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Honeytop Speciality Foods Limited</td>
<td>Food manufacturing and distribution</td>
<td>GBP</td>
<td>0.610</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>(c) Food subsidiaries – Mainland Europe</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>France Distribution SAS</td>
<td>Food distribution</td>
<td>EUR</td>
<td>0.108</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fresca SAS</td>
<td>Food distribution</td>
<td>EUR</td>
<td>0.830</td>
<td>98.3</td>
<td>98.3</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hiestand Schweiz AG</td>
<td>Bread manufacturing and food distribution</td>
<td>CHF</td>
<td>3.500</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HiCoPain AG</td>
<td>Food manufacturing</td>
<td>CHF</td>
<td>20.000</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fricopan GmbH</td>
<td>Food distribution</td>
<td>EUR</td>
<td>0.025</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hiestand &amp; Suhr Handels und Logistik GmbH</td>
<td>Food distribution</td>
<td>EUR</td>
<td>0.025</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>(d) Food subsidiaries – North America</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARYZTA LLC (formerly OTIS Spunkmeyer)</td>
<td>Baked good manufacturing and distribution</td>
<td>USD</td>
<td>0.00001</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>La Brea Bakery Holdings, Inc.</td>
<td>Bread manufacturing and food distribution</td>
<td>USD</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arbor Frozen Foods, Inc.</td>
<td>Food manufacturing and distribution</td>
<td>USD</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fresh Start Bakeries, Inc.</td>
<td>Baked good manufacturing and distribution</td>
<td>USD</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARYZTA Canada Co.</td>
<td>Baked good manufacturing and distribution</td>
<td>CAD</td>
<td>113.400</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>(e) Food subsidiaries – Rest of World</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fresh Start Bakeries Australia Pty Limited</td>
<td>Baked good manufacturing and distribution</td>
<td>AUD</td>
<td>17.000</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fresh Start Bakeries Industrial LTDA</td>
<td>Baked good manufacturing and distribution</td>
<td>BRL</td>
<td>10.643</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>(f) Origin subsidiaries – Ireland</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Origin Enterprises plc</td>
<td>Holding company</td>
<td>EUR</td>
<td>1.385</td>
<td>68.8</td>
<td>71.4</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Goulding Chemicals Limited</td>
<td>Fertiliser blending and distribution</td>
<td>EUR</td>
<td>6.349</td>
<td>68.8</td>
<td>71.4</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>(g) Origin subsidiaries – United Kingdom</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Origin Fertilisers (UK) Limited</td>
<td>Fertiliser blending and distribution</td>
<td>GBP</td>
<td>0.550</td>
<td>68.8</td>
<td>71.4</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R &amp; H Hall Trading Limited</td>
<td>Grain and feed trading</td>
<td>GBP</td>
<td>2.000</td>
<td>68.8</td>
<td>71.4</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Masstock Group Holdings Limited</td>
<td>Specialist agronomy services</td>
<td>GBP</td>
<td>0.010</td>
<td>68.8</td>
<td>71.4</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United Agri Products Limited</td>
<td>Specialist agronomy products and services</td>
<td>GBP</td>
<td>0.0009</td>
<td>68.8</td>
<td>71.4</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Origin Fertilisers 2011 Limited</td>
<td>Specialist fertiliser blending and distribution</td>
<td>GBP</td>
<td>0.000001</td>
<td>68.8</td>
<td>71.4</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>(h) Origin subsidiaries – Mainland Europe</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dalgety Agra Polska</td>
<td>Specialist agronomy products and services</td>
<td>PLN</td>
<td>6.320</td>
<td>68.8</td>
<td>71.4</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>(i) Origin associates and joint venture</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Welcon Invest AS</td>
<td>Fish processing</td>
<td>NOK</td>
<td>12.000</td>
<td>34.4</td>
<td>35.7</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BHH Limited</td>
<td>Provender millers</td>
<td>GBP</td>
<td>5.020</td>
<td>34.4</td>
<td>35.7</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valeo Foods Group Limited</td>
<td>Food distribution</td>
<td>EUR</td>
<td>0.780</td>
<td>22.1</td>
<td>31.5</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R&amp;H Hall</td>
<td>Grain and feed trading</td>
<td>EUR</td>
<td>6.105</td>
<td>34.4</td>
<td>35.7</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 During the year these entities were legally merged into ARYZTA LLC.
Registered Offices:

1. Grangecastle Business Park, New Nangor Road, Clondalkin, Dublin 22, Ireland.
2. 149 Brent Road, Southall, Middlesex UB2 5LJ, England.
4. ZAC de Bel Air, 14–16 Avenue Joseph Paxton, Ferrières en Brie, 77164, France.
5. 29 Rue Hélène Boucher, Zone d’activités La Butte au Berger, 91380, Chilly-Mazarin, France.
6. Ifangstrasse 9–11, 8952 Schlieren-Zurich, Switzerland.
7. Industriepark, 6252 Dagmersellen, Switzerland.
8. Nobelstrasse 66, 12057 Berlin, Germany.
9. Auf der Haid 1, 79235 Vogtsburg, Germany.
10. 6080 Center Drive, Suite 900, Los Angeles, CA 90045, United States of America.
11. 1100-1959 Upper Water Street, Halifax, Nova Scotia, B3J 3N2, Canada.
12. 14 Homeprode Avenue, Liverpool, NSW 2170, Australia.
14. 151 Thomas Street, Dublin 8, Ireland.
15. Orchard Road, Royston, Hertfordshire SG8 5HW, England.
16. McCaughey Road, Belfast, BT3 9AG, Northern Ireland.
19. Ul. Heleny Szafrań 6, 60-693 Poznan, Poland.
20. 6718 Deknepollen, Norway.
21. 35/39 York Road, Belfast BT15 3GW, Northern Ireland.
22. Ogier House, The Esplanade, St Helier, Jersey, JE4 9WG.
23. La Touche House, Custom House Dock, IFSC, Dublin 1, Ireland.

The country of registration is also the principal location of activities in each case.
As statutory auditor, we have audited the accompanying Group consolidated financial statements of ARYZTA AG, which comprise the Group Consolidated Income Statement, Group Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, Group Consolidated Balance Sheet, Group Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity, Group Consolidated Cash Flow Statement, Group Statement of Accounting Policies and notes on pages 64 to 143 for the year ended 31 July 2012.

**Board of Directors’ Responsibility**

The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the Group consolidated financial statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and the requirements of Swiss law. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining an internal control system relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the Group consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. The Board of Directors is further responsible for selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

**Auditor’s Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these Group consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Swiss law and Swiss Auditing Standards as well as the International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the Group consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the Group consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Group consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers the internal control system relevant to the entity’s preparation and fair presentation of the Group consolidated financial statements, in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity’s internal control system. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Group consolidated financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.
Report of the Statutory Auditor on the Consolidated Financial Statements to the General Meeting (continued)

Opinion
In our opinion, the Group consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2012 give a true and fair view of the financial position, the results of operations and the cash flows in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and comply with Swiss law.

Report on Other Legal Requirements
We confirm that we meet the legal requirements on licensing according to the Auditor Oversight Act (AOA) and independence (article 728 CO and article 11 AOA) and that there are no circumstances incompatible with our independence.

In accordance with article 728a paragraph 1 item 3 CO and Swiss Auditing Standard 890, we confirm that an internal control system exists which has been designed for the preparation of the Group consolidated financial statements according to the instructions of the Board of Directors.

We recommend that the Group consolidated financial statements submitted to you be approved.

PricewaterhouseCoopers AG

Patrick Balkanyi
Audit Expert
Auditor in Charge

Cornelia Ritz Bossicard
Audit Expert

Zurich, 20 September 2012
### Company Income Statement
for the year ended 31 July 2012

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>in CHF '000</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Income</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Revenues from licences and management fees from Group companies</td>
<td>37,228</td>
<td>40,710</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financial income from Group companies</td>
<td>36,758</td>
<td>37,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dividend income from Group companies</td>
<td>129,795</td>
<td>80,378</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gain on sale of IP asset to a Group company</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>113,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total income</strong></td>
<td>203,781</td>
<td>271,988</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Expenses</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Depreciation and amortisation</td>
<td>(49,699)</td>
<td>(49,622)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personnel expenses</td>
<td>(3,373)</td>
<td>(4,381)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financial expenses</td>
<td>(48,097)</td>
<td>(137,608)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other operating expenses to Group companies</td>
<td>(11,648)</td>
<td>(8,017)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other operating expenses</td>
<td>(27,112)</td>
<td>(15,980)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total expenses</strong></td>
<td>(139,929)</td>
<td>(215,608)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Profit before income tax expense</strong></td>
<td>63,852</td>
<td>56,380</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income tax (expense) / income</td>
<td>(538)</td>
<td>2,528</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Profit for the year</strong></td>
<td>63,314</td>
<td>58,908</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Company Balance Sheet
as at 31 July 2012

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>in CHF '000</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Assets</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Non-current assets</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property, plant and equipment</td>
<td>2,295</td>
<td>1,640</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intangible assets</td>
<td>21,088</td>
<td>72,844</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financial assets</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>– investments in Group companies</td>
<td>1,493,585</td>
<td>1,380,485</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>– loans to Group companies</td>
<td>1,263,748</td>
<td>1,139,404</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total non-current assets</strong></td>
<td>2,780,716</td>
<td>2,594,373</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Current assets</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash and cash equivalents</td>
<td>6,143</td>
<td>42,201</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other receivables</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>– from third parties</td>
<td>2,783</td>
<td>1,038</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>– from Group companies</td>
<td>1,387</td>
<td>805</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total current assets</strong></td>
<td>10,313</td>
<td>44,044</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total assets</strong></td>
<td>2,791,029</td>
<td>2,638,417</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Company Balance Sheet (continued)

**as at 31 July 2012**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Equity</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Called-up share capital</td>
<td>1,836</td>
<td>1,701</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Legal reserves from capital contribution</td>
<td>1,297,860</td>
<td>159,316</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unrestricted reserves</td>
<td>2,150</td>
<td>983,610</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Legal reserves for own shares from capital contribution</td>
<td>142,113</td>
<td>75,167</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loss carried forward</td>
<td>(65,114)</td>
<td>(124,022)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profit for the year</td>
<td>63,314</td>
<td>58,908</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total equity</strong></td>
<td>1,442,159</td>
<td>1,154,680</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Liabilities</strong></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Accrued expenses and deferred income</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>5,190</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liabilities from Group companies</td>
<td>278,522</td>
<td>377,874</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest-bearing loans and borrowings</td>
<td>820,750</td>
<td>925,873</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total non-current liabilities</strong></td>
<td>1,099,272</td>
<td>1,308,937</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Current liabilities</strong></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Trade accounts payable</td>
<td>2,139</td>
<td>2,546</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accrued expenses and deferred income</td>
<td>24,545</td>
<td>28,135</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest-bearing loans and borrowings</td>
<td>214,712</td>
<td>129,224</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other accounts payable</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>– to third parties</td>
<td>335</td>
<td>279</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>– to Group companies</td>
<td>7,867</td>
<td>14,616</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total current liabilities</strong></td>
<td>249,598</td>
<td>174,800</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| **Total liabilities**  | 1,348,870| 1,483,737|
|**Total equity and liabilities** | 2,791,029| 2,638,417|
Notes to the Company Financial Statements

1 Basis of presentation
The Company’s accounting period runs for the year from 1 August 2011 to 31 July 2012. Certain amounts in the Company’s 31 July 2011 financial statements and related notes have been reclassified or adjusted to conform to the 31 July 2012 presentation. These reclassifications or adjustments were made for presentation purposes and have no effect on profit for the year, total assets, total liabilities or equity as previously reported.

2 Loans, guarantees and pledges in favour of third parties
The Company has the following outstanding bonds, which are included within interest bearing loans and borrowings.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bond Type</th>
<th>2012 in CHF '000</th>
<th>2011 in CHF '000</th>
<th>Interest Rate</th>
<th>Maturity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Swiss Bond</td>
<td>200,000</td>
<td>200,000</td>
<td>3.25%</td>
<td>March 2015</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hybrid Instrument</td>
<td>400,000</td>
<td>400,000</td>
<td>5.00%</td>
<td>No specified maturity date</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Company is party to cross guarantees on ARYZTA AG Food Group (ARYZTA AG excluding Origin) borrowings. The Company has also guaranteed the liabilities of subsidiaries within the ARYZTA Food Group. The Company treats these guarantees as a contingent liability until such time as it becomes probable that the Company will be required to make a payment under the guarantee.

3 Fire insurance value of property, plant and equipment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2012 in CHF '000</th>
<th>2011 in CHF '000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fire insurance value of property, plant and equipment</td>
<td>3,500</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4 Details of investments
The Company holds direct investments in the following entities, all of which are intermediate holding companies or intercompany financing entities within the ARYZTA AG Group.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Company, domicile</th>
<th>Share capital millions</th>
<th>Percentage 2012</th>
<th>Percentage 2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ARYZTA Holdings Asia Pacific BV (NL)</td>
<td>EUR 0.002</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARYZTA Holdings Ireland Limited (Jersey)</td>
<td>EUR –</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARYZTA Finance II AG</td>
<td>EUR 0.087</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hiestand Beteiligungsholding GmbH &amp; Co. KG, Gerolzhofen (DE)1</td>
<td>EUR 0.026</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hiestand Holdings (Switzerland) AG, Lupfig (CH)</td>
<td>CHF 6.450</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Summerbake GmbH (DE)</td>
<td>EUR 0.025</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 The amount disclosed represents limited liability capital.
Notes to the Company Financial Statements (continued)

5 Share capital

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Shares of CHF 0.02 each – authorised, issued and fully paid</th>
<th>Year ended 31 July 2012</th>
<th>Year ended 31 July 2012</th>
<th>Year ended 31 July 2011</th>
<th>Year ended 31 July 2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>As at 1 August</td>
<td>85,045</td>
<td>1,701</td>
<td>85,045</td>
<td>1,701</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Issued during the year</td>
<td>6,766</td>
<td>135</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>As at 31 July</td>
<td>91,811</td>
<td>1,836</td>
<td>85,045</td>
<td>1,701</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Shares of CHF 0.02 each</th>
<th>Year ended 31 July 2012</th>
<th>Year ended 31 July 2012</th>
<th>Year ended 31 July 2011</th>
<th>Year ended 31 July 2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Conditional capital</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>6,507</td>
<td>130</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Authorised capital</td>
<td>8,504</td>
<td>170</td>
<td>17,578</td>
<td>352</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

On 22 November 2011, the issued shares were increased to 87,558,295 registered shares by the issue of 2,513,500 registered shares with a nominal value of CHF 0.02 each, pursuant to a share subscription on behalf of ARY LTIP Trustee. ARY LTIP Trustee is a wholly owned subsidiary of ARYZTA, formed for the purpose of holding shares subject to the ARYZTA LTIP. ARY LTIP Trustee holds all treasury shares, pending satisfaction of the applicable terms of the ARYZTA LTIP.

At the Annual General Meeting on 1 December 2011, the shareholders approved the resolution to abolish Article 4 of the Articles of Association, which previously established conditional share capital for Employee Benefit Plans.

Furthermore, the shareholders also approved the resolution to modify Article 5 of the Articles of Association (governing Authorised Share Capital for General Purposes). Pursuant to these modifications, the Board of Directors was authorised to increase the share capital at any time until 30 November 2013 by an amount not exceeding CHF 255,134.38 through the issue of up to 12,756,719 fully paid-up registered shares with a nominal value of CHF 0.02 each. The Board of Directors was authorised to exclude the subscription rights of the shareholders and to allocate them to third parties if the shares are used for the following purposes:

1. acquisition of enterprises or parts thereof or participations therein, new investments or the financing of any of those transactions (maximum of 8,504,479 fully paid-up registered shares),
2. broadening the shareholder constituency (maximum of 4,252,239 fully paid-up registered shares), or
3. for the purpose of the participation of employees (maximum of 2,551,343 fully paid-up registered shares).

On 16 January 2012, the issued shares were increased to 91,810,534 by the issue of 4,252,239 registered shares at CHF 41.00 per share. As part of the issuance of these shares, the Board also approved the resolution to modify Article 5 of the Articles of Association to remove item (2) above. Pursuant to these modifications, the Board of Directors is now authorised to increase the share capital at any time until 30 November 2013 by an amount not exceeding CHF 170,089.60 through the issue of up to 8,504,480 fully paid-up registered shares with a nominal value of CHF 0.02 each.
The share capital of the Company at 31 July 2012 amounts to CHF 1,836,210.68, and is divided into 91,810,534 registered shares with a par value of CHF 0.02 per share. Of these 91,810,534 shares, 88,037,675 are outstanding and 3,772,859 are classified as treasury shares.

Shareholders are entitled to dividends as declared. The ARYZTA shares rank pari passu in all respects with each other.

### 6 Treasury shares owned by the Company or one of its subsidiaries

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Year ended 31 July 2012 in CHF'000</th>
<th>Year ended 31 July 2011 in CHF'000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>As at 1 August</td>
<td>2,234</td>
<td>2,234</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Release of treasury shares upon vesting and exercise of matching shares</td>
<td>(975)</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Issue of shares to ARY LTIP Trustee</td>
<td>2,514</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>As at 31 July</td>
<td>3,773</td>
<td>2,234</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

On 23 September 2011, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee approved the vesting of all equity entitlements outstanding under the ARYZTA Matching Plan LTIP, as all performance conditions associated with those awards were met as of 31 July 2011. As the share subscription price associated with these equity entitlements was paid by plan participants to ARY LTIP Trustee at the inception of the plan, in accordance with the terms of the plan, upon approval of vesting the associated shares were issued to plan participants out of shares previously held in treasury by ARY LTIP Trustee.

On 22 November 2011 the issued shares were increased by the issue of 2,513,500 registered shares with nominal value of CHF 0.02 each, pursuant to a share subscription on behalf of ARY LTIP Trustee, as discussed in note 5 above.

### 7 Risk assessment

ARYZTA AG, Zurich, as the ultimate parent company of the ARYZTA Group, is fully integrated into the Group-wide internal risk assessment process.

The Board and senior management of ARYZTA continue to invest significant time and resources in identifying specific risks across the Group, and in developing and maintaining a culture of balanced risk minimisation. The Group has formal risk assessment processes in place through which risks and mitigating controls are evaluated. These processes are driven by local management, who are best placed to identify the significant ongoing and emerging risks facing the business. The outputs of these risk assessment processes are subject to various levels of review by Group management and Internal Audit, and a consolidated Risk Map denoting potential frequency, severity and velocity of identified risks is reviewed by the ARYZTA Board of Directors on an annual basis. Risks identified and associated mitigating controls are also subject to audit as part of operational, financial and health and safety audit programmes.
8  Participations
As at 31 July 2012, the Company has been notified of the following shareholdings or voting rights, which amount to 3% or more of the Company's issued ordinary share capital:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Number of shares 2012</th>
<th>Number of shares % 2012</th>
<th>Number of shares 2011</th>
<th>Number of shares % 2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Invesco Limited</td>
<td>4,373,010</td>
<td>4.76%</td>
<td>8,499,492</td>
<td>9.99%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARY LTIP Trustee Limited (treasury shares)</td>
<td>3,772,859</td>
<td>4.11%</td>
<td>4,049,810</td>
<td>4.76%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fidelity International Limited¹</td>
<td>Less than 3%</td>
<td></td>
<td>Less than 3%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fidelity Management and Research LLC¹</td>
<td>2,785,897</td>
<td>3.03%</td>
<td>2,603,533</td>
<td>3.06%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Och-Ziff Capital Management Group LLC</td>
<td>Less than 3%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blackrock Inc</td>
<td>2,556,485</td>
<td>3.01%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹ Fidelity International Limited and Fidelity Management and Research LLC are two separate investment companies, but under common control, as part of the Fidelity group of investment companies.

Any significant shareholder notifications during the year and since 31 July 2012 are available on the Group’s website at:
www.aryzta.com/investor-centre/shareholder-notifications.aspx

9  Pension fund liability
The pension fund liability was CHF 117,177 at 31 July 2012 (2011: CHF 37,040).

10 Compensation disclosure
Compensation process
The Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board (the 'NRC') is responsible for determining the remuneration of executive and non-executive members of the Board and for approving the remuneration of other members of senior management upon the recommendation of the Chief Executive Officer. Executives are remunerated in line with the level of their authority and responsibility within the Group, with the various elements of the remuneration package for Executive Management being reviewed annually by the NRC.

The NRC reports to the Board at the next Board meeting following a meeting of the NRC. The CEO attends meetings of the NRC by invitation only.

Executive Management basic salary and benefits
The basic salary of Executive Management is reviewed annually by the NRC with regard to personal performance and corporate goals (as set out in Part 1 of the Compensation Report). When reviewing Executive Managements’ basic salary, the applicable weighting of each component is at the discretion of the NRC. Employment-related benefits consist principally of a car allowance and pension. Pension benefits are determined solely in relation to basic salary.
Executive Management short-term performance related bonus
For financial year 2012, the short-term performance related bonus for Executive Management was determined exclusively by reference to incremental gains in Food Group Underlying ROIC (as set out in Part 1 of the Compensation Report).

In order to compare ROIC on a like-for-like basis, the Group calculates the Food Group Underlying ROIC, in addition to the reported ROIC. The measurement indicator is based on the assets of the Food Group business that existed as of 31 July 2011, using currency rates consistent with 2011, excluding net assets and historical EBITA levels of acquisitions completed after 1 August 2011 and adding back asset impairments (unless recovered once the assets are disposed). Based on these adjustments, the Food Group Underlying ROIC for the financial year 2012 was 11.3%, compared with the Food Group 2011 ROIC of 10.2%.

Subject to a minimum incremental increase in Underlying ROIC of 50bps being achieved during the year, Executive Management and other senior executives throughout the Group receive a percentage of their set target bonus based on the corresponding gain in Food Group Underlying ROIC. The short-term performance-related bonus for executive management is capped at 100% of basic salary.

Executive Management long-term incentives (LTIP)
As set out in the Compensation Report on pages 48 to 55 of this report, the long-term incentive remuneration of Executive Management consists of both Matching Plan and Option Equivalent Plan awards.

Participants with Matching Plan awards have the prospect of receiving a multiple (ranging from one to three times) of the number of Qualifying Investment Shares held for the purposes of the Matching Plan. This multiple is determined on a fractional pro-rata basis ranging from one to three, based on EPS growth between 10.0% and 15.0%.

In the event of the minimum 10% growth target not being achieved, no awards vest. The satisfaction of additional criteria is also required, including compliance with the condition that Food Group ROIC must have exceeded the Food Group WACC throughout the performance period and the additional condition regarding maintenance of the ARYZTA dividend policy.

Vesting of awards under the Option Equivalent Plan is conditional on compound annual growth in underlying fully diluted EPS in three consecutive accounting periods exceeding the growth in the eurozone Core Consumer Price Index, plus 5%, on an annualised basis. The satisfaction of additional criteria is also required including compliance with the condition that Food Group ROIC must have exceeded the Food Group WACC throughout the performance period and the additional condition regarding maintenance of the ARYZTA dividend policy.

See note 8 of the Group Financial Statements (page 95) for the total cost recognised in the Group Financial Statements for share-based payments in the financial year 2012.
Compensation to members of the Board of Directors

Executive and non-executive board members are paid a yearly fee (CHF 88,000), which reflects the time commitment and responsibilities of the role. Additional compensation is payable for service on a Board Committee (CHF 8,000) and for the Chair thereof (CHF 16,000). The NRC determines, at its discretion, the level of these yearly fees and additional compensation paid to each executive and non-executive Board member. Non-executive Board members are not eligible for performance-related payments and do not participate in the LTIP.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Direct payments year ended 31 July 2011</th>
<th>Direct payments year ended 31 July 2012</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Denis Lucey</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>323</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Albert Abderhalden(^2)</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>323</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charles Adair(^2)</td>
<td>59</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denis Buckley(^1)</td>
<td>96</td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hugh Coone(^1)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>122</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J Brian Davy</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shaun R. Higgins(^2)</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Noreen Hynes(^2)</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hugo Kane(^2)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Owen Killian</td>
<td>88</td>
<td>88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Patrick McEniff</td>
<td>88</td>
<td>88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Götz-Michael Müller(^1)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>William Murphy</td>
<td>105</td>
<td>101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hans Sigrist</td>
<td>93</td>
<td>91</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dr J Maurice Zufferey(^1)</td>
<td>96</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>1,155</td>
<td>1,148</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(^1\) Effective 1 December 2011 D. Buckley and M. Zufferey resigned from the Board and S. Higgins, H. Cooney and G. Müller were elected to the Board.

\(^2\) Effective 2 December 2010 A. Abderhalden, N. Hynes and H. Kane resigned from the Board and C. Adair was elected to the Board.

Compensation to members of the Executive Management

As per the Corporate Governance Report on page 41, for the 2012 financial year Group Executive Management consists of Owen Killian (Chief Executive Officer), Patrick McEniff (Chief Financial Officer) and Pat Morrissey (General Counsel and Secretary). For the financial year 2011, Group Executive Management also included Hugo Kane, who resigned from the role of Chief Operating Officer at the beginning of 2012 financial year and is no longer part of the Group Executive Management team.
The highest total compensation in the reporting period was received by Owen Killian, and his total remuneration is disclosed separately in the preceding table.

The compensation to members of Executive Management disclosed includes compensation for their roles as members of the Board of ARYZTA and, in the case of Owen Killian, Patrick McEniff and Pat Morrissey, for their service as officers of Origin Enterprises plc (respectively, Chairman, non-executive Director and Company Secretary).

No severance and/or termination payments were made to any member of Executive Management during the financial year 2012.

Directors’ and Executive Management’s share interests
The Directors and Company Secretary had no interests, other than those shown below, in the ordinary shares in, or loan stock of, the Company or other Group undertakings. Beneficial interests at 31 July were as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Shares in ARYZTA at CHF 0.02 each</th>
<th>No. of shares 2012</th>
<th>No. of shares 2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Denis Lucey</td>
<td>1,250</td>
<td>1,250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charles Adair</td>
<td>1,000</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denis Buckley</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>2,250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hugh Cooney</td>
<td>2,915</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J Brian Davy</td>
<td>58,186</td>
<td>58,186</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shaun B. Higgins</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hugo Kane</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>240,978</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Owen Killian</td>
<td>823,731</td>
<td>523,731</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Patrick McEniff</td>
<td>500,006</td>
<td>320,006</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Götz-Michael Müller</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>William Murphy</td>
<td>8,160</td>
<td>6,171</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hans Sigrist</td>
<td>14,000</td>
<td>14,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dr J Maurice Zufferey</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>396</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>General Counsel &amp; Company Secretary</strong></td>
<td><strong>130,251</strong></td>
<td><strong>93,251</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>1,539,999</td>
<td>1,260,219</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 Effective 1 December 2011, D. Buckley and M. Zufferey resigned from the Board and S. Higgins, H. Cooney and G. Müller were elected to the Board.

2 Effective 2 December 2010, H. Kane resigned from the Board and C. Adair was elected to the Board. H. Kane’s share interests continue to be presented as he was a member of executive management as of 31 July 2011.

There have been no changes in the interests as shown above between 31 July 2012 and 20 September 2012. Details of the interests of Owen Killian, Patrick McEniff, and Pat Morrissey in share entitlements under the Matching Plan and Share Option Equivalent Plan are set out on the next page.

No loans or advances were made to members of the Board of Directors or to Executive Management during the financial year, or were outstanding at 31 July 2012 (2011: none).
### Directors’ and Executive Management’s interests in equity instruments

#### Executive Management Matching Plan Allocation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Maximum share allocation</th>
<th>Exercised during financial year</th>
<th>Granted during financial year</th>
<th>Closing position 31 July 2012</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>carried forward 1 August 2011</td>
<td>Exercised during financial year</td>
<td>Granted during financial year</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Directors</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Owen Killian</td>
<td>300,000</td>
<td>(300,000)</td>
<td>150,000</td>
<td>150,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Patrick McEniff</td>
<td>180,000</td>
<td>(180,000)</td>
<td>120,000</td>
<td>120,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>General Counsel &amp; Company Secretary</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pat Morrissey</td>
<td>90,000</td>
<td>(90,000)</td>
<td>60,000</td>
<td>60,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>570,000</strong></td>
<td><strong>(570,000)</strong></td>
<td><strong>330,000</strong></td>
<td><strong>330,000</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Executive Management Option Equivalent Plan Allocation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Options carried forward 1 August 2011²</th>
<th>Exercised during financial year</th>
<th>Granted during financial year</th>
<th>Closing position 31 July 2012</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Directors</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Owen Killian</td>
<td>300,000</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>450,000</td>
<td>750,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Patrick McEniff</td>
<td>250,000</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>360,000</td>
<td>610,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>General Counsel &amp; Company Secretary</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pat Morrissey</td>
<td>100,000</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>100,000</td>
<td>200,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>650,000</strong></td>
<td>–</td>
<td><strong>910,000</strong></td>
<td><strong>1,560,000</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. On 23 September 2011, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee approved the vesting of all equity entitlements outstanding under the ARYZTA Matching Plan LTIP, as all performance conditions associated with those awards were met as of 31 July 2011.

2. The Group’s compound annual growth in underlying fully diluted EPS over the last three consecutive accounting periods was 12.9%, which exceeded the growth in the eurozone Core Consumer Price Index over the same period of 1.3%, plus 5%. Accordingly, the performance conditions associated with the Option Plan awards outstanding as of 1 August 2011 were met during FY 2012. As a result, 1,135,000 Option Plan awards (650,000 of which are held by Executive Management) are eligible for vesting, pending Nomination and Remuneration Committee approval. The exercise price of all Option Plan awards for which the vesting conditions have been met is CHF 37.23.
Company Appropriation of Available Earnings

The Board of Directors will propose to the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders the following appropriation of earnings:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>in CHF '000</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Balance of unrestricted reserves and loss carried forward</td>
<td>(62,964)</td>
<td>899,389</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dividend payment from unrestricted reserves and loss carried forward</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(39,801)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net profit for the year</td>
<td>63,314</td>
<td>58,908</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Closing balance of unrestricted reserves and earnings</td>
<td>350</td>
<td>918,496</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Proposed transfer from unrestricted reserves to legal reserves from capital contribution</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>(981,460)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Balance of unrestricted reserves and earnings to be carried forward</strong></td>
<td>350</td>
<td>(62,964)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Proposed release and distribution of legal reserves from capital contribution in the amount of $1 53,923 47,028

1 Proposed release and distribution of legal reserves from capital contribution represents an estimated amount. This will be adjusted to take account of actual currency translation rates at the date of payment and of any new shares entitled to dividend which are issued subsequent to 31 July and prior to dividend ex-date.
Report of the Statutory Auditor on the Financial Statements to the General Meeting of ARYZTA AG

As statutory auditor, we have audited the accompanying financial statements of ARYZTA AG (the "Company"), which comprise the Company Income statement, Company Balance Sheet and notes on pages 146 to 156 for the year ended 31 July 2012.

Board of Directors' Responsibility
The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the requirements of Swiss law and the Company's Articles of Association. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining an internal control system relevant to the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. The Board of Directors is further responsible for selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditor's Responsibility
Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Swiss law and Swiss Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers the internal control system relevant to the entity's preparation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control system. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion
In our opinion, the financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2012 comply with Swiss law as well as with the Company's Articles of Association.
Report on Other Legal Requirements

We confirm that we meet the legal requirements on licensing according to the Auditor Oversight Act (AOA) and independence (article 728 CO and article 11 AOA) and that there are no circumstances incompatible with our independence.

In accordance with article 728a paragraph 1 item 3 CO and Swiss Auditing Standard 890, we confirm that an internal control system exists which has been designed for the preparation of financial statements according to the instructions of the Board of Directors.

We further confirm that the proposed appropriation of available earnings complies with Swiss law and the Company’s Articles of Association. We recommend that the financial statements submitted to you be approved.

PricewaterhouseCoopers AG

Patrick Balkanyi  
Audit Expert  
Auditor in Charge

Cornelia Ritz Bossicard  
Audit Expert

Zurich, 20 September 2012